

EXPRESSCLUSTER X for Windows Legacy Feature Guide

Release 3

NEC Corporation

Oct 15, 2021

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CHAPTER

ONE

PREFACE

1.1 Who Should Use This Guide

The EXPRESSCLUSTER X Legacy Feature Guide describes EXPRESSCLUSTER X 4.0 WebManager, Builder, and EXPRESSCLUSTER Ver 8.0 compatible commands.

1.2 How This Guide is Organized

- 2. Functions of the WebManager: Provides information on function of the EXPRESSCLUSTER WebManager.
- 3. *Function of the Builder*: Provides information on function of the EXPRESSCLUSTER Builder.
- 4. *Compatible command reference*: Provides information on the commands that are compatible to the commands used in the older versions of EXPRESSCLUSTER.

1.3 EXPRESSCLUSTER X Documentation Set

The EXPRESSCLUSTER X manuals consist of the following six guides. The title and purpose of each guide is described below:

Getting Started Guide

This guide is intended for all users. The guide covers topics such as product overview, system requirements, and known problems.

Installation and Configuration Guide

This guide is intended for system engineers and administrators who want to build, operate, and maintain a cluster system. Instructions for designing, installing, and configuring a cluster system with EXPRESS-CLUSTER are covered in this guide.

Reference Guide

This guide is intended for system administrators. The guide covers topics such as how to operate EX-PRESSCLUSTER, function of each module and troubleshooting. The guide is supplement to the "Installation and Configuration Guide".

Maintenance Guide

This guide is intended for administrators and for system administrators who want to build, operate, and maintain EXPRESSCLUSTER-based cluster systems. The guide describes maintenance-related topics for EXPRESSCLUSTER.

Hardware Feature Guide

This guide is intended for administrators and for system engineers who want to build EXPRESSCLUSTER-based cluster systems. The guide describes features to work with specific hardware, serving as a supplement to the "Installation and Configuration Guide".

Legacy Feature Guide

This guide is intended for administrators and for system engineers who want to build EXPRESSCLUSTER-based cluster systems. The guide describes EXPRESSCLUSTER X 4.0 WebManager, Builder, and EXPRESSCLUSTER Ver 8.0 compatible commands.

1.4 Conventions

In this guide, Note, Important, See also are used as follows:

Note: Used when the information given is important, but not related to the data loss and damage to the system and machine.

Important: Used when the information given is necessary to avoid the data loss and damage to the system and machine.

See also:

Used to describe the location of the information given at the reference destination.

The following conventions are used in this guide.

Convention	Usage	Example
Bold	Indicates graphical objects, such as	
	fields, list boxes, menu selections,	In User Name, type your name.
	buttons, labels, icons, etc.	On the File menu, click Open
		Database.
Angled bracket within the com-	Indicates that the value specified in-	clpstat -s [-h
mand line	side of the angled bracket can be	host_name]
	omitted.	
Monospace (courier)	Indicates path names, commands,	c:\Program files\
	system output (message, prompt,	EXPRESSCLUSTER
	etc), directory, file names, functions	
	and parameters.	
Monospace bold (courier)	Indicates the value that a user actu-	
	ally enters from a command line.	Enter the following:
		clpcl -s -a
	Indicates that users should replace	clpstat -s [-h
Monospace italic	italicized part with values that they	host_name]
(courier)	are actually working with.	

1.5 Contacting NEC

For the latest product information, visit our website below: https://www.nec.com/global/prod/expresscluster/

CHAPTER

FUNCTIONS OF THE WEBMANAGER

This chapter describes the functions of the WebManager.

This chapter covers:

- 2.1. Starting up the WebManager
- 2.2. Window of the WebManager
- 2.3. Checking the status of each object in the tree view of WebManager
- 2.4. Checking the cluster status by the WebManager list view
- 2.5. Checking alerts using the WebManager
- 2.6. Mirror disk helper
- 2.7. Manually stopping and starting the WebManager
- 2.8. When you do not want to use the WebManager
- 2.9. Setting limitations on the connection and operation of the WebManager
- 2.10. Operating a cluster by using the WebManager
- 2.11. Limitations of the WebManager
- 2.12. Error messages on the WebManager

2.1 Starting up the WebManager

Accessing to the WebManager is required to create cluster configuration data. In this section, the overview of the WebManager is explained. After that, access to the WebManager. How to create cluster configuration data is explained.

Note: You cannot configure or display functions that have been added to or changed in versions later than *EXPRESS-CLUSTER* X 4.0.

See also:

For the system requirements of the WebManager, see the corresponding web page.

2.1.1 What is WebManager?

The WebManager is a function to start the Builder, set up the cluster, monitor the cluster status, start up and stop servers and groups, and collect cluster operation logs through a Web browser. The overview of the WebManager is shown in the following figures.



The WebManager in EXPRESSCLUSTER Server is configured to start up at the time when the operating system starts up.

Specify the floating IP address or virtual IP address for accessing WebManager for the URL when connecting from a Web browser of the management PC. These addresses are registered as the resources of the management group. When the management group does not exist, you can specify the address of one of servers configuring the cluster (fixed address allocated to the server) to connect management PC with the server. In this case, the WebManager cannot acquire the status of the cluster if the server to be connected is not working.

2.1.2 Setting up Java Runtime Environment

In order to access the WebManager, a Java Runtime Environment (JRE) must be installed on the browser in a management PC. For a Java Runtime environment whose operation has been verified, refer to the website. If the JRE is not installed on the management PC, the browser might prompt you to install.

Make sure that the JRE version is supported by WebManager when determining whether to install it.

To install Java Plug-in on a browser, refer to the browser's help and the Java installation guide.

You have to add the Exception Site for Java on the machine connected to the WebManager. From **Control Panel**, open **Java** and add "URLs used to connect to the WebManager."

2.1.3 Starting the WebManager

The following procedure describes how to start the WebManager.

- 1. Start your Web browser.
- 2. Enter the actual IP address and port number of the server where the EXPRESSCLUSTER Server is installed in the Address bar of the browser.

http://10.0.0.3:29003/main.htm



Specify the actual IP address of the first server constituting the cluster because a management group does not exist right after the installation.

Note:

In Java Runtime Environment Version 9.0 or later, WebManager can be launched by using Java Web Start. When starting the Java WebManager, change "main.htm" of the URL above to "main.jnlp" and then enter the modified URL in the Address bar.

Example: http://10.0.0.11:29003/main.jnlp

3. The WebManager starts up.

duster	Cluster Name: o	duster			Details
server1		server e	1 se	erver2	
🗝 💼 Groups	Group Status			-	
— 💭 ManagementGroup	ManagementGro	up Online	Offline		
🗢 💭 failover1	failover1	Offline	Online		
🖕 💷 failover2	failover2	Offline	Online		
🛏 💼 Monitors	Monitor Status				
	appliw1	Offline	Offline		
	fipw1	Offline	Normal		
	mdnw1	Normal	Normal		
	mdw1	Normal	Normal		
	vipw1	Offline	Normal		
Type Received Time		Server Name Module Na		Message	
Type Received Time ① 2011/09/09 14:42:23.718	2011/09/09 14:42:23.984	server1 rm	1501 M	onitor mdw1 has been started.	
Type Received Time U 2011/09/09 14:42:23.718 U 2011/09/09 14:42:20.921	2011/09/09 14:42:23.984 2011/09/09 14:42:20.921	server1 rm server2 rm	1501 M 1501 M	onitor mdw1 has been started. onitor mdw1 has been started.	
Type Received Time 2011/09/09 14:42:23.718 2011/09/09 14:42:20.921 2011/09/09 14:42:20.921 2011/09/09 14:42:13.640	2011/09/09 14:42:23.984 2011/09/09 14:42:20.921 2011/09/09 14:42:13.968	server1 rm server2 rm server1 rm	1501 M 1501 M 1501 M	onitor mdw1 has been started. onitor mdw1 has been started. onitor mdnw1 has been started.	
Type Received Time 0 2011/09/09 14:42:23.718 0 2011/09/09 14:42:20.921 1 2011/09/09 14:42:20.921 1 2011/09/09 14:42:13.640 0 2011/09/09 14:42:12.875	2011/09/09 14:42:23.984 2011/09/09 14:42:20.921 2011/09/09 14:42:13.968 2011/09/09 14:42:12.875	server1 rm server2 rm server1 rm server2 rm	1501 M 1501 M 1501 M 1501 M	onitor mdw1 has been started. onitor mdw1 has been started. onitor mdnw1 has been started. onitor vipw1 has been started.	
2011/09/09 14:42:23.718 2011/09/09 14:42:20.921 2011/09/09 14:42:13.640	2011/09/09 14:42:23.984 2011/09/09 14:42:20.921 2011/09/09 14:42:13.968	server1 rm server2 rm server1 rm	1501 M 1501 M 1501 M 1501 M 1501 M	onitor mdw1 has been started. onitor mdw1 has been started. onitor mdnw1 has been started.	

See also:

The WebManager supports encrypted communication (by using HTTPS). For details of encrypted communication, see "3.11.9. *WebManager tab*" in "3.11. *Cluster properties*" in "3. *Function of the Builder*" in this guide. Enter the following to perform encrypted communication.

https://10.0.0.1:29003/main.htm

2.2 Window of the WebManager

This chapter provides information about the WebManager window.

```
Note: For the language used on the WebManager screen, see " 3.13.1. Info tab" in "3.11., Cluster properties" in "3. Function of the Builder" in this guide.
```

2.2.1 Main window of the WebManager

The WebManager window consists of two bars and three views.

Toolbar	Menu bar	Tree view			
Eile View Service Teol Help Image: Comparison Mode Image: Comparison Mode Image: Comparison Mode Image: Comparison Mode					
Cluster	Cluster: cluster				Details
 		server1		server2	
🕈 🥅 Groups	Group Status				
- 🐻 failover1	failover1	Online	Offline	5	
↑ monitors	Monitor Status				
- 💭 userw	userw	Normal	Norma	al	
				ist view view	
Type Received Time	Time 🔽	Server Name	Module Name	Event ID	Magaza
Type Received Time	2012/03/15 08:21:23.736		m	71	Message Detected a.
A 2012/03/03 03:33:56.554	2012/03/14 18:33:56.297		m	71	Detected a.
1				201	•

Menu bar

The menu bar has the five menus described below. The contents of these menus differ depending on the config mode and operation/reference mode. The menu items displayed in the operation/reference mode are described later in this chapter. For details about the menus displayed in the config mode, see the next chapter.

- File menu
- View menu
- Service menu
- Tool menu
- Help menu

Toolbar

If you click one of the five icons or the drop-down menu on the toolbar, you can perform the same operation as when selecting the corresponding item on the menu bar.

Icon/menu	Description	Refer to:
⊘ Operation Mode	Changes the WebManager to the operation mode. This is the same as clicking View on the menu bar and then selecting Operate Mode .	2.2.2. Changing the WebMan- ager operation mode
s Config Mode	Changes the WebManager to the config mode (online version of the Builder). This is the same as clicking View on the menu bar and then selecting Config Mode .	2.2.2. Changing the WebMan- ager operation mode
Reference Mode	Changes the WebManager to the reference mode. This is the same as clicking View on the menu bar and then selecting Reference Mode .	2.2.2. Changing the WebMan- ager operation mode
Verification mode	Changes the WebManager to the verification mode. This is the same as clicking View on the menu bar and then selecting Verification mode .	2.2.2. Changing the WebMan- ager operation mode
Ø	Searches for an alert. This is the same as clicking Tool on the menu bar and then selecting Alert Search .	2.2.3. Searching for an alert by using the WebManager
	Collects logs. This is the same as clicking Tool on the menu bar and then selecting Collect Cluster Logs .	2.2.4. Collecting logs by using the WebManager
Q	Performs reloading. This is the same as clicking Tool on the menu bar and then selecting Reload .	2.2.6. Updating the WebMan- ager information
8	Displays the option. This is the same as clicking Tool on the menu bar and then selecting Option .	2.2.5. Changing the WebMan- ager screen layout

Icon/menu	Description	Refer to:
0	Displays the time information. This is the same as clicking Tool on the menu bar and then selecting TimeInfo . When the time information has been updated, the icon changes accordingly. The icon reverts to its original form when the time information dialog is displayed.	2.2.7. Checking the time infor- mation from the WebManager
	Displays Integrated WebMan- ager. This is the same as click- ing Tool on the menu bar and then selecting Integrated Web- Manager .	2.2.8. Executing Integrated WebManager from the Web- Manager

Table 2.1 – continued from	previous page
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Tree view

Allows you to see a status of each cluster's resources such as server and group resources. For more information, refer to "2.3. *Checking the status of each object in the tree view of WebManager*".

List view

The upper part of the view provides information on each cluster resource selected in the tree view. The lower part lists the start/stop statuses and comments of each server, group resource, and monitor resource. If you click **Details** located on the upper right of the view, further information will be displayed in a dialog. For more information, see "2.4. *Checking the cluster status by the WebManager list view*".

Alert view

Shows messages describing EXPRESSCLUSTER operating status. For further information, see "2.5. *Checking alerts using the WebManager*".

2.2.2 Changing the WebManager operation mode

The WebManager has the following four operation modes.

· Operation mode

This mode allows the user to see the status of and operate the cluster.

Select **Operate Mode** on the **View** menu or the toolbar to switch to the operation mode. However, if you used the reference mode password for login when starting the WebManager or connected to the WebManager from a client that is not allowed to perform operations, it is not possible to switch to the operation mode.

• Reference mode

This mode allows the user to see the cluster status, but not to operate the cluster.

Select Reference Mode on the View menu or the toolbar to switch to the operation mode.

• Config mode

This mode allows the user to set up the cluster and change the settings. The WebManager in the config mode is called Builder (online version). For details about operations in the config mode, see the next chapter. Select **Config Mode** on the **View** menu or the toolbar to switch to the **Config Mode**. However, if you connected to

the WebManager from a client that is not allowed to perform operations, it is not possible switch to the **Config Mode**.

Verification mode

This mode allows the user to generate a simulated fault in specified monitor resources.

Select **Verification mode** on the **View** menu or the toolbar to switch to the **Verification mode**. However, if you connected to the WebManager from a client that is not allowed to perform operations, it is not possible to switch to verification mode.

If you switch from the verification mode to another mode, a dialog box asks if you want to cancel the simulated fault status of all the monitor resources. Select **Yes** to place all the monitor resources in the simulated fault status back in the normal monitored status. Select **No** to switch to another mode while keeping the monitor resources in the simulated fault status.

Note:

When the pop-up window is displayed for **Operation Mode**, **Reference Mode**, or **Verification Mode** in the WebManager, and if switching to **Config Mode** is performed, the open pop-up window closes. The operation performed on the pop-up window continues.

2.2.3 Searching for an alert by using the WebManager

You can search for an alert by using the WebManager. Searching in this method is useful to view only a specific type alert.

Note: For the information on alert logs, see "2.5. Checking alerts using the WebManager".

To search for an alert, click on the **Tool** menu or click the alert search icon $[\square]$ on the toolbar. The window for specifying alert log search conditions is displayed.

 Display only Filtering Setti 	the specified number of alerts: 50
Alert Type:	Error Server Name:
🗌 Module Na	me: Event ID:
Filter by Date	
To:	
The number of a	alerts to be displayed per page: 50
	OK Cancel

To search only the specified number of past alert logs:

- 1. Select Display only the specified number of alerts.
- 2. Enter the number of past alert logs to search, and click **OK**. Past alert logs are displayed as many as you have specified.

Note: The maximum value to enter is the number configured in **Max Number to Save Alert Records**. To configure **Max Number to Save Alert Records**, right-click the cluster icon in the **Builder** and click

Properties on the shortcut menu. In the properties dialog box click the Alert Log tab.

To search by specifying search conditions:

- 1. Click Select the filter option.
- 2. Enter the search conditions in each field and start searching.
- Alert Type: Select the type of alerts.
- Module Name:

Enter the module type.

The values you can enter are as follows.

Module Name	Category
pm	Whole EXPRESSCLUSTER
rc	Group/resource related
rm	Monitor resource related
nm	Heartbeat resource related
lankhb	Kernel mode LAN heartbeat resource
bmchb	BMC heartbeat resource
disknp	DISK network partition resolution resource
fip	Floating IP resource
vcom	Virtual computer name resource
ddns	Dynamic DNS resources
ddnsw	Dynamic DNS monitor resources
vip	Virtual IP resource
cifs	CIFS resource
diskw	Disk RW monitor resource
sdw	Disk TUR monitor resource
hdtw	Hybrid disk TUR monitor resource
db2	DB2 monitor resources
db2w	DB2 monitor resources
ftp	FTP monitor resources
ftpw	FTP monitor resources
http	HTTP monitor resources
httpw	HTTP monitor resources
imap4	IMAP4 monitor resources
imap4w	IMAP4 monitor resources
odbc	ODBC monitor resources
odbcw	ODBC monitor resources
oracle	Oracle monitor resources
oraclew	Oracle monitor resources
otx	WebOTX monitor resource
otxw	WebOTX monitor resource
рорЗ	POP3 monitor resources
pop3w	POP3 monitor resources
psql	PostgreSQL monitor resources
psqlw	PostgreSQL monitor resources
smtp	SMTP monitor resources
smtpw	SMTP monitor resources
sqlserver	SQL Server monitor resources
sqlserverw	SQL Server monitor resources
· ·	Continued on next page

	e 2.2 – continued from previous page
Module Name	Category
tux	Tuxedo monitor resources
tuxw	Tuxedo monitor resources
was	WebSphere monitor resources
wasw	WebSphere monitor resources
wls	WebLogic monitor resources
wlsw	WebLogic monitor resources
jra	JVM monitor resources
jraw	JVM monitor resources
sraw	System monitor resources
psw	Process name monitor resources
diskperf	Disk performance information management module
diskagent	Disk agent monitor resource
sdfunc	Disk function related
mdadmn	Mirror disk related
hdadmn	Hybrid disk related
armcmd	Compatible commands
event	Event log
lcns	License related
logcmd	Message output command
ptun	Parameter tuning related
lamp	Network warning light alert related
mail	Mail alert related
userw	User space monitor resources
,	

Table 2.2 - continued from previous page

- Server Name Type in the name of a server whose alerts you want to see.
 - * Event ID: Type in an event ID whose alerts you want to see.
 For more information on the event ID, refer to "Error messages" in the "Reference Guide".
 - * **Start Time, Stop Time**: Specify the Start Time and Stop Time to narrow down the search condition using the time of the event occurrence.
- 3. Enter the number of alerts to display on one page in **The number of alerts to be displayed per page** and click **OK**. Research results are displayed based on the time an alert occurred.
- 4. If the results of research are displayed on more than one page, move the page by clicking **Back**, **Next**, and **Jump**.

2.2.4 Collecting logs by using the WebManager

Clicking **Collect Cluster Logs** on the **Tool** menu or clicking the **Collect Cluster Logs** icon []] on the toolbar opens the log collection dialog box.

Pattern1	-
Pattern1	-
	Pattern1

Check box

Select check boxes of the servers that have the logs you want to collect.

Pattern

Select the information to be collected. Specify one of Type 1 to Type 4 as the log collection pattern.

	Type 1	Type 2	Туре 3	Type 4
(1) Default collection information	V	\checkmark	✓	n/a
(2) Event log	V	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
(3) Windows error re- port	V	V	V	V
(4) User dump	\checkmark	\checkmark	n/a	n/a
(5) Diagnosis program report	V	V	n/a	n/a
(6) Registry	\checkmark	\checkmark	V	n/a
(7) Script	\checkmark	\checkmark	V	n/a
(8) Logs of ESM- PRO/AC and ESM- PRO/UPSC	V	V	 ✓ 	n/a
(9) Logs of HA	n/a	\checkmark	n/a	n/a

For detailed information of (1) to (9), see "Collecting logs (clplogcc command)" in "EXPRESSCLUSTER command reference" in the "Reference Guide".

OK

Starts log collection and displays the dialog box of log collection progress.

Cancel

Closes this dialog box.

Info

Displays the information for each pattern.

Default

Resets the selections of servers and collect patterns to default values.

Server Name	IP Address	Status	Progress	Result
server1	10.0.0.1	Compressing	7%	Normal
server2	10.0.0.2	Compressing	7%	Normal
		date Abort	Close	

Fig. 2.1: The dialog box of the log collection progress

Update

Updates the dialog box of the log collection progress.

Abort

Aborts the log collection.

Close

Closes the **Log Collection Progress** dialog box. Log collection is continued.

At this time, the display of **Collect Logs** in title view has changed to **Progress**. Click **Progress** to display the **Log Collection Progress** dialog box again.

Collect Logs Results

Result	Description
Normal	Log collection succeeded.
Abort	Log collection was canceled by user.
Invalid Parameters	Internal error may have occurred.
Communication Error	Connecting error occurred.
Timeout	Timeout occurred.
Busy	Server is busy.
Compression Error	Error occurred when compressing a file.
File I/O Error	File I/O failed.
Not Enough Free Space	There is not enough available space on the disk.
Unknown Error	File does not exist.

When the log collection completes, the browser displays a dialog box that asks where you want to save the logs. Download the logs to any location.

🐇 Save	EX
Save In:	- A 🔒 🗆 🔛 🖛
File Name: log.cab	
Files of <u>Type</u> : cab file(*.cab)	-
	Save Cancel

Note: Logs may not be downloaded properly if nothing is changed for more than 10 minutes.

Note: If other modal dialog is displayed while collecting logs, the file saving dialog for the log collection will not be displayed. To display the file saving dialog, close the modal dialog.

Note: If the size of the log file exceeds 2 GB, log collection may fail depending on the compression format. Adjust the log to be collected or change the log collection pattern.

2.2.5 Changing the WebManager screen layout

The screen layout of the WebManager can be changed by clicking the split bars or by dragging the bars. The split bars divide the views in the WebManager.

On the bar, click \blacktriangle to maximize the view. Click \checkmark to minimize.

To change the display items on the tree view, click **Option** on the **Tool** menu or option icon [^[D]] on the tool bar. The following dialog is displayed. Check items you want to display.

🔹 Option Settings
Display the shortcut of started groups under each server
☑ Dispaly the heartbeart resource and NP resolution resource under each server
OK Cancel
OK Cancel

2.2.6 Updating the WebManager information

Click **Reload** on the **Tool** menu or click the reload icon [¹] on the toolbar to update the information displayed in the WebManager.

Note:

If the client data update method of the WebManager is set to **Polling**, the information displayed in the WebManager is regularly updated and the latest status is not immediately displayed even if the status has changed. To display the latest information, click the **Reload** icon or **Reload** in the **Tool** menu after performing an operation.

To configure the automatic **reload interval of the WebManager**, Open **Cluster Properties** dialog box - **WebManager** tab. Click **Tuning** button and configure the **Reload Interval**.

Some objects may be displayed in gray when communications to the connecting destination is disabled or EXPRESSCLUSTER is not working at the access destination.

2.2.7 Checking the time information from the WebManager

Check the time information from the WebManager by clicking **Time info** on the **Tool** menu or by clicking the time information icon [¹] on the toolbar.

Time information displayed on the Server tab

🛃 Time Info		
Server Group Monitor		
	server1	server2
Cluster Joined	204 2/02/45 44-54-04 507 (04/5-00-00)	204 2/22/4 5 4 4 54 4 2 2022 (ONT: 02:00)
cluster	2012/03/15 11:51:04.507 (GMT+09:00)	2012/03/15 11:51:12.968 (GMT+09:00)
	lear Update	Close
		01030

• Cluster joined

Displays the most recent time at which each server joined the cluster.

Time information displayed on the Group tab

🍰 Time Info		
Server Group Monitor		
failover		
	server1	server2
Last Activation		
failover	2012/03/15 11:51:15.283 (GMT+09:00)	2012/03/14 14:35:50.984 (GMT+09:00)
Last Activation Error	-	
appli	-	-
fip	-	-
md	-	-
	server1	server2
Last Deactivation	Serveri	Serverz
failover	2012(03(14.14:35:32.648.(GMT+09:00)	2012/03/15 11:39:16.578 (GMT+09:00)
Last Deactivation Error	2012/03/14 14:00:02:040 (0m1100:00)	2012/03/10 11:00:10:010 (0m1100:00)
appli	-	-
fip	-	-
md	-	-
		·
С	lear Update	Close

Last activation

Displays the time at which the failover group was last activated on each server.

Last activation error

Displays the time at which an activation failure of a group resource was last detected on each server.

• Last deactivation

Displays the time at which the failover group was last deactivated on each server.

• Last deactivation error

Displays the time at which a deactivation failure of a group resource was last detected on each server.

Time information displayed on the Monitor tab

🍰 Time Info					×
Server Group M	Ionitor				
		server1		server2	
Last Error Detection					
appliw1	2012/03/15	11:57:15.324 (GMT+0)	9:00) -		
fipw1	-		-		
mdnw1	-		-		
mdw1	-		-		
	Clear	Update	Close		
l	2.541	- puuto			

• Last error detection

Displays the time at which each monitor resource last transitioned from normal status to abnormal status on each server.

Note: Message receive monitor resources is not dealing.

Clear

Deletes the time information displayed on the current tab.

Update

Acquires the time information for all the tabs.

Close

Closes the time information dialog box.

Note: If the Client Data Update Method of the WebManager is set to Polling, when clear button was pushed, Lighting up Time info on the Tool menu. But it's no problem as cluster.

2.2.8 Executing Integrated WebManager from the WebManager

To execute Integrated WebManager from the WebManager, click **Integrated WebManager** on the **Tool** menu or Integrated WebManager icon [

2.2.9 Operating a cluster and cluster services on the WebManager

To operate cluster services on the WebManager, select the relevant items below from the Service menu.

• Suspend Cluster

Suspends a cluster. This menu can be selected only when all the servers in a cluster are running. Upon the completion of **Suspend Cluster**, **Suspend** appears in the tree view of WebManager.

Resume Cluster

Resumes a suspended cluster. This menu can be selected only when all the servers in a cluster are suspended.

• Start Cluster

Starts a cluster. This menu can be selected only when a cluster is stopped.

• Stop Cluster

Stops a cluster. This menu can be selected only when a cluster is running. Upon the completion of **Stop Cluster**, **Stop** appears in the tree view of WebManager.

Restart Manager

Restarts a manager.

2.2.10 Confirming the license from the WebManager

To confirm the license from the WebManager, click License Information on the Help menu.

Product Name 🛆	Product Type	Start Date	End Date	Remaining Days
XPRESSCLUSTER X	Product			
XPRESSCLUSTER X Alert Service	Product			
XPRESSCLUSTER X Application Server Agent	Product			
XPRESSCLUSTER X Database Agent	Product			
XPRESSCLUSTER X Internet Server Agent	Product			
XPRESSCLUSTER X Java Resource Agent	Product			
XPRESSCLUSTER X Replicator	Product			
XPRESSCLUSTER X Replicator DR	Product			
XPRESSCLUSTER X System Resource Agent	Product			
PRESSCLUSTER X Replicator DR PRESSCLUSTER X System Resource Agent				

License List

Displays the licenses registered on the connection destination server.

You can change the display order by selecting a specific field name on the title bar of the list. By default, the licenses are sorted in ascending order of **Product Name**.

Note: In case of license which includes multiple licenses, all included licenses information are displayed.

OK button

Closes the Detailed License Info dialog box.

2.3 Checking the status of each object in the tree view of WebManager

You can see the status of the objects that configure the cluster on the WebManager by following the steps below.

- 1. Start the WebManager.
- 2. On the left pane of the window, a tree is displayed. Check the status by looking at each icon and object color.

Note: The configurations of the tree depend on the versions and option products of EXPRESSCLUSTER.

2.3.1 The colors of the icons displayed in the WebManager tree view

The following table shows icons and their meanings:

No.		lcon	Status	Description
1	Cluster		Normal	All servers, group resources, and mon- itor resources are in a normal status.
			Caution	One or more servers, or group resources, or mon- itor resource has an error or is in a warning status.
			Error	All servers are down or in the error status.
2	All servers		Normal	All servers have been started.
			Caution	One or more servers is down or in the pending status.
			Unknown	No information is acquired.
3	Individual server	()	Online	The server is run- ning normally.
			Suspension (Net- work Partition Unsolved)	The network par- tition cannot be solved, because the disk network partition resolution resource is in the error status.

No.		lcon	om previous page Status	Description
		X	Suspension (Iso- lated)	The server has been rebooted after it was shut down a way other than Suspend Cluster or a cluster shutdown.
			Offline or Unknown	The server is not working, or no information is acquired.
4	Individual server (Virtual machine)		Online	The server is run- ning normally.
		A	Suspension (Net- work Partition Unsolved)	The network par- tition cannot be solved, because the disk network partition resolution resource is in the error status.
		8	Suspension (Iso- lated)	The server has been rebooted after it was shut down a way other than Suspend Cluster or a cluster shutdown.
			Offline or Unknown	The server is not working, or no information is acquired.
5	Kernel-mode LAN heartbeat resource	@	Normal	The resource can communicate with all servers.
		*	Caution	One or more servers in the cluster cannot be accessed.
		×	Error	The resource is not working normally.
		4	Unknown	No status is ac- quired.
		4	Not Used	The heartbeat resource is not registered.
6	BMC heartbeat re- source	8	Normal	The resource can communicate with all servers.
		*	Caution	One or more servers in the cluster cannot be accessed.

Table 2.5 – continued from previous page

No.		Icon	Status	Description
		×	Error	The resource is not working normally.
		4	Unknown	No status is ac- quired.
		4	Not Used	The heartbeat resource is not registered.
7	Disk network par- tition resolution re- source		Normal	The resource can communicate with all servers.
			Caution	One or more servers in the cluster cannot be accessed.
		×	Error	The resource is not working normally.
			Unknown	No status is ac- quired.
			Not Used	The disk network partition resolution resource is not reg- istered.
8	COM network par- tition resolution re- source		Normal	The resource can communicate with all servers.
			Caution	One or more servers in the cluster cannot be accessed.
		*	Error	The resource is not working normally.
		36 20	Unknown	No status is ac- quired.
		50 20	Not Used	The network parti- tion resolution re- source is not regis- tered.
9	PING network par- tition resolution re- source	@	Normal	The resource can communicate with all servers.
		*	Caution	One or more servers in the cluster cannot be accessed.
		×	Error	The resource is not working normally.
		#	Unknown	No status is ac- quired. Continued on next page

Table	2.5 - continued	from	previous page
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		-	om previous page	D
No.		lcon	Status	Description
		4	Not Used	The PING network partition resolution resource is not reg- istered.
10	Majority Network Partition Resolution Resource	 ⊗ 	Normal	The resource can communicate with all servers.
		*	Caution	One or more servers in the cluster cannot be accessed.
		×	Error	The resource is not working normally.
		4	Unknown	No status is ac- quired.
		ø	Not Used	The Majority Net- work Partition Res- olution Resource is not registered.
11	All groups		Normal	All groups are run- ning normally.
			Caution	One or more groups are not running nor- mally.
		2	Error	No groups are work- ing normally.
			Unknown	No information is acquired.
12	Individual group	a	Online	The group has been started.
		8	Error	The group has an er- ror.
		<u>a</u>	Offline or Unknown	The group is stopped, or no information is acquired.
13	Application re- source		Online	The application resource has been started.
		X	Error	The application re- source has an error.
		3	Offline or Unknown	The application re- source is stopped, or no information is acquired.
14	Floating IP resource		Online	The floating IP resource has been started.
	I	1	Cor	tinued on next page

Table 2.5 – continued from previous page

No.		Icon Status		
		×	Error	Description The floating IP re- source has an error.
		P	Offline or Unknown	The floating IP re- source is stopped/ no information is acquired.
15	Mirror disk resource	Ø	Online	The mirror disk resource has been started.
		×	Error	The mirror disk re- source has an error.
		- Gi	Offline or Unknown	The mirror disk re- source is stopped, or no information is acquired.
16	Registry synchro- nization resource		Online	The registry syn- chronization re- source has been started.
		X	Error	The registry syn- chronization re- source has an error.
		2	Offline or Unknown	The registry syn- chronization re- source is stopped, or no information is acquired.
17	Script resource		Online	The script resource has been started.
		X	Error	The script resource has an error.
		8	Offline or Unknown	The script resource is stopped, or no information is ac- quired.
18	Disk resource		Online	The disk resource has been started.
		X	Error	The disk resource has an error.
			Offline or Unknown	The disk resource is stopped, or no information is acquired.
19	Service resource		Online	The service re- source has been started.

Table	2.5 - continued	from	previous page
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2.3. Checking the status of each object in the tree view of WebManager

No.		lcon	Status	LIASCRIPTION
		V		Description
		×	Error	The service re- source has an error.
		0	Offline or Unknown	The service re- source is stopped, or no information is acquired.
20	Print spooler re- source		Online	The print spooler resource has been started.
		X	Error	The print spooler re- source has an error.
		0	Offline or Unknown	The print spooler re- source is stopped, or no information is acquired.
21	Virtual computer name resource	*	Online	The virtual com- puter name resource has been started.
		×	Error	The virtual com- puter name resource has an error.
		¢	Offline or Unknown	The virtual com- puter name resource is stopped, or no information is acquired.
22	Virtual IP resource	*	Online	The virtual IP re- source has been started.
		×	Error	The virtual IP re- source has an error.
		*	Offline or Unknown	The virtual IP re- source is stopped, or no information is acquired.
23	CIFS resource		Online	The CIFS resource has been started.
		*	Error	The CIFS resource has an error.
		¢	Offline or Unknown	The CIFS resource is stopped, or no information is ac- quired.
24	NAS resource	0	Online	The NAS resource has been started.
		×	Error	The NAS resource has an error.

Table 2.5 – continued from previous page

NL.	Table 2.5	 – continued from pre 		Description
No.		Icon	Status	Description
		P	Offline or Unknown	The NAS resource is stopped, or no information is acquired.
25	Hybrid disk re- source	8	Online	The hybrid disk resource has been started.
		×	Error	The hybrid disk re- source has an error.
		S	Offline or Unknown	The hybrid disk re- source is stopped, or no information is acquired.
26	Virtual machine re- source		Online	The virtual machine resource has been started.
		×	Error	The virtual machine resource has an error.
		0	Offline or Unknown	The virtual machine resource has been stopped, or no infor- mation has been ac- quired.
27	Dynamic DNS re- source		Online	The dynamic DNS resource has been started.
		×	Error	The dynamic DNS resource has an error.
		3	Offline or Unknown	The dynamic DNS resource is stopped, or no information is acquired.
28	AWS elastic ip re- source	@	Normal	The AWS elastic ip resource is running normally.
		×	Error	The AWS elastic ip resource has an error.
		*	Offline or Unknown	The AWS elastic ip resource is stopped, or no information is acquired.
29	AWS virtual ip re- source	@	Normal	The AWS virtual ip resource is running normally.

Table	2.5 –	continued	from	previous	page
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2.3. Checking the status of each object in the tree view of WebManager

No			om previous page	Description
No.		lcon	Status	Description
		×	Error	The AWS virtual ip resource has an error.
		4	Offline or Unknown	The AWS virtual ip resource is stopped, or no information is acquired.
30	AWS DNS resource	-	Online	AWS DNS resource has been started.
		×	Error	AWS DNS resource has an error.
		4	Offline or Unknown	AWS DNS resource is stopped, or no information is ac- qauired.
31	Azure probe port re- source	8	Normal	The Azure probe port resource is running normally.
		*	Error	The Azure probe port resource has an error.
		4	Offline or Unknown	The Azure probe port resource is stopped, or no information is acquired.
32	Azure DNS re- source		Online	Azure DNS re- source has been started.
		×	Error	Azure DNS re- source has an error.
		4	Offline or Unknown	Azure DNS re- source is stopped, or no information is acquired.
33	All monitor re- sources ¹		Normal	All monitor re- sources are running normally.
			Caution	One or more mon- itor resources have an error, or monitor- ing is suspended on a server.
		×	Error	All monitor re- sources have errors.
		<u>.</u>	Cor	tinued on next page

Table 2.5 – continued from previous page

No.		 – continued from pre Icon 	Status	Description
INU.				In the normal status,
			Normal (Dummy Failure)	dummy failure en- abled.
		≜ 2	Caution (Dummy Failure)	In the warning sta- tus, dummy failure enabled.
		M	Error (Dummy Fail- ure)	In the error status, dummy failure en- abled.
			Normal (Recovery Action Disabled)	In the normal status, the recovery action is inhibited.
		6 1	Caution (Recovery Action Disabled)	In the warning sta- tus, the recovery ac- tion disabled.
		X	Error (Recovery Ac- tion Disabled)	In the error status, the recovery action disabled.
			Normal (Dummy Failure and Re- covery Action Disabled)	In the normal sta- tus, the recovery action disabled and dummy failure enabled.
			Caution (Dummy Failure and Re- covery Action Disabled)	In the warning status, the recovery action disabled and dummy failure enabled.
		201	Error (Dummy Fail- ure and Recovery Action Disabled)	In the error sta- tus, the recovery action disabled and dummy failure enabled.
			Unknown	No information is acquired.
34	Application monitor resource ²	©	Normal	The application is running normally.
			Caution	There are one or more servers with application prob- lems, or monitoring is suspended on a server.
		×	Error	All servers have application errors.
		Q	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.

Table	2.5 – continued	from	previous page
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No. Icon 35 Disk RW monitor resource ²	Status Unknown Normal Caution	Description No information is acquired. The disk is running normally. There are one or more servers with disk problems, or monitoring is sus-
35 Disk RW monitor resource ²	Normal Caution	acquired. The disk is running normally. There are one or more servers with disk problems, or
resource ²	Caution	normally. There are one or more servers with disk problems, or
		more servers with disk problems, or
	Emer	pended on a server.
	Error	All servers have disk errors.
	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
36 Floating IP monitor resource ²	Normal	The floating IP ad- dress has no error.
	Caution	One or more servers cannot commu- nicate with the floating IP address, or monitoring is suspended on a server.
×	Error	No servers can com- municate with the floating IP address.
	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
	Unknown	No information is acquired.
37 IP monitor re- source ²	Normal	The IP address of a target has no error.
	Caution	One or more servers cannot communi- cate with the IP address of the tar- get, or monitoring is suspended on a server.
	Error	No servers can com- municate with the IP address of the target.
Q	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
	Unknown	No information is acquired.

Table 2.5 – continued from previous page
No.		Icon	Status	Description
38	Mirror connect		Normal	The mirror connect
	monitor resource			is running normally.
		<i>≫</i>	Caution	One of the servers
				has mirror connect
				problems, or moni-
				toring is suspended
		<u></u>		on a server.
		×	Error	A mirror connect er-
				ror has occurred on
		0		both servers.
		Q	Unknown	No information is
				acquired.
39	Mirror disk monitor	\bigcirc	Normal	The mirror disk is
	resource			running normally.
		≫	Caution	Mirroring is now
				being recovered,
				or monitoring is
				suspended on a
		×		server.
		×	Error	The mirror disk has
				an error. Mirror re-
		0		covery is needed.
		Q	Unknown	No information is
				acquired.
40	NIC Link Up/Down		Normal	The NIC of a target
	monitor resource ²			has no error.
		≫	Caution	One of servers has
				a problem with the
				NIC of the target,
				or monitoring is sus- pended on a server.
		×		All servers have er-
		~	Error	rors with the NIC of
				the target.
		<u></u>	Demonstra Esilare	e
		~	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		P	Unknown	No information is
				acquired.
41	Multi target monitor	Q	Normal	Multi target monitor
	resource ²			resource is running
				normally.
		>	Caution	Monitoring is sus-
				pended on a server,
				or one or more mon-
				itor resources regis-
				tered in the multi
				target monitor re-
				source have errors.
				ontinued on next page

Table 2.5 – continued from previous page
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No.		Icon	om previous page Status	Description
INO.		X		Description
			Error	Multi target has an error.
		\$	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
42	Registry synchro- nization monitor resource ²	©	Normal	The registry syn- chronization is running normally.
		>	Caution	Monitoring is suspended on a server.
		×	Error	The registry syn- chronization has an error.
		Q	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
43	Disk TUR monitor resource ²	Q	Normal	The disk is running normally.
		\$	Caution	There are one or more servers with disk problems, or monitoring is sus- pended on a server.
		×	Error	All the servers have disk errors.
		Q	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
44	Service monitor re- source ²	Ş	Normal	The service is run- ning normally.
		∕≫	Caution	Monitoring is sus- pended on a server.
		×	Error	The service has an error.
		Q	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
45	Print spooler moni- tor resource ²	\$	Normal	The print spooler monitor is running normally.
		≫	Caution	Monitoring is suspended on a server.

Table 2.5 – continued from previous page

No.		Icon	Status	Description
		×	Error	The print spooler
				has an error.
		\$	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
46	Virtual computer name monitor resource ²	\$	Normal	The virtual com- puter name is running normally.
			Caution	Monitoring is suspended on a server.
		×	Error	The virtual com- puter name has an error.
		Q	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
47	Virtual IP monitor resource ²		Normal	The virtual IP is running normally.
		>	Caution	Monitoring is sus- pended on a server.
		×	Error	The virtual IP has an error.
		Q	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
48	CIFS monitor re- source ²		Normal	The CIFS is work- ing normally.
		\$	Caution	Monitoring is sus- pended on a server.
		×	Error	The CIFS has an er- ror.
		Q	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
49	NAS monitor resource ²	\mathbf{Q}	Normal	The NAS is working normally.
		☆	Caution	Monitoring is sus- pended on a server.
		×	Error	The NAS has an error.
		<mark>0</mark>	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.

Table 2.5 – continued from previous page

No.		-	om previous page Status	Description
INO.		lcon D		Description
			Unknown	No information is acquired.
50	Hybrid disk monitor resource		Normal	The Hybrid disk is working normally.
		A ⊋	Caution	Mirroring is now being recovered, or monitoring is suspended on a server.
		×	Error	The hybrid disk has an error. Mirror re- covery is needed.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
51	Hybrid disk TUR monitor resource ²		Normal	The disk is working normally.
		\$	Caution	One of servers has a problem with the disk, or monitoring is suspended on a server.
		×	Error	All the servers have disk errors.
		Q	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
52	Custom monitor re- source ²		Normal	No error is detected by monitor script.
		\$2	Caution	There is a server where monitoring is suspended, or an er- ror has been de- tected in one of the servers.
		×	Error	Monitor script has detected an error.
		Q	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
53	VM monitor re- source	Q	Normal	The VM is running normally.
		A ⊋	Caution	The virtual machine is not working on one or more servers, or monitoring is sus- pended on a server. ontinued on next page

Table 2.5 – continued from previous page

No			om previous page	Description
No.		lcon	Status	Description
		×	Error	The VM has an error.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
54	Message receive monitor resource	Ø	Normal	No error message has been received.
		\$ 2	Caution	Change to "A server has received an error message, or moni- toring is suspended on a server."
		×	Error	An error message has been received.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
55	DB2 monitor resource ²		Normal	The DB2 is working normally.
		∕ ≫	Caution	Monitoring is sus- pended on a server.
		×	Error	The DB2 has an error.
		Q	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
56	FTP monitor re- source ²	\Diamond	Normal	The FTP is running normally.
		\$	Caution	Monitoring is sus- pended on a server.
		×	Error	The FTP has an error.
		Q	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
57	HTTP monitor re- source ²	Q	Normal	The HTTP is run- ning normally.
		\$ 2	Caution	Monitoring is sus- pended on a server.
		×	Error	The HTTP has an error.
		Q	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
58	IMAP4 monitor re- source ²	Ş	Normal	The IMAP4 is run- ning normally.
	1	1	C	ontinued on next page

Table	2.5 - continued	from	previous page
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No	Table 2.5		n previous page	Description
No.		lcon	Status	Description
			Caution	Monitoring is suspended on a server.
		×	Error	The IMAP4 has an error.
			Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
59	ODBC monitor re- source ²	\$	Normal	The ODBC is run- ning normally.
		∲ 2	Caution	Monitoring is suspended on a server.
		*	Error	The ODBC has an error.
		Q	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		<u>0</u>	Unknown	No information is acquired.
60	Oracle monitor re- source ²	Ş	Normal	The Oracle monitor resource is running normally.
		/ ?	Caution	Monitoring is suspended on a server.
		×	Error	The Oracle monitor resource has an er- ror.
		Q	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
61	POP3 monitor re- source ²	Ş	Normal	The POP3 monitor resource is running normally.
		≫	Caution	Monitoring is sus- pended on a server.
		×	Error	The POP3 monitor resource has an er- ror.
		<mark>\$</mark>	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
62	PostgreSQL moni- tor resource ²	Ş	Normal	The PostgreSQL is running normally.
		≫	Caution	Monitoring is sus- pended on a server.

Table 2.5 – continued from previous page

No.		Icon	Status	Description
110.		×	Error	The PostgreSQL
				has an error.
		Q	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
63	SMTP monitor re- source ²	Q	Normal	The SMTP monitor is running smoothly.
		\$	Caution	Monitoring is sus- pended on a server.
		×	Error	The SMTP resource has an error.
		Q	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
64	SQL Server monitor resource ²		Normal	The SQL Server is running normally.
		\$	Caution	Monitoring is suspended on a server.
		×	Error	The SQL Server has an error.
		Q	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
65	Tuxedo monitor re- source ²	Ş	Normal	The Tuxedo is run- ning normally.
		≫	Caution	Monitoring is sus- pended on a server.
		×	Error	The Tuxedo has an error.
		\$	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
66	WebSphere monitor resource ²	Q	Normal	The WebSphere is running normally.
		\$	Caution	Monitoring is sus- pended on a server.
		×	Error	The WebSphere has an error.
		Q	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
	1	I	Co	ontinued on next page

Table 2.5 – continue	from previous page
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No.		lcon	Status	Description
67	WebLogic monitor resource ²		Normal	The WebLogic is running normally.
		>	Caution	Monitoring is suspended on a server.
		×	Error	The WebLogic has an error.
			Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
68	WebOTX monitor resource ²	Q	Normal	The WebOTX is running normally.
		>	Caution	Monitoring is suspended on a server.
		×	Error	The WebOTX has an error.
		Q	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
69	JVM monitor resource ²		Normal	JavaVM is running normally.
			Caution	Monitoring is suspended on a server.
		×	Error	The load on the JavaVM exceeds the configured value.
		Q	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
70	System monitor re- source ²	Ş	Normal	System Resource Agent is running normally.
		>	Caution	Monitoring is suspended on a server.
		×	Error	System Resource Agent has an error.
		Q	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
71	Process name moni- tor resource ²	ø	Normal	The specified pro- cess is running nor- mally.
		∞	Caution	Monitoring is suspended on a server.

Table 2.5 – continued from previous page

No.		Icon	Status	Description
NO.		X		· ·
			Error	The specified pro- cess is suspended.
		Q	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		٩	Unknown	No information is acquired.
72	User space monitor resource ²	\$	Normal	The user space is running normally.
		\$ 2	Caution	One or more servers have an error, or monitoring is sus- pended on a server.
		×	Error	The user space is not running normally on all servers.
		\$	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
73	Dynamic DNS monitor resource	©	Normal	The dynamic DNS monitor resource is running normally.
		≫	Caution	Monitoring is suspended on a server.
		×	Error	The dynamic DNS monitor resource has an error.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
74	AWS elastic ip mon- itor resource ²		Normal	The AWS elastic ip monitor resource is running normally.
		} ⊇	Caution	Acquiring the AWS CLI command re- sponse failed on a server, or monitor- ing is suspended on a server.
		×	Error	The AWS elastic ip monitor resource has an error.
		Q	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
		-	C	ontinued on next page

No.	Table 2.5	lcon	Status	Description
75	AWS virtual ip monitor resource ²		Normal	The AWS virtual ip monitor resource is running normally.
		¢	Caution	Acquiring the AWS CLI command re- sponse failed on a server, or monitor- ing is suspended on a server.
		×	Error	The AWS virtual ip monitor resource has an error.
		\$	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
76	AWS AZ monitor resource ²		Normal	The AWS AZ mon- itor resource is run- ning normally.
		A ⊋	Caution	Acquiring the AWS CLI command re- sponse failed on a server, or monitor- ing is suspended on a server.
		×	Error	The AWS AZ mon- itor resource has an error.
		Q	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
77	AWS DNS monitor resource ²		Normal	AWS DNS monitor resource is running normally.
		A ⊋	Caution	Acquiring the AWS CLI command re- sponse failed on a server, or monitor- ing is suspended on some servers.
		*	Error	AWS DNS monitor resource has an er- ror.
		\$	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.

Table 2.5 – continued from previous page

No.		lcon	Status	Description
78	Azure probe port monitor resource ²	ø	Normal	The Azure probe port monitor re- source is running normally.
		} ⊇	Caution	Probe port wait timeout occurred in the Azure probe port monitor resource to be monitored on a server, or monitor- ing is suspended on a server.
		×	Error	The Azure probe port monitor re- source has an error.
		Q	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
79	Azure load balance monitor resource ²	ø	Normal	The Azure load balance monitor resource is running normally.
		\$ 2	Caution	Monitoring for the Azure load balance monitor resource is suspended on a server.
		×	Error	The Azure load balance monitor resource has an error.
		Q	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.
		Q	Unknown	No information is acquired.
80	Azure DNS monitor resource ²		Normal	The Azure DNS monitor resource is running normally.
		þ	Caution	Monitoring is suspended on a server.
		×	Error	The Azure DNS monitor resource has an error.
		Q	Dummy Failure	Dummy Failure is enabled.

Table 2.5 - continue	d from previous pag	je
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No.	lcon	Status	Description	
	0	Unknown	No information is	
			acquired.	

Table	2.5 –	continued	from	previous	page
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2.3.2 Operations from the WebManager

You can operate a cluster by right-clicking (1) a cluster, (3) an individual server, (10) an individual group, or (24) a VM resource and choosing an operation.

Objects of the cluster

When you right-click the cluster object, the following shortcut menu is displayed.



• Shut down

Shuts down all running servers. When you select **Shutdown**, the following dialog box is displayed for confirmation.

This cluster will be terminated.
 Do you want to continue?
 OK Cancel

The server that cannot communicate with the server (all LAN heartbeat resources are stopped) connected to the WebManager does not shut down.

Reboot

Reboots all running servers. When you select **Reboot**, the following dialog box is displayed for confirmation.



• Service

If you select **Service**, **Suspend Cluster**, **Resume Cluster**, **Start Cluster**, **Stop Cluster** and **Restart Manager** are displayed on the shortcut menu.

Server object

When you right-click the servers object, the following shortcut menu is displayed.



Mirror Disk List

If you select this operation, the following dialog box of the mirror disk list is displayed, and the list of all mirror disk resources and hybrid disk resources is displayed.

¹ If recovery action triggered by monitor resource error is disabled, "Recovery Action Disabled" is indicated next to the monitor. If a monitor resource for which a dummy failure occurred exists, "Failure Verification" is indicated.

² If a dummy failure has occurred, "Dummy Failure" is indicated.

Mirror Disk Name		Difference Copy	server1	server
nd1	Synchronous	Possible	Abnormal	Abnormal
4				
•				
•				

• Detail (Starts Mirror Disk Helper)

Starts the **Mirror Disk Helper** dialog box for the selected mirror disk resource/hybrid disk resource.

server1	server2
۵.	
Disk copy is executed from server1 to server2, a	and mirroring is restarted.
Execute Detail	Close

For information on using the Mirror Disk Helper, see "2.6. Mirror disk helper".

• Error Mirror Disk List

Lists mirror disk resources and hybrid disk resources with an error in the dialog box.

NMP Name	Error Type
md1	Mirror Abnormal
•	
Description:	
	recovery is necessary. Run the mirror
Mirror recovery or forced mirror	
Mirror recovery or forced mirror helper to execute mirror recove	

If there is a mirror disk with an error listed below in the cluster, the above dialog box will be displayed automatically.

The description provides what you should do for the error.

Error type	Description
Mirror Error	
	Mirror recovery or forced mirror recovery is
	necessary. Run the Mirror Helper and perform
	mirror recovery.
	If a communication status error occurs during
	mirror disk connect, check the communication
	status.

Error type	Description
Mirror Error (Single Server Run)	Only one server is running, and the latest data of
	a mirror disk is not completed. To continue the
	operation, run the Mirror Helper and execute mir-
	ror recovery. Be careful since the server that is
	currently running will be the latest data when the
	mirror recovery is executed.

Table 2.6 – continued from previous page

When you select **Details**, the Mirror Disk Helper is activated.

Individual server objects

When you right-click an individual server object, the following shortcut menu is displayed.



• Shut down

Shuts down the selected server. When you select this operation, the following dialog box is displayed for confirmation.

?	Warning: If the server is shut down, it may enter the "Suspension (Isolated)" status after rebooting. The group cannot be started on the server whose status is "Suspension (Isolated)". In order to recover the server to the "Normal" status, you need to execute "Recover" operation on it.
	Do you want to continue?
	OK

Reboot

Reboots the selected server. When you select this operation, the following dialog box is displayed for confirmation.

?	Warning: If the server is rebooted, it may enter the "Suspension (Isolated)" status after rebooting. The group cannot be started on the server whose status is "Suspension (Isolated)". In order to recover the server to the "Normal" status, you need to execute "Recover" operation on it. Do you want to continue?
	OK

Recover

Recovers the selected server. When you select this operation, the following dialog box is displayed for confirmation.



Service

Starts and stop the selected service. If you select this operation, the following dialog box is displayed for confirmation.

?	Warning: If the service is stopped, the server may enter the "Suspension (Isolated)" status after restarting the service. The group cannot be started on the server whose status is "Suspension (Isolated)". In order to recover the server to the "Normal" status, you need to execute "Recover" operation on it.
	Do you want to continue?
	OK

• CPU Frequency Settings

Configures the CPU frequency control function of the selected server.

Highest Frequency

Sets the CPU frequency to the highest.

?	Are you sure you want to set the CPU frequency of "server2" as the highest?
	OKCancel

- Lowest Frequency

Lowers the frequency to turn it to power-saving mode.

?	Are you sure you want to	o set the CF	PU frequency of "server2" as the lowest?
		ОК	Cancel

– Auto

Restores the CPU frequency control to the control by EXPRESSCLUSTER.

?	Are you sure you want	t to control C	PU frequen	cy of "server2" automatically?
		OK	Cancel	

This function cannot be used when **Use CPU Frequency Control** is not checked on the **Extension** tab of **Cluster Properties**.

Reset Statistical Data

Resets the statistical data for the selected server. If you select this operation, the following dialog box is displayed for confirmation.

?	Are you sure you wa	ant to reset	the statistic:	al data for "server1"?
		OK	Cancel	

Individual group objects

When you right-click an individual group object, the following shortcut menu is displayed.

When group type is failover.



When group type is virtualmachine.



• Start (enabled only when the group is stopped) Starts up the selected group. The dialog box for choosing a server that starts up the selected group is displayed.

Select a server:	server1		-
0	ĸ	Cancel	

• Stop (enabled only when the group has been started up or when it has an error) Stops the selected group. When you select this operation, the following dialog box is displayed for confirmation.

?	Are you sure you	want to stop	"failover1"?
	OK	Cancel	

• Move (enabled only when the group has been started up) Moves the selected group. The dialog box for choosing a server to which you want to move the selected group is displayed.

Select a server:	server1		-
0	К	Cancel	

• Migration (Only selectable when group type is virtualmachine and it is running.)

Stop the virtual machine temporarily which is managed by the virtual machine resource of the selected group, and move the group to another server. The dialog is displayed to select the server to which the selected group is moved.

Select a server:	server1	I	-
	ж	Cancel	

The temporarily stopped virtual machine is resumed on the destination server.

Individual group resource objects (except mirror disk resources and hybrid disk resources)

When you right-click an individual group resource object, the following shortcut menu is displayed.



• Start (enabled only when the group is stopped)

Starts up the selected group resource.

The dialog box for selecting the server that starts up the selected group is displayed.



• Stop (enabled only when the group has been started up or when it has an error)

Stops the selected group resource. When you selected this operation, the following dialog box is displayed for confirmation.



Objects of mirror disk resource and hybrid disk resource

When you right-click a mirror disk resource object, the following shortcut menu is displayed.



• Details

Starts up the Mirror Disk Helper for the selected mirror disk resource/hybrid disk resource, and the following dialog box for the Mirror Disk Helper is displayed.

server1	server2
	B
Mirror disk is in the normal status now. Both of the servers are not using the mirror of Click the icon to select the operation you war	
Execute	Close

For information on using the Mirror Disk Helper, see "2.6. Mirror disk helper".

Monitor resource objects

When you right-click a monitor resource object, the following shortcut menu is displayed.

When operation mode is selected



When verification mode is selected

duster	
Servers	
🗢 💼 Groups	
🔶 📻 Monitors	
— 🥥 appl	Res <u>u</u> me
— 🥥 fipw	Suspend
— 🥥 mdr	Disable Dummy Failure
— 🥥 mdv.	Disable Duning Failure
🗌 🗌 🧔 vipw	1

• Resume (enabled when the resources are stopped temporarily)

Resumes all the currently configured monitor resources. This operation is not performed for those monitor resources for which the suspending/resuming of monitoring is not possible. A dialog box for selecting the server on which the monitor resources will be resumed is displayed.



• Suspend (enabled when the resources are monitoring)

Suspends all the currently configured monitor resources. This operation is not performed for those monitor resources for which the suspending/resuming of monitoring is not possible. A dialog box for selecting the server on which the monitor resources will be stopped temporarily is displayed.

ease	select the severs: Server Name	
~	server1	
	OK Cancel Default	

• Stop Dummy Failure (enabled only when dummy failure is started)

Stops the dummy failure that has been set for all monitor resources. The following dialog box for selecting the server on which dummy failure in the monitor resources is to be stopped is displayed.

Please	select the severs:		
~	Serve	er Name	
~	server1		
_			
	OK Car	ncel D	Default

Individual monitor resource objects

When you right-click an individual monitor resource object, the following shortcut menu is displayed.

When operation mode is selected



When verification mode is selected

Cluster Cluster Coups Coups Monitors	
fipw1 fipw1 mdnw1 mdw1 vipw1	Resume Suspend Enable Dummy Failure Disable Dummy Failure

• Resume (enabled when the resource is stopped temporarily)

Resumes a selected monitor resource. The dialog box for choosing the server on which the selected monitor resource is resumed.

r	Server Name
r	server1
~	server2

• Suspend (enabled when the resource is monitoring)

Resumes the selected monitor resource. The dialog box for choosing the server on which the selected monitor resource is stopped temporarily.

~	Server Name
~	server1
r	server2

Start Dummy Failure (enabled when verification mode is not executed)
 Generates a simulated fault in a selected monitor resource. A simulated fault can be generated only on a server on which Resource Status on Each Server of the relevant monitor resource is other than Error or Dummy Failure.

Note, however, that the following monitor resources cannot be selected:

- Mirror connect monitor resource
- Mirror disk monitor resource
- Hybrid disk monitor resource
- Message receive monitor resource
- VM monitor resource

The following dialog box for selecting the server on which A dummy failure is generated. for a selected monitor resource is displayed.

~	Server Name	
~	server1	
~	server2	

Note: When an attempt is made to enable dummy failure, and if one or more servers cannot be connected, an error is displayed. Dummy failure cannot be enabled on a server that cannot be connected.

• Stop Dummy Failure (enabled when verification mode is executed)

Stops the dummy failure generated in a selected monitor resource. The following dialog box for selecting the server on which the dummy failure is to be stopped for a selected monitor resource is displayed.

2		Se	rver Nar	ne	
~	server1				

2.4 Checking the cluster status by the WebManager list view

The detailed information on the selected object in the tree view of the WebManager can be displayed in the list view.

2.4.1 To display information on the whole cluster

- 1. Start the WebManager.
- 2. In this tree view, click the object icon 🖩 for the cluster. In the list view in the right pane of the window, the group status and monitor resource status of each server are displayed.



3. Click Details to display the following in the dialog box.

Info

Recovery							
Info	Heartbeat I/F	NP Resolution	Timeout	Port Number	Monitor		
	Properties			Value			
Name			cluster				
Comment							
Status			Normal				

Name: Cluster name

Comment: Comment for the cluster

Status: Status of the cluster

Heartbeat I/F

Recovery	Alert Service	Delay W	aming Disk	Mirror Disk	JVM Monitor	Extension	
Info	Heartbeat	I/F	NP Resol	ution	Timeout	Port Number	Monitor
		Propertie	6			Value	
Server Dowr	n Notification				On		
Cast Method	k				Unicast		

Server Down Notification: When you set this to On, one server is allowed to tell the other servers that it is being shut down by the commands from WebManager or command line, so that a failover occurs independently of the heartbeat timeout settings.

Note: Even if **Server Down Notification** is set to **On**, failover is performed after a heartbeat timeout when shutdown is performed with a method other than the WebManager or a command.

Cast Method: Configures the Heartbeat Cast Method (Unicast / Broadcast); Broadcast is unavailable when the IP address of the Heartbeat I/F is configured with IPv6.

NP Resolution

Recovery	Alert Service	Delay W	arning	Disk	Mirror Disk	JVM Monitor	Extension		
Info	Heartbeat	I/F	1	IP Resol	ution	Timeout	Port	Number	Monitor
-		Properties	3				V	alue	
Action at NP	Occurrence					Emergency shutd	own		

Action at NP Occurrence: Action to be taken when a network partition occurs

Timeout

Recovery	Alert Service Delay W	arning Disk Mirror Disk	JVM Monitor	Extension		
Info	Info Heartbeat I/F NP Resolution		Timeout	Port Number	Monitor	
	Propertie	s	Value			
Server Sync	Wait Time		300			
Heartbeat Ti	meout		30000			
Heartbeat In	terval		3000			
Server Intern	Server Internal Timeout			180		
Timeout Rat	io		1			

Server Sync Wait Time: Time to wait for the other servers to start up (in seconds)

Heartbeat Timeout: Heartbeat timeout (in milliseconds)

Heartbeat Interval: The interval for sending heartbeats (milliseconds)

Server Internal Timeout: Internal communication timeout (in seconds)

Timeout Ratio: Current timeout ratio

Port Number

Recovery							
Info	Heartbeat I/F	NP Resolution	Timeout	Port Number	Monitor		
	Propertie	s	Value				
Server Interr	nal Port Number		29001				
Data Transf	er Port Number		29002				
Kernel Mode	e Heartbeat Port Number		29106				
Client Servio	e Port Number		29007				
WebManage	er HTTP Port Number		29003				
Alert Sync P	Alert Sync Port Number			29003			
Disk Agent F	Port Number		29004				
Mirror Driver	Port Number		29005				

Server Internal Port Number: Port number for internal communication

Data Transfer Port Number: Port number for data transfer

Kernel Mode Heartbeat Port Number: Port number for kernel-mode heartbeat

Client Service Port Number: Port number for client service

WebManager HTTP Port Number: Port number for WebManager

Alert Sync Port Number: Port number for alert synchronization

Disk Agent Port Number: Port number for disk agent

Mirror Driver Port Number: Port number for mirror driver (Only when Replicator/Replicator DR is used)

Monitor

Recovery	Alert Service	Delay W	arning	Disk	Mirror Disk	JVM Monitor	Extension		
Info	Heartbeat	eat I/F NP Resolution		ution	Timeout	Port	Number	Monitor	
	Properties				\	/alue			
Collect Syst	Collect System Resource Information				Off				

Collect System Resource Information: Whether or not to collect System Resource Information Recovery

Recovery Alert Service Delay	Warning Disk Mirror Disk	JVM Monitor	Extension					
Info Heartbeat I/F	NP Resolution	Timeout	Port Nu	mber	Monitor			
Properties Value								
Action When the Cluster Service Proc	Shu	Shut down the OS						
Recovery Action for HA Agents:Max Re	3	3						
Recovery Action for HA Agents:Recovery Action over Max Restart Count No operation								
Disable Recovery Action Caused by N	Disable Recovery Action Caused by Monitor Resource Failure Off							
Action at Group Resource Activation of	r Deactivation Stall			Em	ergency shutdown			
Restrain the shutdown action if only o	ed) Off							
Restrain the shutdown action if only one server is alive (when deactive group resource abnormality detected) Off								
Restrain the shutdown action if only one server is alive (when monitoring resource abnormality detected) Off								

- Action When the Cluster Service Process Is Failure: Action to be taken when a cluster service process fails
- **Recovery Action for HA Agents: Max Restart Count:** Maximum count to restart an HA process if the process fails
- **Recovery Action for HA Agents: Recovery Action over Max Restart Count:** Action to be taken when the HA process fails and the process cannot be restarted even after retrying restart of the process for the maximum number of retries
- **Disable Recovery Action Caused by Monitor Resource Failure:** Whether or not to disable the recovery action when the monitor resource fails
- Action at Group Resource Activation or Deactivation Stall: Action to be taken when group resource activation/deactivation is stalled
- **Restrain the shutdown action if only one server is alive (when active group resource abnormality detected):** Whether to disable shutdown at activation failure in the case of the last one server
- **Restrain the shutdown action if only one server is alive (when deactive group resource abnormality detected):** Whether to disable shutdown at deactivation failure in the case of the last one server
- **Restrain the shutdown action if only one server is alive (when monitoring resource abnormality detected):** Whether to disable shutdown at monitoring failure in the case of the last one server

Alert Service

Recovery	Alert Service Delay V	/arning Disk	Mirror Disk	JVM Monitor	Extension	
Info Heartbeat I/F NP Resolution		lution	Timeout	Port Number	Monitor	
Properties				Value		
E-mail Address						
Use Networ	Use Network Warning Light			Off		
Use Chassis Identify			Off			
Enable Alert Setting			Off			

E-mail Address: Destination mail address

Use Network Warning Light: Whether or not to use a network warning light

Use Chassis Identify: Whether or not to use chassis ID lamp association

Enable Alert Setting: Whether or not to enable setting

Delay Warning

Recovery	Alert Service Delay W	arning Disk Mirror Disk	JVM Monitor	Extension	
Info	Heartbeat I/F	NP Resolution	Timeout	Port Number	Monitor
	Propertie	s		Value	
Heartbeat D	elay Warning		80		
Monitor Delay Warning			80		
COM Delav ¹	Warning		80		

Heartbeat Delay Warning: Heartbeat delay warning (%)

Monitor Delay Warning: Monitor delay warning (%)

COM Delay Warning: COM communication delay warning (%)

Disk

Recovery	Alert Service Delay W	arning Disk Mirror Disk	JVM Monitor	Extension		
Info	Heartbeat I/F NP Resolution		Timeout	Port Number	Monitor	
Properties				Value		
Shared Disk	Shared Disk Disconnection Retry Threshold					
Shared Disk	Disconnection Timeout		1800			
Shared Disk Disconnection Retry Interval			3			
Shared Disk Disconnection Final Action			Disconnect forcefu	lly		

Shared Disk Disconnection Retry Threshold: Shared disk disconnection retry threshold
Shared Disk Disconnection Timeout: Shared disk disconnection timeout (in seconds)
Shared Disk Disconnection Retry Interval: Shared disk disconnection retry interval (in seconds)
Shared Disk Disconnection Final Action: Shared disk disconnection final action

Mirror disk (Only when Replicator/Replicator DR is used)

Recovery	Alert Service Delay W	arning Disk Mirror Disk	JVM Monitor	Extension		
Info	Heartbeat I/F NP Resolution		Timeout	Port Number	Monitor	
	Propertie	s	Value			
Auto First Mi	rror Construction		On			
Auto Mirror F	Recovery		On			
Collect Mirror Statistics			On			
Difference B	itmap Size (MB)		1			
History Reco	ording Area Size in Asynchr	ronous Mode (MB)	1			
Mirror Disk D	Disconnection Retry Thresh	nold	10			
Mirror Disk Disconnection Timeout			1800			
Mirror Disk Disconnection Retry Interval			3			
Mirror Disk Disconnection Final Action			Disconnect forcefu	lly		

Auto First Mirror Construction: Whether or not to perform auto mirror initial construction.

Auto Mirror Recovery: Whether or not to perform auto mirror recovery.

Collect Mirror Statistics: Whether or not to perform mirror statistics collection

Difference Bitmap Size (MB): Size of differential bitmap

History Recording Area Size in Asynchronous Mode (MB): Size of history record area of unsent data in asynchronous mode.

Mirror Disk Disconnection Retry Threshold: Mirror disk disconnection retry threshold

Mirror Disk Disconnection Timeout: Mirror disk disconnection timeout (in seconds)

Mirror Disk Disconnection Retry Interval: Mirror disk disconnection retry interval (in seconds)

Mirror Disk Disconnection Final Action: The final action at mirror disk disconnection

JVM monitor

Recovery	Alert Service D	elay Warning	Disk	Mirror Disk	JVM Monitor	Extension		
Info	Heartbeat I/F NP Resolution				Timeout	Port	Number	Monitor
Properties				1	/alue			
Java Install F	Path				a			
Maximum Ja	ava Heap Size (MB)				16			
Load Baland	er Connection Settir	g			Off			
Log Level					INFO			
Generation (Count for Stored Log	Files			10			
Log Rotation	п Туре				File Size			
Log File Max	dmum Size (KB)				3072			
	t Log Rotation				00:00			
Log Rotation	n Interval (Hours)				24			
	easurement: Retry C				10			
	easurement: Thresh		nal Judgn	nent	5			
	easurement: Default				60			
Resource Measurement: Interval for Full GC				120				
	onitoring: Retry Cour				3			
	onitoring: Threshold				5			
WebLogic M	onitoring: Request C	ount Measure	ment Inte	erval	60			
WebLogic M	onitoring: Interval for	Average mea	surement	t	300			
Managemer	nt Port				25500			
Connection					3			
Time until R	econnect				60			
	nt Port for Load Balar	cer Linkage			25550			
Health Check Linkage Function				Off				
Directory containing HTML files								
HTML File Name								
HTML Renamed File Name								
Retry count f	for renaming				3			
Wait time for	r retry				3			
Managemer	nt IP Address							
Connection	Port				443			

Java Installation Path: Java installation path

Maximum Java Heap Size (MB): Maximum Java heap size (MB)

Load Balancer Connection Setting: Load balancer linkage settings

Log Level: Log level

Generation Count for Stored Log files: Number of generations of log files to be stored

Log Rotation Type: Log rotation type

Log File Maximum Size (KB): Maximum log file size (KB)

Time of First Log Rotation: Time of the first log rotation

Log Rotation Interval (Hours): Log rotation interval (hours)

Resource Measurement: Retry Count: Resource measurement: Measurement retry count

- **Resource Measurement: Threshold for Abnormal Judgment:** Resource Measurement: Threshold for Abnormal Judgment:
- **Resource Measurement: Default Interval:** Resource measurement: Interval for memory and thread measurement (sec)
- **Resource Measurement: Interval for Full GC:** Resource measurement: Interval for Full GC measurement (sec)
- WebLogic Monitoring: Retry Count: WebLogic monitoring: Measurement retry count
- WebLogic Monitoring: Threshold for Abnormal Judgment WebLogic monitoring: Threshold for Abnormal Judgment:
- WebLogic Monitoring: Request Count Measurement Interval: WebLogic monitoring: Interval for measuring the number of requests (sec)
- WebLogic monitoring: Interval for Average measurement: WebLogic monitoring: Interval for measuring the average (sec)
- Management Port: Management port number

Connection Retry Count: Connection retry count

Time until Reconnect: Time to wait for reconnection (sec)

Management Port for Load Balancer Linkage: Management port number for load balancer linkage

Health Check Linkage Function: Whether or not to use the health check linkage function

Directory containing HTML files: HTML storage directory

HTML File Name: HTML file name

HTML Renamed File Name: Renamed HTML file name

Retry Count for renaming: Retry count if renaming fails

Wait time for retry: Time to wait for a renaming retry (sec)

Management IP Address: BIG-IP LTM management IP address

Connection Port: Communication port number for BIG-IP LTM

Extension

Recovery	Alert Service	Delay Warning	Disk	Mirror Disk	JVM Monitor	Extension		
Info	fo Heartbeat I/F NP Resolution				Timeout	Port	Number	Monitor
Properties				Value				
Max Reboot Count					0			
Max Reboot Count Reset Time				0				
Use Forced Stop				Off				
Forced Stop	Action				BMC Power Off			
Forced Stop	Timeout (sec)				3			
Execute Script for Forced Stop			Off					
Use CPU Frequency Control			Off					
Auto Recovery			On					
Failover Count Method			Server					

Max Reboot Count: Maximum reboots count

Max Reboot Count Reset Time: Time to reset maximum reboot count (in seconds)

Use Forced Stop: Whether or not to perform the forced stop function

Forced Stop Action: Action of forced stop function

Forced Stop Timeout (sec): Wait time until activation of failover group starts after forced stop has been performed (in seconds)

Execute Script for Forced Stop: Whether to execute a script for forced stop

Use CPU Frequency Control: Whether or not to use CPU frequency control

Auto Recovery: The setting whether server recovery is automatically performed after cluster server is rebooted from "Suspension (Isolated)."

Failover Count Method: Settings to specify the method of counting failovers (by Server or Cluster)

2.4.2 Checking the whole status of the server in the WebManager list view

- 1. Start the WebManager.
- 2. In the tree view, select the object icon for the entire server . In the upper part of the list view in the right pane, the heartbeat status and network partition resolution status list of each server are displayed.

🙀 cluster		Servers Name: Ser	vers			Server Group List	
← 👘 server1 ← 🖏 server2				server1		server2	
	Heartbeat Status						
🔶 💼 Monitors		lankhb1	Norm	al	Norn	nal	
		lankhb2	Norm	al	Norm	nal	
		lankhb3	Norm	nal	Norn	nal	
		Network Partition Re	solution Status				
		pinanp1	Norm	nal	Norn	nal	

Additionally, click Server Group List to display the information of the server group on the pop up dialog.

ServerGroup Name	Server Name
svg1	server1
svg2	server2

2.4.3 Checking the status of individual server in the WebManager list view

- 1. Start the WebManager.
- 2. If the object 🗊 of a server is selected in the tree view, **Comment**, **Version**, **Product**, **Internal Version**, **Install Path** and **Status** of the server are displayed.

Server Name: server1		Details
Properties	Value	
Comment		7
Virtual Infrastructure		7
Product	EXPRESSCLUSTER X 4.0 for Windows	1
Internal Version	12.00	1
Install Path	C:\Program Files\EXPRESSCLUSTER	
Status	Online	
Heartbeat Status		
lankhb1	Normal	
lankhb2	Normal	
Network Partition Resolutio	n Status	1

Comment: Comment for the server

Virtual Infrastructure: Virtual infrastructure name

Product: Name of the product

Internal Version: Internal version

Install Path: Install path of EXPRESSCLUSTER

Status: Status of the server

3. Click **Details** to display the following in the dialog box.

Properties	Value
Name	server1
Mirror Disk Connect IP Address mdc[1]	192.168.0.1
Network Warning Light IP Address(Type)	
BMC IP Address	
CPU Frequency Status	
No shutdown when double activation detected	Off

Name: Server name

Mirror Disk Connect IP Address mdc[1]³: IP address of mirror disk connection

Network Warning Light IP Address(Type): IP address of network warning light

BMC IP address: BMC IP address

CPU Frequency Status: Current setting status of CPU frequency control

No shutdown when double activation detected: Whether to disable shutdown when activation of both disks is detected

2.4.4 Checking the status of the whole monitor in the WebManager list view

- 1. Start the WebManager.
- 2. In the tree view, select the object icon for the entire monitor <a>left. In the list view, Monitor Name and a list of server statuses are displayed.

³ The I/F number of the mirror disk connection is entered to the number in the parentheses.

2.5 Checking alerts using the WebManager

You can view alerts in the bottom part of the WebManager. Eeach field of the alert view is configured as follows.



For the meanings of alert messages, see "Error messages" in the "Reference Guide". For information about searching alert messages, see "2.2.3. *Searching for an alert by using the WebManager*".

2.5.1 Alert view fields

The meaning of each of the fields in the alert view of the WebManager are the following.

(1) Alert type icon

Alert type	Description
0	Informational message
	Warning message
*	Error message

(2) Alrert received time

The time the alert was received. The time in the server to which the WebManager connects is applied.

(3) Alert sent time

The time the alert was sent from a server. The time in the alert sender server is used.

(4) Alert sender server

The name of a server that sent the alert.

(5) Alert sender module

The name of a module that sent the alert.

For a list of module name types, see "2.2.3. Searching for an alert by using the WebManager".

(6) Event ID

The event ID number set to each alert.

(7) Alert message

The alert messages.

2.5.2 Alert view operation

By clicking an item on the bar showing name of each field, you can change the alert order.

Receive Time 🛆 Time Server Name Module Name Event ID Message

Whenever you select an item, the \square or \square mark is displayed in each field.

Mark	Purpose
	Sorts alerts in the ascending order of the selected field.
V	Sorts alerts in the descending order of the selected field.

By default, alerts are displayed in the Time descending order.

When you right-click this bar, the following pop-up window is displayed so that you can select the items to be displayed. All items are selected by default.

Туре	Received Time		ոթ ▼	Server Name
	2018/01/29 17:54:15.663	🗹 Туре	4:14.922	server2
()	2018/01/29 17:52:24.645	🗹 Received Time	2:22.686	server2
()	2018/01/29 17:43:30.564	🗹 Time	3:29.253	server2
	2018/01/29 17:43:17.213		3:16.395	server2
	2018/01/29 17:43:06.742	🖻 Server Name	3:05.994	server2
	2018/01/29 17:42:58.224	🗹 Module Name	2:57.017	server2
()	2018/01/29 17:41:42.301	Event ID	1:41.132	server2
	2018/01/29 17:39:39.466		3:32.534	server2
-	2018/01/29 17:39:39.357	🗹 Message	9:32.518	server2

When you double-click the displayed alert, the following window is displayed where you can check the detail of the alert,

실 Alert Log Det	ail Information
Detail Informati	on
Type:	Info
Received Time	2018/01/29 23:02:06.674
Time:	2018/01/30 16:02:05.450
Server Name:	server2
Module Name:	rm
Event ID:	1501
Message:	
Monitor userw	has been started.
	Close

When you right-click the alert, the following pop-up window is displayed where you can select the type of the alert to be displayed. All items are selected by default.

(i)	2010/01/20	23:02:06.674		
	🗹 Info	3:02:06.565		
-	🗹 Warning	1:39:37.673		
<u> </u>	Error	1:39:37.782		
()	in ciror	38:24.713		
- 🚖	2018/01/29 1	17:41:50.581		
(i)	2018/01/29 1	2018/01/29 17:39:36.251		
(1)	2018/01/29 17:39:36.376			

2.6 Mirror disk helper

2.6.1 Overview of the mirror disk helper

The Mirror Disk Helper is a tool to help the recovery of mirror disk/hybrid disk. It is used by starting up from the WebManager. The following shows the layout of the Mirror Disk Helper.

For mirror disk resource



For hybrid disk resource



The Mirror Disk Helper can be started by the mirror disk list or a mirror disk resource/hybrid disk resource of a group.

The following is the description of the each field of the Mirror Disk Helper.

(1) Resource name

Displays the name of the mirror disk resource/hybrid disk resource.

(2) Execute

When you click **Execute**, mirror recovery is started as displayed in the following dialog box. If there is any difference between the mirror disks in both servers, the mirror recovery is started.



If there is no difference between the mirror disks in both servers, the following dialog box is displayed.

?	Data o to exe	n two disks cute a mirro	are identical. r recovery?	Are you	su
		OK	Cancel		

If you click **OK**, full copy of the mirror begins.

If **Auto Mirror Recovery** is set to **On**, mirror recovery begins automatically. However, mirror recovery does not begin automatically if there is no difference between both servers or if there are errors in the mirror disks on both servers.

(3) Detailed information

When you click **Details**, detailed information is displayed.

For mirror disk resource

server1			server2	
2				
Property	Value (Status)		Property	Value (Status)
Server Name	server1	S	erver Name	server2
Difference Copy	Impossible	D	ifference Copy	Impossible
Activation Status	Active	A	ctivation Status	Inactive
Media Error	Normal	M	edia Error	Normal
Mirror Break Occurred at:		M	irror Break Occurred at:	
Last Updated:		L	ast Updated:	
Necessary Copy Amount (%)	0	N	ecessary Copy Amount (%)	0
Partition Usage Rate (%)	artition Usage Rate (%) 19		Partition Usage Rate (%) 19	
Partition Size (M bytes) 970		P	artition Size (M bytes)	970
				-
•		•	l III	•

Server Name: Server name

Difference Copy: Whether differential copying of the mirror disk resource is possible

Activation Status: Active status of the mirror disk device on the server

Media Error: Media error of the mirror disk resource

Mirror Break Occurred at: Mirror break time

Last Updated: The time that the data was updated the last time

Necessary Copy Amount (%): Amount of data to be copied again to resume mirroring

Partition Usage Rate (%): Partition usage rate

Partition Size (M bytes): Partition size

For hybrid disk resource

svg1		svg2		
server1 👻		server2	•	
Property	Value (Status)	Property	Value (Status)	
Server Group Name	svg1	Server Group Name	svg2	
Current Server Name	server1	Current Server Name	server2	
Difference Copy	Impossible	Difference Copy	Impossible	
Activation Status	Active	Activation Status	Inactive	
Mirror Break Occurred at:		Mirror Break Occurred at:		
Last Updated:		Last Updated:		
Necessary Copy Amount (%)	0	Necessary Copy Amount (%)	0	
Partition Usage Rate (%)	2	Partition Usage Rate (%)	2	
•	ver Group Name svg1 Server Group Name svg2 rent Server Name server1 Current Server Name server2 cerence Copy Impossible Difference Copy Impossible vation Status Active Activation Status Inactive or Break Occurred at Last Updated: cessary Copy Amount (%) 0 Necessary Copy Amount (%) 0 Partition Usage Rate (%) 2 Partition Usage Rate (%) 2			

Server Group Name: Server group name

Current Server Name: Name of the server that uploads and manages the disks in the server group.

Differential Copy: Whether differential copying of the mirror disk resource is possible

Activation Status: Active status of the mirror disk device on the server

Mirror Break Occurred at: Mirror break time

Last Update: The time that the data was updated the last time

Necessary Copy Amount (%): Amount of data to be copied again to resume mirroring

Partition Usage Rate (%): Partition usage rate

Last Data Update Time is displayed when only one of the servers is updated. Mirror Break Time is displayed when mirror connect is disconnected. Partition Usage Rate is displayed for the server of which resources are active.

(4) Mirroring disk status

The following table shows the mirroring disk status of servers: You can select what to perform for the mirror disk by clicking the icon.

Icon	Mirroring disk status	Mirror color ⁴
	Mirroring status is normal. The server is inactive.	Green
	Mirroring status is normal. The server is active.	Green
	Mirror recovery or forced mirror recovery is underway. The server is inactive.	Yellow
3	Mirror recovery or forced mirror recovery is underway. The server is active.	Yellow
Ŷ	There might be a difference, but it has not been determined which has the latest information. Mirror recovery is required.	Orange
	The server has an error. Mirror recovery is required.	Red
0	The server is stopped or its status is unknown. Information on the server status cannot be acquired.	Gray
C7	Both systems are active.	Blue
	Cluster partition has an error.	Black

⁴ To see the mirror color, run the clpmdstat command.

(5) Progress bar

When performing the mirror recovery, the progress bar shows an arrow from a source server with the latest data to a copy destination server.

How far the mirror recovery has progressed and expected time required for copying are displayed in the progress bar.

server1	server2
Equal Full Copy	
Disk copy is being executed now to restart mirror Both of the servers are not using the mirror disk. Click the icon to select the operation you want to e	-
Execute	Close

(6) Current server (only hybrid disk resource)

Current server displays the current server that updates and manages the disks. You can check the status of each member server of the server group by clicking the drop-down arrow. The current server is represented in the bold font. The server represented in gray font is in the down state.

When performing mirror recovery or canceling access restrictions, you can select a server from the list shown by clicking the drop-down arrow to change a current server.

(7) Server group name (only hybrid disk resource)

The server group name is displayed. For more information on server groups, refer to "Understanding server groups" in "What is a group?""Group resource details" in the "Reference Guide".

2.6.2 Recovering a mirror (forcefully)

1. Mirror recovery

If there is a difference between the mirror disks on both servers:



If there is a difference between the mirror disks on both servers, and one of the servers has an error, the progress bar direction is fixed. When you click **Execute**, mirror recovery starts.

When you click **Execute**, mirror recovery starts. If any group is active, the server with the active group becomes the source server. When it is possible to recover differences, only the difference is recovered. If it is impossible to recover differences, whole partition area is recovered.

If there is no difference between the mirror disks on both servers:

If there is no difference, full copy of the mirror is performed.

server1		server2	
€⇒	Full Copy		
Full disk copy is executed from s	erver1 to server2.		
Execute Detail]		Close

If there is no difference between the mirror disks of both servers, and both servers are running normally, the progress bar is displayed. When you click **Execute**, mirror recovery starts.

If the status of both servers is Error:

If both servers have errors, click **Details** to determine a source server. When you click **Details**, the following detailed information is displayed.

server1		server2			
Property	Value (Status)		Property	Value (Status)	
Server Name	server1	Se	rver Name	server2	
Difference Copy	Impossible	Dif	ference Copy	Impossible	
Activation Status	Inactive	Ac	tivation Status	Inactive	
Media Error	Normal	Me	dia Error	Normal	
Mirror Break Occurred at:	2010/08/26 15:04:20	Mi	ror Break Occurred at:	2010/08/26 15:04:44	
Last Updated:	2010/08/26 15:04:20	La	st Updated:	2010/08/26 15:05:04	
Necessary Copy Amount (%)	19	Ne	cessary Copy Amount (%)	19	
Partition Usage Rate (%)	19	Pa	rtition Usage Rate (%)	19	
Partition Size (M bytes)	970	Pa	rtition Size (M bytes)	970	
•	•	4	III	•	
Mirror disk is not mirroring now. There is no server that contains the latest data. Both of the servers are not using the mirror disk. Click the icon to select the operation you want to execute.					
Execute Simple Close					

Check the **Last Data Update Time**, and choose a server with the latest data as the source server. Note that the time you see here is of the OS.

If you select an icon whose status is mirrored disk as the source, the progress bar is displayed. Click **Execute** to start mirror recovery.

2. Forced mirror recovery only for a single server

When one server has an error while the other is in the unknown status or stopped, the Mirror Disk Helper is displayed.

server1		server2	
		6	
Property	Value (Status)	Property	Value (Status)
Server Name	server1	Server Name	server2
Difference Copy	Possible	Difference Copy	Possible
Activation Status	Inactive	Activation Status	Unknown
Media Error	Normal	Media Error	Normal
Mirror Break Occurred at:	2010/08/26 15:04:20	Mirror Break Occurred at:	
Last Updated:	2010/08/26 15:04:20	Last Updated:	
Necessary Copy Amount (%)	1	Necessary Copy Amount (%)	
Partition Usage Rate (%)	19	Partition Usage Rate (%)	
Partition Size (M bytes)	970	Partition Size (M bytes)	970
•	•	•	•
Mirror disk is not mirroring no	w.		
It is unclear which server con	tains the latest data.		
Mirror disk on server1 is inact	live.		
Mirror disk on server2 is unkn	iown.		
Click the icon to select the op	eration you want to exect	ute.	
Execute Simpl	e		Close

When you click the icon of the server with an error, the following is displayed:

server1		server2	
	3	6	
Property	Value (Status)	Property	Value (Status)
Server Name	server1	Server Name	server2
Difference Copy	Possible	Difference Copy	Possible
Activation Status	Inactive	Activation Status	Unknown
Media Error	Normal	Media Error	Normal
Mirror Break Occurred at:	2010/08/26 15:04:20	Mirror Break Occurred at:	
Last Updated:	2010/08/26 15:04:20	Last Updated:	
Necessary Copy Amount (%)	1	Necessary Copy Amount (%)	
Partition Usage Rate (%)	19	Partition Usage Rate (%)	
Partition Size (M bytes)	970	Partition Size (M bytes)	970
•	•	4	
Data for server1 is the latest.			
Execute Simpl	e		Close

When you click Execute, forced mirror recovery of only one server starts.

2.6.3 Stopping mirror recovery

What is similar to the following is displayed during mirror recovery:

server1		server2	
	00:59 37%	æ	
Disk copy is being executed now to restart Both of the servers are not using the mirror Click the icon to select the operation you w	disk.		
Execute Detail			Close

When you click the icon of the server where data will be copied to or from, the following is displayed:

server1	server2
Disk copy will be interrupted.	
Execute Detail	Close

When you click **Execute**, the following dialog box is displayed. If you click **OK**, mirror recovery stops. The server where data is copied from becomes normal status and copied to become error status:



2.6.4 Canceling access restriction

Canceling the access restriction can be performed only when the status of server is error. When the status of one server is normal and other server is error, the following is displayed:

server1	server2
Mirror disk is not mirroring now. server1 contains the latest data. Both of the servers are not using the mirror disk. Click the icon to select the operation you want to execute.	
Execute	Close

When you double-click the icon of the server with error, the following is displayed:

server1	server2
The access restriction of mirror disk on serv	er2 will be released.
Execute Detail	Close

When you click Execute, access restriction is canceled in the server with an error.

To perform mirror recovery, click the icon of the server for which the access restriction is canceled, perform access restriction, and then follow the procedures in "2.6.2. *Recovering a mirror (forcefully)*".

Note: When the Auto Mirror Recovery is enabled and one of the servers is operating normally, it is necessary to disable Auto Mirror Recovery in advance or suspend the mirror disk monitor resource or hybrid disk monitor resource so that Auto Mirror Recovery does not operate when the access restriction is canceled in the server that is abnormal.

2.7 Manually stopping and starting the WebManager

Once EXPRESSCLUSTER is installed, the WebManager automatically starts and stops along with the operating system.

If you wish to stop and start the WebManager specifically, just stop or start the service for the WebManager from the Services console of Administrative Tools.
2.8 When you do not want to use the WebManager

If you do not want to use the WebManager for security reasons, change the settings of **Services** of **Management Tool** of your OS or that of the Builder not to start the WebManager.

To specify the settings by using **Service** of **Management Tool**, change the **Startup Type** of the EXPRESSCLUSTER Manager service to **Manual**.

The WebManager can be configured on the **WebManager** tab in **Cluster Properties** of the Builder. For information on how to configure and apply the settings, see "3.11.9. *WebManager tab*".

2.9 Setting limitations on the connection and operation of the Web-Manager

The limitation in connection and operation of the WebManager can be configured in **Cluster Properties** in the Builder. For details, see "3.11.9. *WebManager tab*".

2.9.1 Type of limitation

There are two ways to set usage limitations:

- · Limiting the access by using client IP addresses
- Limiting the operation by using a password

Limiting the access by using client IP addresses

This function limits the clients who can access the WebManager and operations on the WebManager by using client IP addresses.

Add IP addresses to **IP Addresses of the Accessible Clients** on the **WebManager** tab in **Cluster Properties** of the Builder. For details, see "3.11.9. *WebManager tab*".

When setting the limitation of the connection of the WebManager, if you attempt to access to the WebManager from the IP address that is not added to **IP Addresses of the Accessible Clients**, the following error messages are displayed.

Example: when using the Internet Explorer

```
You are not authorized to view this page
You might not have permission to view this directory or page using the credentials you supplied.
If you believe you should be able to view this directory or page, please try to contact the Web site by using any e-mail address or phone number that may be listed on the 10.0.0.1.22003 home page.
You can click Search to look for information on the Internet.
```

When connecting to the WebManager from the client of which the operation is limited, WebManager becomes **Reference only** and is not able to switch to **Operation Mode** nor **Verification mode**.

The limitation by using a password

This function limits viewing and operations on the WebManager by using a password.

To configure this limitation: in **Cluster Properties** of the Builder, click the **WebManager** tab and then **Control connection by using password**. For details, see "3.11.9. *WebManager tab*".

Once password limitation of the WebManager is set, the following authorization dialog box is displayed when trying to access the WebManager by setting a password.

Permisssion: Operation Mode				
Password:				
OK	Cancel			
Java Applet Windo	W			

You can log on to the WebManager by selecting **Operation Mode** or **Reference Only** in **Authorization** and entering a correct password.

- The authorization dialog box is not displayed when the password limitation is not configured (you can log on to the WebManager without authorization).
- You cannot log on to the WebManager if you enter a wrong password three consecutive times.

When you log in with **Reference Only** selected for **Permission**, the WebManager is placed in reference mode. When you attempt to switch to operation mode, config mode, or verification mode in this status, the above authorization dialog is displayed, and you are requested to enter a password for **Operation Mode**.

Combination of the IP address and password

The operational limitations when using both IP addresses and passwords are the following:

	Password limitation (Operable mode)	Password limitation (Reference only)	Password limitation (Unable to operate/view (authorization failed))
Client IP address limitation (Operable Mode)	Operable mode	Reference only	Unavailable
Client IP address limitation (Reference Only)	Reference only ⁵	Reference only	Unavailable
Client IP address limitation (Cannot Access)	Cannot access	Cannot access	Cannot access

⁵ Authorization cannot be selected.

2.10 Operating a cluster by using the WebManager

2.10.1 Cluster shutdown and cluster shutdown reboot

For information on how to perform cluster shutdown and cluster shutdown reboot from the WebManager, see "2.3.2. *Operations from the WebManager*".

2.10.2 Mirror disk resource and hybrid disk resource

For information on how to use the mirror disks, hybrid disk resources, and Mirror Disk Helper from the WebManager, see "Server object" in "2.3.2. *Operations from the WebManager*" and "Objects of mirror disk resource and hybrid disk resource" in "2.3.2. *Operations from the WebManager*".

2.10.3 Recovering servers

When **Auto Return** is set to **Off** on the **Extension** tab in **Cluster Properties** of the Builder, and a server is shut down or rebooted without using the cluster shutdown command, the server is started in the suspension (isolated) state. A server in this status does not run as a part of the cluster system. Thus, you need to return the server to the cluster system after you have finished the necessary maintenance work on the server. For more information on how to return a server to a cluster system by using the WebManager, see "Individual server objects" in "2.3.2. *Operations from the WebManager*".

2.10.4 Shutting down and rebooting an individual server

For information on how to shut down and reboot an individual server from the WebManager, see "Individual server objects" in "2.3.2. *Operations from the WebManager*".

2.10.5 Starting, stopping, and moving an individual group

For information on how to start, stop, and move an individual group from the WebManager, see "Individual group objects" in "2.3.2. *Operations from the WebManager*".

2.10.6 Starting and stopping a group resource

For information on how to start and stop a group resource from the WebManager, see "Individual group resource objects (except mirror disk resources and hybrid disk resources)" in "2.3.2. *Operations from the WebManager*".

2.10.7 Resuming, suspending, and stopping dummy failure of monitor resources

For information on how to resume, suspend, or stop dummy failure of a monitor resource from the WebManager, see "Monitor resource objects" in "2.3.2. *Operations from the WebManager*".

2.10.8 Resuming, suspending, starting dummy failure, and stopping dummy failure of an individual monitor resource

For information on how to resume, suspend, start or stop dummy failure of a monitor resource from the WebManager, see "Individual monitor resource objects" in "2.3.2. *Operations from the WebManager*".

2.11 Limitations of the WebManager

- Information displayed by the WebManager does not always reflect the latest status. To acquire the latest information, click the Reload icon on the toolbar or Reload in the Tool menu.
- If a server fails while the WebManager is acquiring information, the information acquisition fails, which may result in the failure to show some objects.
- Wait for the next automatic update, or click the Reload icon on the toolbar or Reload in the Tool menu to reacquire the latest information.
- The EXPRESSCLUSTER logs cannot be collected from two or more WebManager instances simultaneously.
- If you work on the WebManager when no connectivity is established, it may take a while to regain control.
- While the mouse pointer is the hourglass which indicates that the OS is processing something, moving the cursor outside the browser may return to the arrow icon even if the process is still underway.
- If a proxy server is used, configure the proxy server so that the port number of the WebManager can be relayed.
- When a reverse proxy server is used, the WebManager does not run normally.
- When updating EXPRESSCLUSTER, close all running browsers. Clear the Java cache (not browser cache) and open browsers.
- When updating Java, close all running browsers. Clear the Java cache (not browser cache) and open browsers
- If the client PC to connect to WebManager uses Java(TM) Runtime Environment Version 8.0 Update 162 or later, and cannot be connected to the Internet, it may take time to start WebManager. This can be avoided by setting Execute Certificate Revocation Check to Not Check on Detailed Settings on the Java Control Panel. For details of how to set it, check the Java website.
- Do not set the Reload Interval on the WebManager tab or less than 30 seconds. If you set it for less than 30 seconds, it may affect the performance of EXPRESSCLUSTER

2.12 Error messages on the WebManager

Level	Message	Cause	Solution
Info	Alert Service is already started.	The status of the alert ser- vice became normal.	-
Error	Alert service is inactive.	Starting the alert service failed.	Check the configuration of alert-related modules.
Error	Could not start the group because necessary re- sponses have not been made.	No status can be acquired because the EXPRESS- CLUSTER is now being started up.	Try reloading the status later.
Error	Could not connect to the server.	Connecting the WebMan- ager to the EXPRESS- CLUSTER server failed.	Check if the destination server is running.
Error	Connection Timeout.	Internal timeout occurred.	Internal timeout may occur when a time- consuming task is per- formed. Check the status after the timeout and if there is no problem, oper- ations can be continued.
Error	Connection is terminated.	The connection between the WebManager and the EXPRESSCLUSTER is disconnected.	Check if the connection destination server has failed.
Error	Could not activate some resources.	Failed to start some re- sources under the group.	Solve the problem that caused the resource error. See the alert log for the detailed information on the error.
Error	Could not deactivate some resources.	Failed to stop some re- sources under the group.	Solve the problem that caused a resource error. For details on the error, see the alert log.
Error	Failed to collect cluster logs from the server.	Failed to collect cluster logs. Some servers may have been shut down during the cluster log collection. Some servers may not be able to be accessed due to error.	Retry log collection. If logs from a certain server cannot be collected, run the clplogcc command on the server to collect logs.

The following is a list of error messages displayed when using the WebManager.

Table 2.11 – continued from previous page				
Level	Message	Cause	Solution	
Error	Failed to connect to server({0} : {1}).	Failed to connect to the WebManager.	Check if the EXPRESS- CLUSTER Web Alert ser- vice is running on the server.	
Error	Failed to find group online server.	Failed to detect the server whose group is online.	The server status may have changed during the operation. Reload the sta- tus.	
Error	Failed to get data for the cluster tree view from the server.	Failed to acquire the clus- ter configuration.	Check if EXPRESS- CLUSTER is running on the server by using a command.	
Error	Failed to get the latest alert log.	 The alertlog.alt file does not exist or is corrupted. The maximum number of the alert viewer records in the cluster configuration data is over the limitation. (Up to 999) 	 Temporarily store all the files under the /instal- lation_path/alert/log on the server, and then restart the alert synchronization service. Check the maximum number of the alert viewer records set in the Builder. 	
Error	Failed to get property from the server.	Failed to acquire a cluster property value.	Run a command on the server to check if EX- PRESSCLUSTER is run- ning.	
Error	Failed to search the alert logs.	Failed to open alert log files on a server.	Temporarily store the files under the /installa- tion_path/alert/log on the server, and then restart the alert synchronization service.	
Error	The response content is invalid.	Connection to the server is disconnected.	Check the server oper- ating status and network connectivity.	
Error	Failed to move group "Group Name" to server "Server Name".	Moving the group failed. [Group Name] group_name [Server Name] server_name	Solve the problem that failed to move the group. For the detailed information on the error, see the alert log.	

Table 2.11 – continued from previous page

Level	Message	Cause	Solution
Error	The group is already		Try reloading the group
21101	started.	The group which is the	status later to update it,
		target of the operation has	and then perform opera-
		already been started.	tions on the group.
		Another manager or	
		command on the server	
		may have performed	
		operations on the same	
		group.	
Error	The group is already		Try reloading the group
	stopped.	The group which is the	status later to update it,
		target of the operation has	and then perform opera-
		already been stopped.	tions on the group.
		Another manager or	
		command on the server	
		may have performed	
		operations on the same	
		group.	
Error	Group is updating its sta-		Try reloading the group
2.1.0.	tus.	The status of the group	status later to update it,
		which is the target of the	and then perform opera-
		operation is changing.	tions on the group.
		Another manager or	
		command on the server	
		may have performed	
		operations on the same	
		group.	
Гинан	Techone 1 come	A	
Error	Internal error.	An internal WebManager	Darform relacting
		error occurred.	Perform reloading.
			If the same error occurs
			even after reloading,
			restart the EXPRESSCLUSTER
			Web Alert service.
Error	Invalid configuration data.	Failed to acquire the clus-	Check the information on
-	<u> </u>	ter configuration data.	the cluster configuration.
Error	Invalid group name.	An internal error of the	
		WebManager occurred.	Perform reloading.
			If the error occurs even
			after reloading, restart the
			EXPRESSCLUSTER
			Web Alert service.

				
lable	2.11 -	continued	from	previous page

Table 2.11 – continued from previous page				
Level	Message	Cause	Solution	
Error	Invalid group name or	An internal error of the		
	server name.	WebManager occurred.	Perform reloading.	
			If the error occurs even	
			after reloading, restart the	
			EXPRESSCLUSTER	
			Web Alert service.	
Error	Invalid parameter.	An internal error of the		
		WebManager occurred.	Perform reloading.	
			If the error occurs even	
			after reloading, restart the	
			EXPRESSCLUSTER	
			Web Alert service.	
Error	Invalid server name.	An internal error of the		
		WebManager occurred.	Perform reloading.	
			If the error occurs even	
			after reloading, restart the EXPRESSCLUSTER	
			Web Alert service.	
Error	An error occurred in	Some operations failed.	Run a command to check	
	server or group operation.		the server status. If there	
			is no problem, operations	
			can be continued.	
Error	Operatable group does not	The operation to the group		
	exist.	failed.	Solve the problem that	
			caused the failure of the operation to the group.	
			For the detailed	
			information on the error,	
			see the alert log.	
			C	
Error	Enter the number of alert	The number of the alert	Specify the number of the	
	logs displayed on each	log filter result to be dis-	alert log filter result to be	
	page.	played (for example, the	displayed.	
		number of logs in a win- dow) is not set.		
Error	Enter the event ID.	The ID for alert log search	Specify the ID for alert	
	Enter the cyclic ID.	is not set.	log search.	
Error	Enter the module name.	The name of the module	Specify the name of a	
		for the alert log search is	module for the alert log	
		not set.	search.	
Error	Enter the number of	The number of alert logs	Specify the number of	
	searches.	to be searched is not set.	alert logs to be searched	
Error	Enter the page number.	The page to show the re-	for. Specify the page to show	
	Liner the page number.	sults of the alert log re-	the results of the alert log	
		search is not set.	research.	
			Continued on next page	

Table 2.11 – continued from previous page

Level		Cause	Solution
Error	Message Enter the server name.	The name of a server for	
EIIUI	Enter the server name.	alert log search is not set.	Specify the name of the server to be searched for.
Error	The selected server is in-	The server specified as the	Wait for a while to per-
EIIUI	valid.	destination for moving the	form reloading to update
	vanu.	group is invalid.	the group status, and then
		group is invalid.	perform the operation to
			the group.
Error	Specified server is not ac-	The server that initiated	Wait for a while to per-
2.101	tive.	the operation is not active.	form reloading to update
			the group, and then per-
			form the operation.
Warning	The cluster tree obtained	An error occurred while	Try reloading later.
0	from the server may not be	acquiring the server sta-	, ,
	complete.	tus.	
Error	The number of alert logs	The specified number of	Specify a value between 1
	per page you have en-	alert log filter results dis-	and 300.
	tered is not in the specified	played per page is out of	
	range (1 to {0}).	the range.	
Error	The value in "To" is incor-	The time specified for end	Set a correct time.
	rect.	of alert log search is in-	
		valid.	
Error	Event ID entered is less	The ID set for alert log	Specify a value of 1 or
	than 1.	search is smaller than one.	greater.
Error	There are no groups that	Failed to start up a group.	
	can be started.		Solve the problem that
			caused the failure of the
			operation to the group.
			For the detailed
			information on the error,
			see the alert log.
Error	There are no groups that	Failed to stop the group.	
EIIU	can be stopped.	Faned to stop the group.	Solve the problem that
	cui de stopped.		caused the failure of the
			operation to the group.
			For details on the error,
			see the alert log.
			see the more log.
Error	There are groups that	Some operations failed.	Run a command to check
	failed to start.		the server status. If there
			is no problem, operations
			can be continued.
Error	There are groups that	Some operations have	Run a command to check
	failed to stop.	failed.	the server status. If there
			is no problem, operations
			can be continued.
Warning	The number of searches	The ID set for alert log	Specify a value of 1 or
	entered is less than 1.	search is smaller than one.	greater.
			Continued on next page

Table	2.11	- continued	from	previous page
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Table 2.11 – continued from previous page				
Level	Message	Cause	Solution	
Error	Page number entered is less than 1.	The number of pages specified for the alert log search is smaller than one.	Specify a value of 1 or greater.	
Error	The page number entered is greater than the total page number.	The number of pages specified for alert log search is greater than the total page number.	Specify the number that is smaller than the total page number.	
Warning	The properties got from server may not be com- pleted.	Failed to acquire some in- formation.	Try reloading later.	
Error	There are servers that failed to stop.	There is a server that may have failed to shut down the cluster.	Check if the server is down. If it is not down, check that EX- PRESSCLUSTER is run- ning.	
Error	The value in "From" is in- correct. Enter the correct value.	The time set for start of alert log search is invalid.	Set a correct time.	
Error	The value set in "From" is later than the value in "To".	The time set for start of the alert log search is later than the time set for end.	Set a correct time.	
Info	The total number of pages has been changed. The server alert log will be up- dated.	The number of total pages of alert log filter results is updated. New alerts may have been issued while the search results were being displayed.	To apply added alerts to the search results, close the window displaying the search results and perform search again.	
Error	Failed to get mirror disk list from server.	An internal error of the Disk Agent occurred. Communication from the WebManager server to the EXPRESSCLUSTER Web Alert service failed. The process on the server timed out.	Make sure that the Disk Agent is working. If the Disk Agent is not started, reboot the server.	
		1	Continued on next page	

Table 2.11 – continued from previous page

Level	Message	Cause	Solution
Error	Failed to get mirror status.	The Disk Agent failed to acquire mirror disk status.	Check if the Disk Agent is active. If the Disk Agent is not started, reboot the
		An internal error of the Disk Agent occurred.	server.
		Communication from the EXPRESSCLUSTER Web Alert service to the Disk Agent has failed. The process in the server timed out.	
Error	Failed to recover the mir- ror.	An error occurred while performing mirror recov- ery.	Make sure that the Disk Agent is operating. If the Disk Agent is not started, restart the server.
Error	Detected disk error while recovering the mirror.	A disk error was detected during the mirror recov- ery.	Run the clpmdstat mirror command to check disk error status on each server.
Error	Failed to recover the mir- ror since mirror status has changed.	Mirror recovery failed be- cause the mirror status is changed after the Mirror Disk Helper dialog box was displayed.	Close this error message dialog box, and the infor- mation will be updated.
Confirmation	Data on two disks are identical. Are you sure to execute a mirror recov- ery?	The mirror disks on both servers have no differ- ence. Do you want to con- tinue mirror recovery?	-
Confirmation	{0} is recovering now. Are you sure to stop?	Do you want to stop mir- ror recovery?	-
Error	Failed to stop recovery.	Failed to stop the mirror recovery.	The server may be heavily loaded. Start up the Mir- ror Disk Helper again.
Error	Failed to get recovery sta- tus.	Acquiring information on the progress of mirror re- covery failed.	The server may be heavily loaded. Start up the Mir- ror Disk Helper again.
Error	The local applet ver- sion does not match the server's. Close the browser and clear the applet cache.	A mismatch between the Java applet and the server occurred because the Java cache remains.	Exit the browser. Clear the cache of Java and restart the browser.
Error	Failed to recover since NMP size of "{0}" is smaller than "{1}".	Data partition size of the source server is larger than that of the destina- tion server when recover- ing a mirror. The recovery is stopped. Initial mirror may not have been config- ured properly.	Specify a server as a source whose data partition size is smaller.

Level Message Cause Solution				
		Solution		
Failed to get server list.		Check log collection from another WebManager is running or not. Restart af- ter another log collection completes.		
Server is collecting logs. Try again after log collec- tion is completed.	The server is collecting logs.	Try again after other log collections are completed.		
Failed to collect cluster logs from the server.	An error occurred while collecting cluster logs.	Check the result in dialog box showing the progress of log collection (See "2.2.4. Collecting logs by using the WebManager").		
Failed to Login (Internal error)	An internal error occurred when logging on to the WebManager.	Try logging on to the WebManager again. Start the EXPRESSCLUSTER Web Alert service if the error still occurs.		
Failed to login.	Incorrect password was entered three consecutive times.	Try logging on to the WebManager again with a correct password.		
Incorrect password.	Incorrect password was entered.	Enter a correct password.		
Authorization failed.	Password was changed while accessing the WebManager.	Try logging on to the WebManager again.		
Authorization failed. (In- ternal error.)	An internal error occurred when accessing to the WebManager.	Try logging on to the WebManager again. Reboot the EXPRESS- CLUSTER Web Alert service if the error still occurs.		
Failed to connect to the server.	Failed to communicate with the WebManager.	Check if the EXPRESSCLUSTER Web Alert service is working on the server. Check if connecting to the server can be performed successfully.		
	Message Failed to get server list. Server is collecting logs. Try again after log collection is completed. Failed to collect cluster logs from the server. Failed to Login (Internal error) Failed to login. Incorrect password. Authorization failed. (Internal error.) Failed to connect to the	MessageCauseFailed to get server list.Failed to get a server list.Server is collecting logs. Try again after log collec- tion is completed.The server is collecting logs.Failed to collect cluster logs from the server.An error occurred while collecting cluster logs.Failed to Login (Internal error)An internal error occurred when logging on to the WebManager.Failed to login.Incorrect password was entered three consecutive times.Incorrect password.Incorrect password was entered.Authorization failed.Password was changed while accessing the WebManager.Authorization failed. (In- ternal error.)An internal error occurred when accessing to the WebManager.		

Table 2.11 – continued from previous page

		Solution
Failed to get the list of mirror disk error.	Disk Agent failed to get the information on the mirror disk. Internal error of the Disk Agent occurred. The access to the Disk Agent from the EXPRESSCLUSTER Web Alert service failed. The processing timed out on the server.	Check if the Disk Agent is operating. If the Disk Agent is not operating, restart the server.
Failed to get the data for the cluster tree view from the server.	Failed to get the cluster data of the destination server. Failed to get all cluster data in the cluster tree view.	Check if EXPRESSCLUSTER is operating by running a command on the destination server Check if all cluster management IPs in the tree view are running normally.
Another user is perform- ing auto-search now. Try it again later.	Auto-search has already been performed from the other manager.	Retry auto-search later.
Internal error.	An internal error of the WebManager has occurred.	Perform the auto-search again. If an error still occurs, restart the EX- PRESSCLUSTER Web Alert service.
Not connected to the server now. The settings will be displayed when the connection recovers. Wait for a moment.	Because communication with WebManager failed, the changed setting is applied as soon as the connection is recovered.	Confirm that the EXPRESSCLUSTER Web Alert service is operating on the server side. Confirm that the server is connected normally.
Failed to recover the server "{0}". Click the Reload button, or try again later.	The displayed server status might not be the latest status. The status of the server that was changed by a different operation is not reflected on the display.	Click the Reload button, and retry the operation once the status has been updated.
	Message Failed to get the list of mirror disk error. Failed to get the data for the cluster tree view from the server. Another user is performing auto-search now. Try it again later. Internal error. Not connected to the server now. The settings will be displayed when the connection recovers. Wait for a moment. Failed to recover the server "{0}". Click the Reload button,	Failed to get the list of mirror disk error.Disk Agent failed to get the information on the mirror disk. Internal error of the Disk Agent for the Disk Agent form the EXPRESSCLUSTER Web Alert service failed. The access to the Disk Agent from the EXPRESSCLUSTER Web Alert service failed. The processing timed out on the server.Failed to get the data for the cluster tree view from the server.Failed to get the cluster data of the destination server. Failed to get all cluster data in the cluster tree view.Another user is perform- ing auto-search now. Try it again later.Auto-search has already been performed from the other manager.Internal error.An internal error of the WebManager has occurred.Not connected to the server now. The settings will be displayed when the connection recovers. Wait for a moment.Because communication si applied as soon as the connection is recovered.Failed to recover the server "(0)". Click the Reload button, or try again later.The displayed server status might not be the latest status. The status of the server that was changed by a different operation is not

Table	2.11	- continue	d from	previous page

Table 2.11 – continued from previous page				
Level	Message	Cause	Solution	
Error	Failed to migrate group "{0}" to server "{1}".	The displayed group status might not be the latest status. Operation from a different WebManager or operation by means of the clpgrp command might not have been reflected in the group status on the display.	Click the Reload button, and retry the operation once the status has been updated.	
Error	Failed to disable dummy failure of monitors. Click the Reload button, or try again later.	The displayed cluster status might not be the latest status. Operation from a different WebManager or operation by means of the clpmonctrl command might not have been reflected in the cluster status on the display.	Click the Reload button, and retry the operation once the status has been updated.	
Error	Failed to disable a part of dummy failure of monitors. Click the Reload button, or try again later.	The displayed cluster status might not be the latest status. Operation from a different WebManager or operation by means of the clpmonctrl command might not have been reflected in the cluster status on the display.	Click the Reload button, and retry the operation once the status has been updated.	
Error	Failed to enable dummy failure of monitor "{0}". Click the Reload button, or try again later.	The displayed cluster status might not be the latest status. Operation from a different WebManager or operation by means of the clpmonctrl command might not have been reflected in the cluster status on the display.	Click the Reload button, and retry the operation once the status has been updated.	

Table 2.11 – continued from previous page

Level	Message	Cause	Solution
Error			Click the Reload button,
	Failed to disable dummy failure of monitor "{0}". Click the Reload button, or try again later.	The displayed cluster status might not be the latest status. Operation from a different WebManager or operation by means of the clpmonctrl command might not have been reflected in the cluster status on the display.	and retry the operation once the status has been updated.
Error	Failed to get the license information.	Failed to obtain the li- cense information.	Check to see the license. Shut down and then reboot the cluster.
Error	The license information obtained from the server may be incomplete.	Part of the license infor- mation could not be ob- tained.	Check to see the license. Shut down and then reboot the cluster.
Error	The request to resume the cluster failed on some servers.	Some servers failed to re- sume the clusters.	Check the status of the server which failed to re- sume the clusters.
Error	Failed to get the time info from the server.	The time information could not be obtained.	Click the Reload button, and retry the operation once the status has been updated.
Error	Failed to clear the time info.	Failed to clear the time in- formation.	Click the Reload button, and retry the operation once the status has been updated.

Table 2.11 – continued from previous page

CHAPTER

THREE

FUNCTION OF THE BUILDER

This chapter provides information on functions of the EXPRESSCLUSTER X Builder.

This chapter covers:

- 3.1. Overview of the Builder
- 3.2. Details on the Builder screen
- 3.3. *Pop-up menu*
- 3.4. Using a tool bar of the Builder
- 3.5. Using the menu bar of the Builder
- 3.6. File menu
- 3.7. View menu
- 3.8. Edit menu
- 3.9. Help Menu
- 3.10. Parameter details
- 3.11. Cluster properties
- 3.12. Servers Properties
- 3.13. Server Properties
- 3.14. Installing the offline version of the Builder
- 3.15. Uninstalling the offline version of the Builder

3.1 Overview of the Builder

The Builder is a tool for creating and changing the cluster configuration data (config and/or script) for the EXPRESS-CLUSTER Ver3.0 or later.

Note: You cannot configure or display functions that have been added to or changed in versions later than EXPRESS-CLUSTER X 4.0.

There are two versions of the Builder; online version and offline version.

· Online version

To start the Builder, click Config Mode on the View menu or select the config mode icon [B] from the dropdown menu on the toolbar.

You can also directly connect to the server to create a cluster or change its configuration and distribute the cluster configuration data.

• Offline version

With the offline version Builder, you can create or change the cluster configuration data on the machine which cannot connect to a server.

To distribute the cluster configuration data, you need to use the clpcfctrl command.

See also:

For the system requirements of the Builder, see the corresponding web page.

Note:

In this guide, Builder refers to both the online version of Builder, which runs in WebManager config mode, and the offline version of Builder, which runs on the management PC.

"Host name" used in this guide represents the short name that excludes the domain name from a frequently qualified domain name (FQDN).

3.1.1 Limitations of the Builder

- The following products' cluster configuration data is not compatible. A Builder other than that of EXPRESSCLUSTER X 4.0 for Windows The Builder of the EXPRESSCLUSTER for Linux The Builder of the EXPRESSCLUSTER for Windows Value Edition
- Cluster configuration data created using a later version of this product cannot be used with this product.
- Cluster configuration data of EXPRESSCLUSTER X1.0/2.0/2.1/3.0/3.1/X3.2/X3.3/4.0 for Linux can be used with this product.

You can use such data by clicking Import from the File menu in the Builder.

• If you close the Web browser (by clicking **Exit** on the **File** menu or by clicking **X** on the window frame), the dialog box to confirm to save is displayed.



When you continue to edit, click the **Cancel** button.

Note: This dialog box is not displayed if JavaScript is disabled.

• Reloading the Web browser (by clicking **Reload** on the **Tool** menu or the **Reload** icon on the toolbar), the dialog box to confirm to save is displayed.

Are you sure you want to navigate away from this page?
The settings that have not been applied will be destroyed.
Press OK to continue, or Cancel to stay on the current page

When you continue to edit, click the **Cancel** button.

Note: This dialog box is not displayed if JavaScript is disabled.

- If you change the screen resolution while the Builder is running, the Java VM stack trace (example: NullPointerException) may be logged on the Java console. The Builder can keep running.
- If you press **Esc** while a pull-down menu of your browser is displayed, the Java VM stack trace (example: NullPointerException) may be logged on the Java console. The Builder can keep running.
- In some cases, you cannot use the keyboard because the keyboard focus of the Builder becomes disabled (the focus changes to the Web browser). Click the Builder window and get the focus back to the Builder.
- When you are using the multi-display function, do not run the Builder on the secondary display. Otherwise, it may not work properly. For example, the screen is not displayed. Use the Builder on the primary display.
- On the Alert Log tab (see "3.11.10. *Alert Log tab*"), for Max. Number to Save Alert Records, if you set a number smaller than the current one, all alert logs will be deleted. Take into account the available disk space, and specify the number before you start the operation.
- In the environment where Internet Explorer is used, disable **Protected Mode** on the security setting of Internet Explorer.
- The JIS 2004-unique characters are not supported. Thus, you cannot enter or view the characters added by JIS 2004.
- The Builder does not run normally through the Reverse Proxy server.
- When you use the Offline Builder and the EXPRESSCLUSTER rpm, a combination of their versions should be the one shown below. The Builder may not operate properly if they are used in a different combination.

Offline Builder version	EXPRESSCLUSTER internal version
4.0.0-1	
	12
	12.01

3.2 Details on the Builder screen

This topic explains the Builder screen layout.

3.2.1 Overview of the EXPRESSCLUSTER X Builder

The screen layout of the Builder is displayed below.



The tree view on the left pane shows the cluster objects in the hierarchical order. If you select an object from the tree view, its subordinate objects are displayed in the table view on the right pane.

3.2.2 Tree view

The following objects are displayed in the tree view:

Hierarchy	Object	Contents	Table view when the ob-
			ject is selected
1	10	Represents the cluster.	Displays cluster names.
2		Represents a set of groups	Displays groups.
	•	in the clusters	
	Groups		
3	a)	Represents each group.	Displays group names.
2		Represents a set of mon-	Displays monitors.
		itor resources in the clus-	
	Monitors	ters	
2		Represents a set of servers	Displays servers.
	•	in the clusters	
	Servers		
3	କ୍	Represents an individual	Displays server names.
		server.	Displays server names.

3.2.3 Table view

3.2.4 Table for cluster name selection

Displays objects in the root hierarchy.

<u>File View Edit H</u> elp	
🕞 Config Mode 💌 🚭 📳	%
cluster Servers	Name Servers
- Carlos	Groups
- = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	Monitors
allover1	
- 👪 failover2 - 👪 ManagementGroup	
Monitors	

3.2.5 Table for group selection

Group list

Displays the failover priorities of the groups.

<u>File View Edit H</u> elp					
🕞 Config Mode 💌 🚭 🗒	\$ %				
🕅 cluster	Group Start Deper	ndency Stop	Dependency		
Servers Server1	Name	Туре	server1	server2	Comment
server2	failover1	failover	1	2	
P ☐ Groups	failover2	failover	1	2	
failover1	ManagementGroup	cluster	1	2	
failover2					
ManagementGroup					
- Monitors					

Column name	Overview
Name	Displays the group names in alphanumerical or-
	der.
Туре	Displays the group type.
Server names (The number of columns dynamically increases or decreases according to the number of servers)	Represents the startup order of groups on the servers displayed by column names. The top priority is represented with "1." This is blank if the startup priority is the same as that of the server. This is blank for the WebManager group.
Comment	Displays comments specified for the groups.

Start Dependence

The dependencies included in the group start dependence are listed.

Eile View Edit Help	%		
ki cluster • Dervers	Group Start Dep		
server1	Depth 0	Name failover1	Dependent Group Name none
← 🗐 server2 ♀- 🗂 Groups	0	failover2	none
ailover1	0	ManagementGroup	none
Ailover2 ManagementGroup			

Column name	Overview
Depth	Represents the target start order of groups in the name cells. If start dependence is not applied to any group, "0" is displayed. Groups are displayed in the depth order.
Name	Displays group names.
Dependent Group Name	Displays the group start dependence names in the name cells. If start dependence is not applied to any group, "none" is displayed. If there are multiple start dependence groups, they are displayed on separate rows.
	they are displayed on separate lows.

The levels of depth are illustrated below. Arrows (->) in the figure represent group start dependence targets.



The dependencies represented by this figure are listed below.

Depth	Name	Start Dependence Group Name
0	group1	none
1	group2	group1
1	group4	group1
2	group3	group2
2	group5	group4

Stop Dependence

The dependencies included in the group stop dependence are listed.

<u>File View Edit Help</u>			
🕞 Config Mode 💌 🚭 📳	%		
Cluster	Group Start Depe	ndency Stop Dependency	
Servers	Depth	Name	Dependent Group Name
server2	0	failover1	none
- Groups	0	failover2	none
allover1	0	ManagementGroup	none
failover2			
ManagementGroup			
Monitors			

Column name	Overview
Depth	Represents the target stop order of groups in the name cells. If stop dependence is not applied to any group, "0" is displayed. Groups are displayed in the depth order.
Name	Displays group names.
Dependence Group Name	Displays the group stop dependence names in the name cells. If stop dependence is not applied to any group, "none" is displayed. If there are multiple stop dependence groups, they are displayed on separate rows.

The levels of depth are illustrated below. Arrows (->) in the figure represent group stop dependence targets.



The dependencies represented by this figure are listed below.

Depth	Name	Stop Dependence Group Name
0	group1	none
1	group2	group1
1	group4	group1
2	group3	group2
2	group5	group4

3.2.6 Table for group name selection

Resources

Group resources in the selected group are listed.

<u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> iew <u>E</u> dit <u>H</u> elp				
😼 Config Mode 🗨 🖼 😫 💘 📽				
cluster	Resources	Entire Dependency		
server1	Name	Туре	Resource Information	Comment
	appli1	application resource	application.exe,	
- Croups	fip1	floating ip resource	192.168.17.73	
failover1	hd1	hybrid disk resource	H:	
ManagementGrou	md1	mirror disk resource	M:	
Monitors	h			

Column name	Overview
Name	Displays group resource names in alphanumerical order.
Туре	Displays a group resource type.
Resource Information	Displays objects to be activated or deactivated for the group resource.
Comment	Displays comments specified for the group resource.

Dependency List

Dependency among group resources in a selected group is listed.

<u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> iew <u>E</u> dit <u>H</u> elp				
🕞 Config Mode 🛛 🗲) 👯 9	8		
cluster	Resour	ces Entire Depend	ency	
server1	Depth	Name	Dependent Resource Name	Туре
server2	0	fip1	none	
- Groups	0	hd1	none	
failover1	0	md1	none	
ManagementGroup	1	appli1		cifs resource
				floating ip resource
Monitors				hybrid disk resource
				mirror disk resource
				nas resource
				registry synchroniza
			-	disk resource
			-	print spooler resour
				virtual computer na
				virtual ip

Column name	Overview
Depth	Represents the target activation order of group resources in the name cells. If a group resource does not depend on any group resource, "0" is displayed. Group resources are displayed in the depth order.
Name	Displays the group resource name.
Dependent Resource Name	Displays the group resource names that the group resources in the name cells depend on. If a group resource does not depend on any group resource, "none" is displayed. When following the default dependency, "" is displayed. If there are multiple dependent resources, they are displayed in separate rows.
Туре	Displays the group resource type in Dependent Resource Name. When following the default dependency, the dependent type is displayed.

The levels of depth are illustrated below. Arrows (->) in the figure represent the group resource activation order.



The dependencies in this figure are listed below. These are not the default dependencies, but specified with resource names.

Depth	Name	Dependent Resource Name	Туре
0	disk1	none	-
0	disk2	none	-
1	fip1	disk1	disk resource
1	fip2	disk2	disk resource
2	script1	fip1	floating ip resource
-	-	fip2	floating ip resource

3.2.7 Table for monitor resource selection

Displays the list of monitor resources.

<u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> iew <u>E</u> dit <u>H</u> elp				
🕞 Config Mode 🛛 🖛 🖻	88 88			
🛗 cluster	Name	Туре	Monitored Destination	Comment
🛉 🛅 Servers	appliw1	application monitor	appli1	
🔤 📹 server1	fipw1	floating ip monitor	fip1	
👘 server2	hdtw1	hybrid-disk TUR monitor	hd1	
🕈 🥅 Groups	hdw1	hybrid disk monitor	hd1	
failover1	mdnw1	mirror connect monitor	md1	
ManagementGroup	mdw1	mirror disk monitor	md1	
- Monitors				

Column name	Overview
Name	Displays monitor resource names in alphanumerical order.
Туре	Displays the monitor resource type.
Monitored Destination	Displays the monitor resource to be monitored.
Comment	Displays comments specified for the monitor resource.

3.2.8 Table for server selection

Displays the list of servers.



Column name	Overview
Name	Displays server names in alphanumerical order.
Туре	If the server is specified as the master server, "Master" is displayed.
Comment	Displays comments specified for the server.

3.2.9 Table for server name selection

Displays the list of groups allowed to start on the selected server.

Elle View Edit Help			
Cluster Servers Servers server1 server2 Groups failover1 Monitors	Crder 1 1	Name failover1 ManagementGroup	Comment

Column name	Overview	
Order		
	Displays the server priority. The groups in the name	
	cells start on servers in this order.	
	"1" is displayed for the top priority.	
	This list is displayed in the descending order of priority.	
	This field is blank if the group does not have a specific startup order of servers (if it follows the servers'	
	priorities). The WebManager group is not displayed.	
Name	Displays the group name.	
Comment	Displays comments specified for the group.	

3.3 Pop-up menu

Pop-up menus are displayed by right-clicking a tree object or table row.

If select	Displayed menu	Refer to
	Cluster Generation Wizard	3.6.1. Creating a new cluster
题		
no_cluster_name		
	Remove Cluster	3.8.2. <i>Removing an object</i>
10		
cluster_name		
	Rename Server	3.8.3. Renaming an object
	Properties	3.8.4. Properties
	Add Server	3.8.1. Adding an object
Servers		
	Properties	3.8.4. Properties
	Remove Server	3.8.2. Removing an object
E		
server_name		
	Rename Server	3.8.3. <i>Renaming an object</i>
	Properties	3.8.4. Properties
	Add monitor resource	3.8.1. Adding an object
Monitor		
	Add Group	3.8.1. Adding an object
Groups		
	Add Group for WebManager	3.8.1. Adding an object
	Properties	Group resource details in the Refer-
	Add Resource	ence Guide. 3.8.1. <i>Adding an object</i>
a	Auu Resource	5.0.1. Auting an Object
-		
group_name		
	Remove Group	3.8.2. <i>Removing an object</i>
	Rename Group	3.8.3. Renaming an object
	Properties	3.8.4. Properties
group_resource_name	Remove Resource	3.8.2. <i>Removing an object</i>
group_resource_name	Rename Resource	3.8.3. <i>Renaming an object</i>
	Properties	3.8.4. Properties
monitor_resource_name	Remove Monitor Resource	3.8.2. <i>Removing an object</i>
	Rename Monitor Resource	3.8.3. Renaming an object
	Properties	3.8.4. Properties
	rioperues	5.0.4. Fropennes

3.4 Using a tool bar of the Builder

The Builder provides a toolbar:

- Online Version
 Elle View Edit Help
 Config Mode
 G
 G
- Offline Version

There is a drop down menu for mode switch on the left side of the toolbar with online version. For details on this menu, see "2.2. *Window of the WebManager*" "2.2.1. *Main window of the WebManager*" "Toolbar" in "2. *Functions of the WebManager*".

Click each icon on the tool bar to do the same operation of the some items on the menu bar.

Button	Function	Refer to
8	Opens a file. This is the same as clicking File from the menu bar and then selecting Open.	"3.6.2. Opening the configuration file"
	Saves a file. This is the same as clicking File from the menu bar and then selecting Save.	"3.6.3. Saving the configuration file"
8	Get the configuration. This is the same as clicking Get the Configu- ration File on the File menu. This is not available with the offline ver- sion.	"3.6.4. Get the configuration file (online version only)"
%	Apply the configuration. This is the same as clicking Apply the Config- uration File on the File menu. This is not available with the offline ver- sion.	"3.6.5. Apply the configuration file (online version only)"

3.5 Using the menu bar of the Builder

You can perform various operations by using the menu bar of the Builder. This topic explains the operations to be executed using the menu bar.

3.6 File menu

Select **File** to display the following menu.

Menu	Function
New File	Creates a new cluster.
Cluster Generation Wizard	Starts the cluster generation wizard.
Import	Read the cluster configuration information file.
Export	Save the configuration information as the cluster configuration information file.
Get the Configuration File	Connect to the cluster and get the current configuration information (online version only).
Apply the Configuration File	Apply the configuration information to the cluster (online version only).
Update Server Data	Update the server IP address and the device information (online version only).
Option	Starts the Option dialog box.
Save Log Files	Starts the Save Logs dialog box.
Exit	Exits the Builder.



3.6.1 Creating a new cluster

Create a new cluster using the Builder.

Important: If you create a new cluster, the cluster configuration data that has been edited will be discarded. Be sure to save the required data before you create a new cluster.

- 1. On the menu bar, click File and then click New File.
- 2. If you made changes in the cluster configuration data, a dialog box asks if you want to save them before they are discarded. Click **Yes** to save the changes. A dialog where you can specify a folder to save the cluster configuration data is displayed. If you do not want to save the changes, click **No**. For how to save the data, see "3.6.3. *Saving the configuration file*".
- 3. On the left pane of the screen on the tree view displayed, right-click the cluster icon and click **Cluster Generation Wizard**. Use the **Cluster Generation Wizard** to create a cluster.

3.6.2 Opening the configuration file

Select **Import** to open the saved cluster configuration data. A tree view is displayed by the configuration file that has been read.

Select this to restart editing a temporary file saved while editing the configuration data.

How to use:

- 1. Click **Import** from the **File** menu.
- 2. The **Open** dialog is displayed. Select an appropriate configuration file and click **Open**. The data of the configuration file is displayed in the Builder.

Look in: 🗖	data	- 3 6 6 8 8
scripts		
File <u>N</u> ame: Files of <u>Ty</u> pe:	clp.conf	

For File Name, select or type "clp.conf."

3.6.3 Saving the configuration file

Click **Export** to save the cluster configuration data you are editing. This menu becomes available if you have created a cluster configuration data. Save the file as "clp.conf."

To save a cluster configuration data, the following conditions should be satisfied.

- The server exists.
- Kernel-mode LAN heartbeat resource exists.

How to use:

- 1. Select **Export** from the **File** menu.
- 2. The **Save** dialog is displayed. Select an appropriate place to save the configuration file and click **Save**.

🕌 Save				
Save in: 📑	data	-	a ĉ C	
scripts				
🗋 clp.conf				
File <u>N</u> ame:	clp.conf			
Files of <u>T</u> ype:	Config file(clp.conf)			-
		_		
			Save C	ancel

For File Name, select or type "clp.conf."

Note:

When using Builder on the server on which EXPRESSCLUSTER is operated, do not edit etc\clp.conf in the EXPRESSCLUSTER installation path. Otherwise, messages regarding how to apply the changes are not properly displayed, and/or EXPRESSCLUSTER may not work properly. Save the file on a different directory temporarily. When uploading is performed by using the clpcfctrl command, specify the directory where the file is saved by using the -x option.

3.6.4 Get the configuration file (online version only)

Get the cluster configuration data set to the connected server. Tree view is displayed according to the got configuration file,

If any changes have been made in the data which is being edited, a dialog box that asks if you want to save the data is displayed.

Click **Yes** to save the changes. A dialog where you can specify a folder to save the cluster configuration data is displayed. For how to save the data, see "3.6.3. *Saving the configuration file*".

If you do not need to save the changes, click **No**. The cluster configuration that is being edited is discarded and the configuration file is got.

If you want to cancel getting, click Cancel.

Note: Do not create a folder or a file under the *<*EXPRESSCLUSTER installation path>\scripts on the server. Getting the configuration file may fail if you create a file or a folder.

3.6.5 Apply the configuration file (online version only)

Apply the cluster configuration data that is being edited to the connected server. You can select this menu when you open a valid cluster configuration file.

The following conditions must be satisfied to apply the configuration file.

- A server exists.
- A LAN heartbeat resource of kernel mode exists.

Note: If this condition is not satisfied, connection to the other server will fail, so applying of the cluster configuration data fails. In this case, you can forcibly apply the cluster configuration data only to a server to which connection is possible. For details, see "Creating a cluster (clpcfctrl --push)" in "Creating a cluster and backing up configuration data (clpcfctrl command)" in "EXPRESSCLUSTER command reference" in the "Reference Guide".

Note: When using a hybrid disk resource, do not apply configuration information if any part of the server is stopped. If configuration information is applied in this state, an error will be detected in the control module of the hybrid disk resource, possibly causing the server to shut down.

The following message is displayed while applying the cluster configuration data. If the applying the data fails, take an action according to the error message, and apply the data again.

Message	Solution
The apply is completed successfully.	-
Changes applied successfully. Some services have been stopped in order to apply the changes. Use the following steps to resume the stopped services.	If you select Yes, indicated operation is carried out.
<necessary operation=""> Execute now ?</necessary>	
There is the disk information that is not configured. Are you sure you want automatic configuration?	Some GUID information of the volume is not config- ured. If you select Yes, automatic configuration is per- formed by determining the current GUID information from the derive letter.
There is the HBA information that is not configured. Are you sure you want automatic configuration?	The HBA information is not configured for the server where the information of HBA for accessing the shared disk was configured at the time of the installation. If you select Yes, the information configured at the time of the installation is inherited.
There is difference between the disk information in the configuration information and the disk information in the server. Are you sure you want automatic modification?	The combination between the GUID information of the volume and the drive letter does not match with the one on the actual servers. If you select Yes, automatic configuration is performed by determining the current GUID information from the derive letter.
The upload was stopped. There is one or more servers that cannot be connected to. To apply clus- ter configuration information forcibly, run the clpcfc- trl command on the server.	Since there is a server that cannot be connected to exist in the cluster, applying the cluster configuration data has been canceled. Make sure that all the servers in the cluster have been started, and then apply the cluster configuration data. If you want to apply the cluster configuration data forcibly even though there is a server that cannot be connected in the cluster, see "Creating a cluster (clpcfctrlpush)" in "Creating a cluster and backing up configuration data (clpcfctrl command)" in " EXPRESSCLUSTER command reference" in the Reference Guide.
An error occurred when applying data to the cluster. Cfctrl (%0)	Since an error has occurred while performing process- ing, applying the cluster configuration data has been canceled. Apply the data again.

Message	Solution
Checking the cluster configuration file failed.	There are differences between the IP addresses
Check the following settings.	included in the cluster configuration information and
Server Name, IP address for interconnect, IP	the IP addresses currently set to each server. Check
address for Integrated WebManager	correct IP addresses are set or not.

Table 3.17 – continued from previous page

See also:

If a server that cannot be connected exists in the cluster, the cluster configuration information cannot be applied from the Builder. In this case, by running the clpcfctrl command, you can forcibly apply the cluster configuration information only on the server that can be connected.

Follow the steps below to forcibly apply the cluster configuration data.

- (1) Save the cluster configuration data to an appropriate directory of the local disk from the Builder. Example) Save the configuration data to C:\config
- (2) Save the cluster configuration data that you have saved on a server in the cluster. Example) Save the data in C:\config that you have saved in step (1) in the C:\tmp directory on a server in the cluster.
- (3) Run the following command on the server where the cluster configuration data has been saved.

```
clpcfctrl --push -x "Directory where the cluster configuration data has \_ \_been \ saved" --force
```

Example) Run the following command on the server where step (2) has been performed.

clpcfctrl --push -x "C:\tmp" --force

3.6.6 Updating the server information (online version only)

Get the information of the specified server.

The license information is also obtained when getting the IP list or device information. If the license for **Java Resource Agent** is registered, the **JVM monitor** tab will appear in **Cluster Properties**. You will be able to create resources and monitor resources corresponding to the registered licenses.

🕌 Update Server Info	
Update Item	
✓ IP List	✓ Device Info
Select Server	
Server name server1 server2	
	OK Cancel

Update Item

• IP List
Get the IP address list.

• Device Info Get the device information of disk.

Select Server

Specify the servers from which the information is obtained. By clicking the check box on the table title, the status of all the server check boxes can be changed at once.

3.6.7 Changing communication settings

Select **Option** and then the **Online** tab to change settings for server communication. This settings are not recognized in the offline version.

Option	×
Online Log	
<u>Communication</u> Timeout	120 sec
	Initialize
	OK Cancel Apply

Communication Timeout (0 to 999)

This is the time-out value when accessing a server.

3.6.8 Changing log level settings of Builder

Select **Option** and then the **Log** tab to change the log level of the Builder.

Option	×
Online Log	
Log Level	INFORMATION
Output on Java <u>C</u> onsole	
	Initialize
	OK Cancel Apply

Log Level

Configure the level of internal logs that Builder produces during operating.

• ERROR

Select this to read only error-level logs .

• WARNING

Select this to read warning-level and error-level logs.

• INFORMATION

Select this to read information-level, warning-level, and error-level logs.

• TRACE1,2,3

Select this to read logs of internal trace, and those from the information, warning and error levels. The greater the number is, more detailed the trace is.

Output on Java Console

Click this to configure whether or not to report logs to the Java console.

3.6.9 Collecting Builder logs

Select Save Log Files to collect the Builder logs.

🕌 Save Logs		×
Save In:	Documents	- A î 🗖 🔡 🖿
File <u>N</u> ame:	clpbldrlog.zip	
Files of <u>T</u> ype:	zip Files(*.zip)	-
		Save Cancel

Specify the destination to store logs, and select Save.

3.6.10 Exiting from the Builder

Exit from the Builder by selecting Exit. Do not exit from your Web browser.

If any change was made in the cluster configuration data, a dialog box asks if you want to save the changes. Select **Yes** to save the changes. The dialog box where you can specify a folder to save the file is displayed. For how to save the file, refer to "3.6.3. *Saving the configuration file*". Select **No** if you do not need to save the changes. Exit from the Builder discarding the changes you made in the cluster configuration data.

3.7 View menu

Select View menu on the online version and the following pull down menu is displayed.

File	View	Edit He	lp
C Operation Mode			
10 Cl	<u>R</u> efer Verific	g Mode ence Mode c <u>a</u> tion Mode erver2	Ocivera
Groups Groups Gailover1 Gailover2 ManagementGr Monitors		ailover1 ailover2 lanagemer	ntGroup

3.7.1 Operation Mode

Switches from the currently displayed mode to the WebManager operation mode. This is the same as selecting **Operation Mode** from the drop-down menu on the toolbar.

3.7.2 Config Mode

Switches from the currently displayed mode to the Builder setup mode. This is the same as selecting **Config Mode** from the drop-down menu on the toolbar.

3.7.3 Reference Mode

Switches from the currently displayed mode to the WebManager reference mode. This is the same as selecting **Reference Mode** from the drop-down menu on the toolbar.

3.7.4 Verification Mode

Switches from the currently displayed mode to the WebManager verification mode. This is the same as selecting **Verification Mode** from the drop-down menu on the toolbar.

3.8 Edit menu

To open the **Edit** menu: on the menu bar, click **Edit**.

Menu	Function
Add	Adds the object.
Remove	Deletes the selected object.
Rename	Changes the name of the selected object.
Properties	Displays the properties of the selected object.
Add Management Group	Adds the management group.

<u>F</u> ile	View	<u>E</u> dit	<u>H</u> elp	
	onfig M uster) Serve = 🗐 Si	<u>R</u> er Re <u>r</u>	nove jame perties	Name Vers vups
•- () 		ilover anage	Management Group 1 ementGroup	hitors

3.8.1 Adding an object

Displays the wizard for adding a server, group, group resource or monitor resource.

What you can add varies depending on what you select as shown below.

If select	Object to be added
	Group
Groups	
	Group for WebManager
	Group resource
2	
group_name	
	Monitor resource
Monitors	
	Server
Servers	

Note: If Auto Failback is set to Failback Attribute in Group Properties, a mirror disk resource/hybrid disk resource cannot be added. Set Failback Attribute to Manual Failback and add a mirror disk resource and hybrid disk resource.

3.8.2 Removing an object

Displays a dialog box that asks if you want to remove the selected cluster, server, group, group resource, or monitor resource. Select **Yes** for removing and **No** for not removing it.

To remove a cluster, select New File from the File menu.

You cannot remove an object if any of the following conditions is met:

If select	Conditions	How to change
banda da anticipada da anticip	None	
server Name	 There is no other server. The server is the only server where the group can start up. 	Suspend and resume the cluster dae- mon
a Group Name	 A recovery target of monitor resource⁶. Has group resources. 	Stop the group Suspend and resume the cluster daemon Resume the group
Group Resource Name	 A recovery target of monitor resource⁶. A target object in the monitoring timing of monitor resource⁶. To be monitored by the mirror disk monitor resource⁶. A mirror disk resource that uses the mirror connect to be monitored by the mirror disk connect monitor resource⁶. Other group resources in the same group depend on it. 	Stop the group Suspend and resume the cluster daemon Resume the group
Monitor Resource Name	 No condition for those other than mirror disk monitor resource. Auto Mirror Recovery is selected on the Mirror Disk tab of Cluster Properties for mirror disk monitor resource. 	Suspend and resume the cluster dae- mon

 6 A message asks if you want to delete the specified object's monitor resources. If you select **Yes**, the specified object's monitor resources will be deleted, and the object will be removed.

3.8.3 Renaming an object

Displays a dialog box for renaming the selected cluster, server, group, group resource, or monitor resource.

[server1] Change S	erver Name	×
	Enter a new server name	
<u>N</u> ew Name	server1	
		OK Cancel

The following are restrictions for each of the objects.

If select	Naming rules	How to change
Group Name	 Only alphanumeric characters, hyphen (-), underscore (_) and space are allowed for names. Up to 63 characters (63 bytes) Names cannot start or end with a hyphen (-) or space. 	Stop the group Suspend and resume the cluster daemon Resume the group
Group Resource Name	 Only alphanumeric characters, hyphen (-), underscore (_) and space are allowed for names. Up to 63 characters (63 bytes) Names cannot start or end with a hyphen (-) or space. 	Stop the group Suspend and resume the cluster daemon Resume the group
Cluster Name Monitor Resource Name	 Only alphanumeric characters, hyphen (-), underscore (_) and space are allowed for names. Up to 63 characters (63 bytes) Names cannot start or end with a hyphen (-) or space. 	Suspend and resume the cluster dae- mon

Continued on next page

If select	Naming rules	How to change
If select Server Name	 Naming rules There are naming rules that are the same as the host name of TCP/IP that can be set by the OS. It should be completely the same as the name set to the server. Up to 63 characters (63 bytes) Neither hyphen (-) nor space can be the first or last letter in names. Underscore (_) is not allowed. A name consisting of only numbers is not allowed. Do not use "localhost" as the 	How to change When changing a server name, you have to be careful. For the server name renaming procedure, see "The system maintenance information" in the "Maintenance Guide".
	server name.	

Table 3.21 – continued from previous page

Names should be unique (case-insensitive) by categories such as cluster, server, group, group resource and monitor resource.

3.8.4 Properties

Displays properties of a selected cluster, servers, server, group, group resource, or monitor resource. For details, see "3.10. *Parameter details*".

3.9 Help Menu

3.9.1 Checking the version information of the Builder

To check the version information of the Builder, click Help in the menu bar, and then select Version Information.

3.10 Parameter details

3.11 Cluster properties

In Cluster Properties, you can view and change the cluster's settings.

3.11.1 Info tab

You can view the cluster name, and enter or change a comment for this cluster.

🕌 [cluster] Cluster Propert	ies	×
Alert Log Delay Warning Info Interconnect NP		JVM Monitor Extension lert Service WebManager
Cluster Na <u>m</u> e	cluster	
<u>C</u> omment		
Language	English	•
		OK Cancel Apply

Cluster Name

The cluster name is displayed. You cannot change the name here.

Comment

You can enter a comment for the cluster. Only alphanumeric characters are allowed.

Language

Select a language for cluster from the following. Set the language (locale) of OS on which the WebManager runs.

- English
- Japanese
- Chinese

3.11.2 Interconnect tab

🕌 [cluster] Cluster Properties X
 Alert Log
 Delay Warning
 Disk
 Mirror Disk
 Account
 RIP(Legacy)
 Migration
 JVM Monitor
 Extension

 Info
 Interconnect
 NP Resolution
 Timeout
 Port No.
 Monitor
 Recovery
 Alert Service
 WebManage
 WebManager Heartbeat I/F Priority List Priority MDC Туре server1 server2 Add Kernel Mode 💌 mdc1 ▼ 192.168.0 1 ▼ 192.168.0 2 <u>R</u>emove Kernel Mode ▼ Do Not Use ▼ 10.0.0.1 ▼ 10.0.0.2 -Up D<u>o</u>wn Server Down Notification Oni<u>c</u>ast Broadcast OK Cancel Apply

This tab allows you to set up network communication paths between cluster servers.

The Heartbeat I/F Priority List displays network communication paths between servers in the cluster.

Add

Adds a communication path. To specify the IP address of the communication path for each server, click a cell in each server's column, and then select or enter the address. For a communication route to which some servers are not connected, leave the cells for the unconnected servers blank.

Remove

Removes a communication path. Select the column of the communication path to remove, and then click **Remove** to remove the selected path.

Type

For a communication route used for kernel mode LAN heartbeat transmission (interconnect), click a cell in the **Type** column, and then select **Kernel Mode**.

Specify as many communication routes for the interconnect as possible.

To use a BMC heartbeat resource, select BMC.

To prepare a dedicated data mirroring communication path (mirror disk connect), click the **Type** column cell and then select **Mirror Communication Only**.

MDC column

To use a communication path as a mirror disk connect, click the **MDC** column cell and then select a mirror disk connect.

The entry differs depending on the type.

- Kernel Mode or Mirror Communication Only Select a mirror disk connect from the combo box.
 When a mirror disk connect is not used, select **Do Not Use**.
- BMC

No mirror disk connect is available.

Do Not Use is automatically entered in the MDC column cell and the cell cannot be edited.

Up & Down

When multiple IP addresses for Integrated WebManager are configured, the communication path with the smallest number in the Priority column is used preferentially for the internal communication among cluster servers. To change the priority, change the order of selected rows with **Up** or **Down**. It is recommended to specify a higher priority for the interconnect communication path than any other paths.

Note: Priority is used to decide on the priority of communication routes used for internal communication between the servers in the cluster. Heartbeat between the servers in the cluster is implemented on all communication routes that are set up for heartbeat, regardless of Priority.

Server column

The entry differs depending on the type.

- Kernel Mode or Mirror Communication Only Enter IP address. Leave the cells for any unused paths blank.
- BMC

Enter the BMC IP address. When the BMC is not used, leave the cell blank.

Note:

• More than one IP addresses which belong to the same network address cannot exist in a single server. And also, inclusive relation cannot exist like the following relation.

```
IP address:10.1.1.10, subnet mask:255.255.0.0
IP address:10.1.2.10, subnet mask:255.255.255.0
```

• To list the IP addresses to be set for the interconnect in the list box on the online version Builder, execute **Update Server Info** from the **File** menu.

Server Down Notification

When a server stops successfully (including shutdown and reboot), it is notified to other servers in the cluster. You can perform failover faster by notifying it in advance.

When failing to deactivate groups when a server stops (including shutdown and reboot), or when other abnormalities occur, other servers are not notified of it regardless of the settings of failed server notification.

- When the check box is selected Server down will be notified.
- When the check box is not selected Server down will not be notified.

Broadcast and Unicast

Select the communication method of a kernel mode LAN heartbeat from the following.

Broadcast

Communicate in broad cast method. However, it cannot be used with IP v6.

Unicast

Communicate in unicast method

3.11.3 NP Resolution tab

Set up the network partition (NP) resolution method.

🕌 [duster] Cluster Properties	×
Alert Log Delay Warning Disk Mirror Disk Account RIP(Legacy) Migration JVM Monitor	
Info Interconnect NP Resolution Timeout Port No. Monitor Recovery Alert Service	WebManager
NP Resolution List	
Type Ping Target server1 server2	Ad <u>d</u>
	<u>R</u> emove
	<u>P</u> roperties
	Tuning
ОК Са	ncel <u>A</u> pply

Add

Add network partition resolution (NP resolution) resource. Click the **Type** column cell and select the type of NP resolution type (**COM**, **DISK**, **Ping**, **Majority**). If the type is **Ping**, click the Ping target column cell and set the IP address of the Ping destination device. Click the cell of each server and set **Use** or **Do Not Use**.

Remove

Remove network partition resolution resource. Select the network partition resolution resource to be removed and click **Remove**, then the selected network partition resolution resource is removed.

Properties

Only available when the selected resource type is **DISK** or **Ping**. The **DISK NP Properties** or **Ping NP Properties** window is displayed.

Tuning

Network Partition Resolution Tuning Properties window is displayed.

Туре

Set the type of network partition resolution resource. COM, DISK, Ping, Majority is selectable.

Ping Target

Set the IP address of the Ping destination device with Ping method NP resolution. Available only when the type is **Ping**.

Server

Entry differs depending on the type.

```
• COM
```

Enter the COM port used on communication.

• DISK

Enter the drive letter for disk heartbeat partition.

Note: To list the drive letters to be set for the disk heartbeat partition in the list box on the online version Builder, execute **Update Server Info** from the **File** menu.

• Ping, Majority

Select either Use or Do Not Use.

DISK NP Properties

Disk NP Properties	
IO <u>W</u> ait Time	80 sec
Monitor	
Interval	60 sec
Timeout	300 sec
Retry Count	0 time
	Initialize
	OK Cancel

• IO Wait Time

Set the disk I/O wait time. Set the value so that the value exceeds the maximum delay time of the disk I/O of the shared disk device. When the disk path is duplicated, I/O delay caused by switching path needs to be considered.

Interval

Set the disk heartbeat interval.

• Timeout

Set the disk heartbeat timeout.

Retry Count

Set the retry count.

• Initialize

Set the I/O wait time, interval, timeout and retry count to the default values.

Ping NP Properties

Ping NP Properties		×
Interface		
Group		
No 1	IP Address	Add
1	192.168.0.254	Remove
		<u>I</u> cinove
IP Address		
192.168.0.254	IP Address	A <u>d</u> d
		Re <u>m</u> ove
		Edit
		Ean
Detailed Settings		
Interval		5 sec
		3 sec
<u>T</u> imeout		3 Sec
Retry Count		3 time
		Initialize
		OK Cancel

• Add Group List

Add IP address group of Ping target.

The maximum number of registered group is 16.

If multiple IP addresses are registered in one group, and if the state in which no response to the ping command is returned from all the IP addresses is maintained, NP resolution processing cannot be performed (if there is even one IP address responding to the ping command, NP resolution processing can be performed). Also, if multiple groups are registered, and if the state in which no response to the ping command is returned from any one group is maintained, NP resolution processing cannot be performed (if all groups respond to the ping command, NP resolution processing can be done).

Remove Group List

Remove the selected group.

Add IP Address List

Add IP address to the selected group.

The maximum number of registered IP address is 16.

Maximum 256 IP addresses are able to be registered to a single Ping NP resource, and 16 kinds of IP addresses can be registered. (The same IP addresses can be used.)

Remove IP Address List

Remove the selected IP address from the list.

• Edit

Edit the selected IP address.

• Interval

Set the Ping interval

• Timeout

Set the timeout of Ping response wait.

Retry Count

Set the retry count.

Initialize

Set the interval, timeout and retry count to the default values. Note that, when an interval and retry count are specified, the following conditional expression must be satisfied. If not satisfied, NP resolution processing cannot be performed normally.

```
Conditional expression)
Heartbeat timeout > (interval * retry count)
```

Network Partition Resolution Tuning Properties

🛓 Network Partition Re	solution Tuning Proper	ties	— ———————————————————————————————————
Action at <u>N</u> P Occurrenc	e		
	Emergency shutdown		-
			Initialize
		ОК	Cancel Apply

- Action at NP Occurrence
 - Stop the cluster service
 Stop the EXPRESSCLUSTER Server service of the server in network partition.
 - Stop the cluster service and shutdown OS
 Stop the EXPRESSCLUSTER Server service of the server in network partition, and then shuts down the OS.
 - Stop the cluster service and reboot OS
 Stop the EXPRESSCLUSTER Server service of the server in network partition, and then reboots the OS.
 - Emergency shutdown
 Shutdown the server in network partition.
 - Generate an intentional stop error Intentionally cause stop error for the server in network partition.
 - Reset the hardware⁷
 Restart the server by HW reset in network partition.

Note:

When mirror disk resources or hybrid disk resources are used, it is not recommended that you set **Stop the cluster service** for **Action at NP Occurrence**.

If **Stop the cluster service** is set, you might have to run the forcible mirror recovery at the time of recovery from NP occurrence.

• Initialize

- Set the actions at NP occurrence to the default settings.

⁷ This function does not require ipmiutil, unlike the forced stop function.

3.11.4 Timeout tab

Specify values such as time-out on this tab.

🛃 [cluster] Cluster Properties	×
Alert Log Delay Warning Disk Mirror Disk Account RIP(Legacy) Migration	JVM Monitor Extension Alert Service WebManager
Network initialization complete wait time	3 min
Server Sync Wait Time	5 min
Interval	3 sec
Timeout	30 sec
Server Internal Timeout	180 sec
	Initialize
r	
	OK Cancel <u>A</u> pply

Network initialization complete wait time (0 to 99)

This is the time the server waits until its NIC becomes valid after startup.

Server Sync Wait Time (0 to 99)

For the time specified here, the server will wait at startup until other servers are started.

Heartbeat

- Interval (1 to 99) Interval of heartbeats
- Timeout (2 to 9999)

A server is determined to be failed if there is no response for the time specified here.

- This time-out should be longer than the interval.

Server Internal Timeout (1 to 9999)

The timeout to be used in the EXPRESSCLUSTER Server internal communications that are performed while an EXPRESSCLUSTER command is executed, or an operation is performed or a screen is displayed by WebManager.

Initialize

Used for initializing the value to the default value. Click **Initialize** to initialize all the items to their default values.

3.11.5 Port No. tab

Specify TCP port numbers and UDP port numbers.

🛃 [duster] Cluster Properties	×
Alert Log Delay Warning Disk Mirror Disk Account RIP(Legacy) Migration JVM Monitor Info Interconnect NP Resolution Timeout Port No. Monitor Recovery Alert Service	Extension WebManager
TCP Server Internal Port Number Data Transfer Port Number Disk Agent Port Number Disk Agent Port Number Mirgr Driver Port Number UDP Kernel Mode Heartbeat Port Number Alert Sync Port Number CP/UDP Qilent Service Port Number	VVebManager 29001 29002 29003 29005 29005 29005 29007
	Initialize
OK Can	el <u>A</u> pply

ТСР

No TCP port numbers can be overlapped. When the Replicator/Replicator DR is used, they should not be overlapped with any mirror data port number of any mirror disk resources and hybrid disk resource.

- Server Internal Port Number (1 to 65535⁸) This port number is used for internal communication.
- Data Transfer Port Number (1 to 65535⁸)

This port number is used for transactions such as applying and backing up the cluster configuration data, sending and receiving the license data and running commands.

- WebManager HTTP Port Number (1 to 65535⁸) This port number is used for a browser to communicate with the EXPRESSCLUSTER Server.
- Disk Agent Port Number (1 to 65535⁸)
 This port number is used for a disk agent port number.
- Mirror Driver Port Number (1 to 65535⁸) This port number is used for a mirror driver.

UDP

No UDP port numbers can be overlapped.

- Kernel Mode Heartbeat Port Number (1 to 65535⁸) This port number is used for kernel mode heartbeat.
- Alert Sync Port Number (1 to 65535⁸) This port number is used for synchronizing alert messages among servers.

TCP/UDP

⁸ It is strongly recommended not to use well-known ports, especially reserved ports from 1 to 1023.

• Client Service Port Number (1 to 65535⁸) This port number is used for client service.

Initialize

This is used for initializing the value to the default value. Click **Initialize** to initialize all the items to the default values.

3.11.6 Monitor tab

Specify the settings for monitoring.

📓 [cluster] Cluster Properties	
Alert Log Delay Warning Disk Mirror Disk Account RIP(Legacy) Migration JVM Monitor Extension	
Info Interconnect NP Resolution Timeout Port No. Monitor Recovery Alert Service WebManager System Resource Collect the System Resource Information Collect the System Resource Information Collect the System Resource Information	
Initialize	
OK Cancel Apply	1

System Resource

Select whether to collect system resource information.

System resource information is collected regularly so as to improve system operability. System resource information is useful for investigating the operation status of EXPRESSCLUSTER, and makes it easy to determine the cause of a failure attributable to a shortage of system resources.

• When the check box is selected

System resource information related to the CPU, memory, processes, and others is collected regularly while the cluster is running.

The collected system resource information is collected when the clplogcc command or WebManager collects logs.

Specify type 2 to collect the log by the clplogcc command; specify Pattern 2 to collect the log by the WebManager. For details on log collection, see "Collecting logs (clplogcc command)" in "EXPRESSCLUSTER command reference" in the Reference Guide; and "Collecting logs by using the WebManager" in "Functions of the WebManager" in this guide.

A disk area of 450 MB or more is required to store the resource information, depending on the system operating conditions such as the number of processes that are running.

• When the check box is not selected No system resource information is collected.

3.11.7 Recovery tab

Make settings on cluster recovery.

🙆 [cluster] Cluster Properties	×			
	ccount RIP(Legacy) Migration JVM Monitor Extension Port No. Monitor Recovery Alert Service WebManager			
Action When the Cluster Service Process Is Failure Recovery Action for HA Agents Max Restart Count	Shut down the OS			
Recovery Action over Max Restart Count	No operation			
Disable Recovery Action Caused by Monitor Resourc	e Failure			
Action at Group Resource Activation or Deactivation Stal	Emergency shutdown			
Disable the Final Action when OS Stops Due to Failure [Detection Detail Config			
Disable Shutdown When Multi-Failover-Service Detected Detail Config				
	Initialize			
	OK Cancel Apply			

Action When the Cluster Service Process Is Failure

Specify an action at process abnormity of the cluster service.

- Shut down the OS Shut down the OS.
- Generate an intentional stop error Generate a stop error (Panic) intentionally and restart the server.
- Reset the hardware⁹ Restart the server by HW reset.

The following two cluster service processes are monitored by this function:

- clprc.exe
- clpnm.exe

Recovery Action for HA Agents

- Max Restart Count (0 to 99) Specify the max restart count when an HA Agent error has occurred.
- Recovery Action over Max Restart Count Specify the action when an HA Agent error has occurred.
 - No operation
 - Stop the cluster service
 Stops the cluster service of the server that detected an error.
 - Stop the cluster service and shutdown OS

⁹ This function does not require ipmiutil, unlike the forced stop function.

Stops the cluster service of the server that detected an error, and then shuts down the OS.

- Stop the cluster service and reboot OS

Stops the cluster service of the server that detected an error, and then reboots the OS.

Note: The HA process is used with the system monitor resource, JVM monitor resource, and system resource information collection function.

Disable Recovery Action Caused by Monitor Resource Failure

- When the check box is selected The recovery action is disabled when the monitor resource is error.
- When the check box is not selected The recovery action is enabled when the monitor resource is error.

Note:

This recovery action suppression function is intended to suppress the recovery action due to the error detection of a monitor resource. This does not suppress the recovery action at the time of an activation error of a group resource.

This function is not enabled for the action at the time of the stall error detection of the disk RW monitor resource or at the time of a timeout of the user space monitor resource.

This option is not available for the message receive monitor resource.

Action at Group Resource Activation or Deactivation Stall

Specify the action to apply in the event of an activation/deactivation stall of a group resource.

• Emergency shutdown

Shutdown the server on which a stall occurred.

- Generate an intentional stop error Intentionally cause a stop error (Panic) on the server on which a stall occurred.
- No operation (Operates as an activity or deactivity failure)
- Use this to perform recovery upon the detection of an activation/deactivation failure of a group resource. For details on the recovery operation, see "Recovery Operation tab" in "Resource Properties" in "Group resource details" in the "Reference Guide".

Note: If a stall occurs with "Nothing (handle a stall as an activation/deactivation failure)" specified, the effect on the group resources is undefined, so we do not recommend changing the setting to "Nothing (handle a stall as an activation/deactivation If you do specify "Nothing (handle a stall as an activation/deactivation group resource), set the recovery operation upon the detection of an activation/deactivation failure of a group resource as described below.

- Activation/deactivation retry threshold: 0 (times)
- Failover threshold: 0 (times)
- Final action: Intentionally causing a stop error

If **Stop the cluster service and shut down OS** or **Stop the cluster service and reboot OS** is specified as the final action, it takes a considerable amount of time for the cluster service to stop.

Disable the Final Action when OS Stops Due to Failure Detection

Click **Detail Config** to set suppression of the final action which accompanies the OS stop caused by error detection.

Detail Config	×
Details	_
Final Action When OS Stops Due to All Server Shutdown	
Group Resource When Activation Failure Detected	
Group Resource When Deactivation Failure Detected	
Monitor Resource When Failure Detected	
OK Cancel Apply	

- Group Resource When Activation Failure Detected If the final action caused by an activation error detection in a group resource accompanies the OS stop, the final action is suppressed if all other servers are stopped.
- Group Resource When Deactivation Failure Detected If the final action caused by a deactivation error detection in a group resource accompanies the OS stop, the final action is suppressed if all other servers are stopped.
- Monitor Resource When Failure Detected If the final action caused by an error detection in a monitor resource accompanies the OS stop, the final action is suppressed if all other servers are stopped.

Note:

- If errors were detected on multiple servers almost at the same time, and the final action was taken for those servers, the final action which accompanies the OS stop may be taken for all the servers even if the final action caused by an error detection in a monitor resource is set to be suppressed.
- The message receive monitor resource does not become the target for which the final action caused by error detection is suppressed.
- The following situations lead to an OS stop during the final action when an activation/deactivation error is detected in a group resource and during the final action when a monitor resource error is detected.
 - Stop the cluster service and shutdown OS
 - Stop the cluster service and reboot OS
 - Generate an intentional stop error

Disable Shutdown When Multi-Failover-Service Detected

Click Detail Config to suppress the shutdown of all servers upon detection of both-system activation.

Detail Config	
Detail	
Server Group Survives When Multi-Fa	ailover-Service Detected
Server Group	Select
svg1	
svg2	
Server Survives When Multi-Failover-	-Service Detected
Server	Select
server1	
server2	
	OK Cancel Apply

Server Group Survives When Multi-Failover-Service Detected

Select one server. The shutdown of the server, which belongs to the server group selected when the bothsystem activation of the failover group was detected, is suppressed. When the both-system activation is detected among servers in the selected server group, both of the servers will be shut down. If you want to suppress the shutdown in this case, make the settings to disable shutdown when the following double activation is detected.

Server Survives When Multi-Failover-Service Detected

Select one server. The shutdown of the server, selected when the both-system activation of the failover group was detected, is suppressed.

If a server group to which shutdown is not executed when Multi-Failover is detected is set, it is possible to select only a server belonging to the set server group. If no server group is set, all the servers can be selected.

Important:

Suppose that shutdown is suppressed upon the detection of both-system activation in an environment in which the mirror disk resource is used for setting automatic mirror recovery. In this case, automatic mirror copying starts when the server which is shut down upon the detection of both-system activation is re-started through the OS. Care is needed since this discards one piece of data from among that updated separately on the mirror disk of each server at both-system activation.

You need to select a server for which the data is to be protected when suppressing shutdown caused by the detection of both-system activation in an environment in which the mirror disk resource is used.

Note: When the both-system activation is detected, the group statuses will be inconsistent among the servers, and failover and failback operations will be able to fail.

If a group status mismatch occurs, the following alert log is output:

Type: Warning Module name: rc Event ID: 1104 Message: A mismatch in the group %1 status occurs between the servers.

To fix this problem, restart the group, execute a cluster reboot, restart all the servers on which the groups are not

started, or restart the cluster services of all the servers on which the groups are not started.

3.11.8 Alert Service tab

Set up the alert service, chassis ID, and network warning light.

Note: To use the mail alert function and network warning light, EXPRESSCLUSTER X Alert Service 4.0 for Windows is required.

🕌 [cluster] Cluster Proper	des					— ———————————————————————————————————
Alert Log Delay Warning	Disk Mirror Disk	Account	RIP(Legacy)	Migration	JVM Monitor	Extension
Info Interconnect NP	Resolution Timeou	t Port No.	Monitor	Recovery	Alert Service	WebManager
Ena <u>b</u> le Alert Setting						Edit
∟Mail Report						
E- <u>m</u> ail Address						
<u>S</u> ubject						
Mail Met <u>h</u> od	SMTP					-
	SM <u>T</u> P Settings					
SNMP Trap						
Destination Settings						Settin <u>a</u> s
Use <u>C</u> hassis Identify						
Use Network Warning Li	gnt					
L				1	OK Can	cel <u>A</u> pply
				L		

Enable Alert Setting

Configure whether to modify the alert destination from the default value. If you modify the alert destination, click **Edit** to set the destination address.

If you clear the check box, the destination address you have modified returns to the default settings temporarily.

For the default settings for the destination address, see "Messages reported by event log and alert" in "Error messages" in the "Reference Guide".

E-mail Address (Within 255 bytes)

Enter the e-mail address to which the report is sent. If more than two e-mail addresses are set, delimit the address by semicolon.

Subject (Within 127 bytes)

Enter the subject title for the e-mail message.

Mail Method

Configure the methods to send mail. In this version, SMTP is the only option in this.

• SMTP

Sends a mail by communicating directly with the SMTP server.

Destination Settings

Configure the SNMP trap transmission function. Click **Setting** to configure the SNMP trap transmission destination.

Use Chassis Identify

Configure whether or not to use the chassis identify function.

Use Network Warning Light

Configure whether or not to use the warning light (dedicated product) controlled by network. The IP address of warning light is entered on the server property.

Change Alert Destination

Clicking Edit displays the Change Alert Destination dialog box.

Change Alert Destinat	ion				×
Alert Destination					
Messages					
Module	ID	De	stination		Add
				R	emove
					Edit
4					
L			ОК	Cancel	Apply

Add

Add the alert ID of the destination which you want to customize. Clicking Add displays the Enter the message dialog box.

Enter the messa	ige			×
Message				
Category		Process		-
Module Type	•	apisv		-
Event ID				
Destination				
Send		Destination		
	WebManager/			
	Alert Extensior	1		
	Mail Report			
	SNMP Trap			
	EventLog(Disa	ibleOnly)		
Command				
	(Command		0 d d
				Add
			B	emove
				Edit
			OK	Cancel

Category

Select a major category of the module type.

Module Type (Within 31 bytes)

Select the name of module type that you want to change the destination address.

Event ID

Enter the message ID of the module type for which you want to change the destination. For information on the message IDs, see "Messages reported by event log and alert " in "Error messages" in the "Reference Guide".

Destination

Select a message destination from the following options.

WebManager Alertlog

This sends messages to the alert view of the WebManager.

• Alert Extension

This executes the specified function by using the alert extension function. Modify the extension settings by using Add and/or Edit. (The command must be specified within four lines.)

Mail Report

Uses the mail report function.

• SNMP Trap

Uses the SNMP trap transmission function to send messages.

• Event Log (Disable only)

You can disable the settings whereby the OS reports logs to the event log by clearing this check box. (You cannot configure the settings to report messages that are not reported to event logs.)

Add

Add a command of the alert extension function. Click Add to display the Enter Command dialog box.

Enter Command		×
Command		
<u>C</u> ommand	[
	OK	Cancel

Command (Within 511 bytes)

Enter any command you want to use.

• Keyword

If you specify %%MSG%%, the message of the target event ID is inserted.

You cannot specify multiple %%MSG%% for one command.

Configure within 511 bytes including the description of %%MSG%%.

If you set %%MSG%% as an argument for a command, you need to add backslash () and double quotation (") like below.

<any command you want to use> \"%%MSG%%"

Remove

Click this to remove a command of alert extension function. Select the command and then click Remove.

Edit

Click this to modify a command of alert extension function. Select the command and then click Edit.

SMTP Settings

Click SMTP Settings to display the SMTP Settings dialog box used for the mail alert.



Mail Charset (Within 127 bytes)

Configure the character set of the e-mails sent for mail report.

Send Mail Timeout (1 to 999)

Configure the timeout value for communicating with the SMTP server.

Subject Encode

Select whether or not to encode the subject of e-mails.

SMTP Server List

Clicking this displays the configured SMTP servers. No more than four SMTP servers can be configured with this version.

Add

Use this button to add a SMTP server. Click Add to display the Enter the SMTP Server dialog box.

Remove

Use **Remove** to remove the SMTP server settings.

Edit

Use Edit to modify the SMTP server settings.

Enter the SMTP Server	×
SMTP Server	
SMTP Server	
SMTP Port	25
Sender Address	
Enable SMTP Authent	cation
Method	LOGIN
<u>U</u> ser Name	
Password	Change
	OK Cancel

SMTP Server (Within 255 bytes)

Configure the IP address or host name of the SMTP server.

SMTP Port (1 to 65535)

Configure the port number of the SMTP server.

Sender Address (Within 255 bytes)

Configure the address from which an e-mail of mail report is sent.

Enable SMTP Authentication

Configure whether or not to enable SMTP authentication.

Method

Select a method of SMTP authentication.

User Name (Within 255 bytes)

Configure the user name used for SMTP authentication.

Password (Within 255 bytes)

Configure the password used for SMTP authentication.

SNMP Settings

Click this to display the **Destination Settings** dialog box which is used for the SNMP trap.

Destination Settings			×
Behavior			
Destination			
Destination Server 192.158.0.248	SNMP Port 162	SNMP Version V2c	Add Remove Edit
•	1	OK Can	·

Destination

Displays the set SNMP trap transmission destinations. With this version, up to 32 SNMP trap transmission destinations can be set.

Add

Adds an SNMP trap transmission destination. Click **Add** to display the **Change SNMP Destination** dialog box.

Remove

Use Remove to remove the SNMP trap transmission destination settings.

Edit

Use Edit to modify the SNMP trap transmission destination settings.

Enter Destination		×
Destination		
Destination Server	192.168.0.248	
SNMP Port No.	[162
SNMP Version	v2c	-
SNMP Community Name	public	-
	ОК	Cancel

Destination Server (up to 255 bytes)

Configure the name of the SNMP trap transmission destination server.

SNMP Port No. (1 to 65535)

Configure the port number of the SNMP trap transmission destination.

SNMP Version

Configure the SNMP version of the SNMP trap transmission destination.

SNMP Community Name (up to 255 bytes)

Configure the SNMP community name of the SNMP trap transmission destination.

3.11.9 WebManager tab

Use this tab to configure the settings for the WebManager.

📓 [duster] Cluster Properties	×
Alert Log Delay Warning Disk Mirror Disk Account RIP(Legacy) Migration JVM Monitor Extension	
	\
✓ Enable WebManager Service Encryption Setting	
Accessible number of clients	64
Control connection by using password	s
Control connection by using client IP address	
IP Addresses of the Accessible Clients IP Address Operation Add	- II
IP Address Operation Add	
Remove	
Edit	
Integrated WebManager	
Connection IP address Settings	
	= 1
Iuning	
OK Cancel Ar	oply
	obià

Enable WebManager Service

Enables the WebManager Service.

- When the check box is selected The WebManager service is enabled.
- When the check box is not selected The WebManager service is disabled.

Encryption Settings

Make settings to encrypt the WebManager service.

Click Encryption Setting to display the Encryption Setting dialog box.

Encryption Settings	—
Communication Method	
○ <u>H</u> TTP	
• HTTPS	
Certificate File	
Private <u>K</u> ey File	
SSL Library	_
Crypto Library	_
The name and path of the Open Please confirm before setting.	SSL library may be different.
	OK Cancel Apply

Communication Method

• HTTP

No encryption is used for communicating with a client.

• HTTPS

Encryption is used for communicating with a client.

Certificate File

Sets the server credential file used for connecting to a client. Users need to prepare the server credential file.

Private Key File

Sets the private key file used for connecting to a client. Users need to prepare the private key file.

SSL Library

Sets the SSL library file used for encryption and selects the SSL library file included in OpenSSL. Users need to change it based on the environment, such as an installation folder.

Crypto Library

Sets the Crypto library file used for encryption and selects the Crypto library file included in OpenSSL. Users need to change it based on the environment, such as an installation folder.

Note: OpenSSL library is necessary to use HTTPS.

Accessible number of clients (1 to 999)

Set the number of requests that can be simultaneously received from clients. If more requests than the number set here are generated, the excess requests will be discarded.

Control connection by using password

Click Settings to display the WebManager Password dialog box.

WebManager Password	×
WebManager	
Password for Operation	Change
Password for Reference	Change
	ок

WebManager

• Password for Operation

Set a password that must be entered to enable connection to the WebManager in the operation mode, config mode, or verification mode.

Click Change to display the Change Password dialog box.

• Password for Reference

Set a password that must be entered to enable connection to the WebManager in the reference mode.

Click Change to display the Change Password dialog box.

Change Password	
Old Password	
New Password	
Password Confirmation	
	OK Cancel

- Old Password (Within 255 bytes)

Enter the current password. If the password is not set, leave it blank.

– New Password (Within 255 bytes):

Enter a new password. When deleting the old password, leave it blank.

- Password Confirmation (Within 255 bytes)

Enter the password again which you entered in New Password.

Passwords can consist of one-byte upper- and lower-case letters, digits, symbols, and spaces (0x20 to 0x7E in ASCII code).

Control connection by using client IP address

If selected, accesses are controlled by client IP addresses.

• When the check box is selected

Add, Remove and Edit are enabled.

• When the check box is not selected **Add. Remove** and **Edit** are disabled.

Add

Use Add to add an IP address to IP Addresses of the Accessible Clients. Click Add to display the IP Address Settings dialog box is displayed. Newly added IP addresses have the rights for the operation.

IP Address Settings		3
Interface		
IP Address		
	OK Cancel	j

• IP Address (within 80 bytes)

Specify a client IP address that can be connected.

- IP address: 10.0.0.21
- Network address: 10.0.1.0/24

Remove

Use **Remove** to remove an IP address from **IP Addresses of the Accessible Clients**. Select the IP address you want to remove from **IP Addresses of the Accessible Clients** and then click **Remove**.

Edit

Use Edit to edit an IP address. Select an IP address you want to edit from **IP Addresses of the Accessible Clients** and then click Edit. The **IP Address Settings** dialog box where the specified IP address is present is displayed. The rights for operating the edited IP addresses remain the same.

Control column

Sets the operation rights for IP addresses that are registered in IP Addresses of the Accessible Clients.

- When the check box is selected A client can operate a cluster and display its status.
- When the check box is not selected A client can only view the status of a cluster.

IP address for Integrated WebManager

Click Settings to display the IP address for Integrated WebManager dialog box.

🕌 IP address for Integrated Web	fanager		
IP address <u>L</u> ist			
Priority server1	server2		Add
		_	
			Remove
			Up
			D <u>o</u> wn
		ОК Са	ancel <u>A</u> pply

• Add

Add IP addresses for the Integrated WebManager. Click the column cell of each server and select or enter IP address for the IP address of each server. For the communication path not connected to some server, set blank to the server cell of which the server is not connected.

• Remove

Remove the communication path. Select the communication path to be removed and click Remove, then the selected path is removed.

• Up, Down

When multiple IP addresses for Integrated WebManager are configured, the communication path with the smallest number in the Priority column is used preferentially for the internal communication among cluster servers. When changing the priority, click Up and Down to change the order of the selected row.

Tuning Properties

Use **Tuning** to tune the WebManager. Clicking **Tuning** displays the **WebManager Tuning Properties** dialog box.

WebManager Tuning Properties	
Behavior	
Client Session Timeout	30 sec
Max. Number of Alert Records on the Viewer	300
<u>R</u> eload Interval	90 sec
Mirror Agent Timeout	150 sec
Client Data Update Method	Real Time 💌
Time Limit For Keeping Log Files	600 sec
✓ Use Time Info	
	Initialize
	OK Cancel Apply

• Client Session Timeout (1 to 999)

Specify the client session time-out. A time-out is determined if the time specified here elapses after the last communication between the WebManager Server and the WebManager.

- Max. Number of Alert Records on the Viewer (1 to 999) Specify the maximum number of alert viewer records to display on the Alert Viewer of the WebManager.
- Reload Interval (0 to 999) Specify the screen data update interval. At this time interval, the WebManager screen is refreshed.
- Mirror Agent Timeout (1 to 999)

Specify the mirror agent time-out. A time-out is determined if the time specified here elapses till the mirror disk information is acquired.

• Client Data Update Method

You can select the method to update the screen data of the WebManager from the following.

- Polling The screen data is updated regularly.
- Real Time

The screen data is updated on the real time.

• Time Limit For Keeping Log Files (60 to 43200)

Time limit determines when the log collection information temporarily saved on the server will be deleted. When the time specified here has elapsed, the log collection information will be deleted unless you save the file when the dialog box asking you if you save the log collection information is displayed.

• Use Time Info

Specify whether the time information display function is enabled or disabled.

- When the check box is selected

The time information display function is enabled.

- When the check box is not selected

The time information display function is disabled.

• Initialize

Click Initialize to reset all settings on this dialog to default. Click **Initialize** to set all items to their default values.

3.11.10 Alert Log tab

Configure the settings for the alert log.

🍝 [cluster] Cluster Prop	perties	×
Alert Log Delay Warn		Extension
[11	NP Resolution / Timeout / Port No. / Monitor / Recovery / Alert Service /	WebManager
Enable Alert Service		
Max. Number to Save Ale	ert Records	10000
Alert Sync		
Method	unicast	-
<u>C</u> ommunication Timeo	ut	30 sec
		Initialize
		<u>ī</u> muanze
	OK Can	cel <u>A</u> pply

Enable Alert Service

Select this to start EXPRESSCLUSTER Web Alert service for the server.

- When the check box is selected EXPRESSCLUSTER Web Alert service is enabled.
- When the check box is not selected EXPRESSCLUSTER Web Alert service is disabled.

Max. Number to Save Alert Records (1 to 99999)

Specify the maximum number of alert records that can be retained. EXPRESSCLUSTER Web Alert service for server can retain alert messages up to this number.

Alert Sync: Method

This communication mode is used for Alert Log synchronization. Only unicast is available in **Method** list box for this version.

Alert Sync: Communication Timeout (1 to 300)

Specify a communication time-out. A communication time-out is determined if the time specified here elapses after the last communication between EXPRESSCLUSTER Web Alert service and servers.

Initialize

Click **Initialize** to reset all settings on this tab to default. Click **Initialize** to set all items to their default values.

3.11.11 Delay Warning tab

Configure the settings for Delay Warning on this tab. For details on delay warnings, see "Monitor resources Delay warning of monitor resources" in "Monitor resource details" in the "Reference Guide".

🕌 [cluster] Cluster Properties						×	
Alert Log Delay Warning Disk	Mirror Disk	Account	RIP(Legacy)		JVM Monitor	Extension	
Info Interconnect NP Resolution	Timeout	Port No.	Monitor	Recovery	Alert Service	VebManager	
✓ Heartbeat Delay Warning							
						80 - %	
Monitor Delay Warning							
						80 🕺 %	
COM Delay Warning							
						80 🕺 %	
						,	
						Initialize	
					OK Car	ncel <u>A</u> pply	

Heartbeat Delay Warning (1 to 99)

Set a percentage of heartbeat time-out at which the heartbeat delay warning is issued. If the time for the percentage passes without any heartbeat response, the warning will be produced in an alert log.

Monitor Delay Warning (1 to 99)

Set a percentage of monitor time-out at which the monitor delay warning is issued. If the time for the percentage passes without any monitor response, the warning will be produced in an alert log.

COM Delay Warning (1 to 99)

Set a percentage of COM I/F delay warning. If the time for the percentage passes without any COM response, the warning will be produced in an alert log.

3.11.12 Disk tab

Configure the setting for a shared disk.



At Disk Disconnection Failure: Retry Interval (1 to 10)

Set the interval time required to retry disconnecting, when disconnecting a shared disk has failed.

At Disk Disconnection Failure: Retry Count (0 to 180)

Set the count to retry disconnecting when disconnecting a shared disk has failed.

• Unlimited

Select this to retry disconnecting a disk infinitely.

· Set Number

Select this to specify the count to retry to disconnect a disk.

At Disk Disconnection Failure: Timeout (1 to 9999)

Set the timeout at which to disconnect a shared disk.

At Disk Disconnection Failure: Final Action

If the count to disconnect a shared disk again is specified, set the action that will be taken in the case that disconnecting is failed for the specified count.

- Enforced Disconnection Select this to disconnect a disk forcibly.
- None

Select this not to disconnect a disk forcibly.

Initialize

This operation is used to return the value to the default value. Click **Initialize** to set all items to their default values.

Note:
If the disk fails to be disconnected, retry or the final action is performed as many times as the value set above for each disk resource deactivation.

However, an emergency shutdown occurs if a single deactivation takes 9999 or more seconds.

To change the retry count and retry interval, set the values in consideration of the above event.

3.11.13 Mirror Disk tab

Configure the setting for a mirror disk.

🖆 [cluster] Cluster Properties	×
Alert Log Delay Warning Disk Mirror Disk Account RIP (Legacy) Migration	JVM Monitor Extension Alert Service WebManager
	Alert Service WebManager
Auto Mirror Initial Construction	
✓ Auto Mirror Recovery ✓ Collect Mirror Statistics	
Difference Bitmap Size	1 MB
History Recording Area Size in Asynchronous Mode	1 MB
Retry Interval	3 sec
Retry Count	
O Unjimited	
© Set Number Count	10 time
Timeout	1800 sec
Final Action	
Enforced Disconnection None	
	Initialize
	OK Cancel Apply

Auto Mirror Initial Construction

Specify whether to perform the mirror initial construction automatically when the newly created mirror disk resource is activated for the first time.

· When selected

Mirror initial construction is performed automatically.

· When cleared

Auto mirror initial construction is not performed

Auto Mirror Recovery

An automatic mirror recovery is performed when any difference occurs in the data of mirror disks between both servers. There is a case that mirror recovery cannot be performed automatically even if it is selected. For details, see "Troubleshooting" "Automatically recovering from mirroring" in "Troubleshooting" in the "Reference Guide"

• When selected

Mirror recovery is performed automatically.

When cleared

Mirror recovery is not performed automatically.

Collect Mirror Statistics

This function can be used to collect and reference information about the mirroring performance. For details, see Mirror statistics information collection function" in "The system maintenance information" in the "Maintenance Guide".

- When selected Mirror Statistics Collection is performed.
- When cleared Mirror Statistics Collection is not performed.

Difference Bitmap Size (1 to 5)

Users can set the size of an area in which the data differential information between servers is recorded, when a mirror break occurs. If the data partition is data transfer for mirror recovery is optimized by enlarging the size.

This item needs to be set before establishing a mirror disk resource and a hybrid disk resource. If the mirror disk resource and the hybrid disk resource already exist in the cluster, the setting cannot be changed.

History Recording Area Size in Asynchronous Mode (1 to 100)

Users can set the size of an area in which the history of unsent data is recorded. In the asynchronous mode, a mirror break occurs if a certain amount of unsent data is stored. Larger size makes it harder for the mirror break to occur.

This item needs to be set before establishing a mirror disk resource and a hybrid disk resource. If the mirror disk resource and the hybrid disk resource already exist in the cluster, the setting cannot be changed.

At Disk Disconnection Failure: Retry Interval (1 to 10)

Set the interval time required to retry disconnecting, when disconnecting a mirror disk has failed.

At Disk Disconnection Failure: Retry Count (0 to 180)

Set the count to retry disconnecting when disconnecting a mirror disk has failed.

- Unlimited
 - Select this to retry disconnecting a disk infinitely.
- Set Number

Select this to specify the count to retry to disconnect a disk.

At Disk Disconnection Failure: Timeout (1 to 9999)

Set the timeout at which to disconnect a mirror disk.

At Disk Disconnection Failure: Final Action

If a retry count is set for mirror disk disconnection, set the action when that will be taken in the case that disconnection still fails after the specified retry count exceeds.

- Enforced Disconnection Select this to disconnect a disk forcibly
- None

Select this not to disconnect a disk forcibly.

Initialize

This operation is used to return the value to the default value. Click **Initialize** to set all items to their default values.

Note:

If the disk fails to be disconnected, retry or the final action is performed as many times as the value set above for each mirror disk resource deactivation.

However, an emergency shutdown occurs if a single deactivation takes 9999 or more seconds.

To change the retry count and retry interval, set the values in consideration of the above event.

3.11.14 Account tab

The **Account** tab is used to register and/or delete the user account that is used in the /U option of the ARMLOADcompatible command. You can set up to sixteen user accounts for one cluster system. The accounts that have already set on the all cluster servers are the target to be registered. The user accounts that are currently registered on the **Account** are displayed.



Add

Use Add to add a user account on the Account List. Click Add to display the Enter account dialog box.

Enter account	
Account	
<u>U</u> ser Name	
Password	<u>C</u> hange
	OK Cancel

• User Name

Enter a user account name to be registered. When specifying an account of a domain, enter, for example, "*Domain Name*\Account Name."

Password

Enter a password of the user account to be registered.

Remove

Use **Remove** to remove a user account from the Account List. Select the user account you want to remove from **Account** and then click **Remove**.

Edit

Use **Edit** to edit a user account. Select the user account you want to edit from **Account** and then click **Edit**. The **Enter account** dialog box where the selected account was entered is displayed.

3.11.15 RIP (Legacy) tab

When connecting to the EXPRESSCLUSTER Server from a remote LAN by using a virtual IP address, RIP must be sent to the public LAN which a router is connected to. The broadcast address of the RIP which is set on the cluster is displayed on the **Network Address**.

🚳 [cluster] Cluster Properties	×
Alert Log Delay Warning Disk Mirror Disk Account RIP(Legacy) Migration JVM Mon	
Info Interconnect NP Resolution Timeout Port No. Monitor Recovery Alert Servic	e WebManager
Network Address	
Network Address Net Mask	Add
	<u>R</u> emove
	Edit
OK	Cancel <u>A</u> pply

Add

Use Add to add a network address to the Network Address. Clicking Add displays the Enter network address dialog box.

Enter network address	
Interface	
Ne <u>t</u> work Address Net <u>M</u> ask	
	OK Cancel

• Network Address

Enter a network address to be registered.

• Net Mask

Enter a network mask to be registered.

Remove

Use **Remove** to remove a network address from the **Network Address**. Select the network address you want to remove from the **Network Address** and then click **Remove**.

Edit

Use **Edit** to edit a network address. Select the network address you want to edit from **Network Address** and then click **Edit**. The **Enter network address** dialog box where the selected network address was entered is displayed.

3.11.16 Migration tab

Set the migration of the virtual machine resource.

🕌 [duster] Cluster Properties	×
	figration JVM Monitor Extension
Info Interconnect NP Resolution Timeout Port No. Monitor Re	covery Alert Service WebManager
Migration Type Quick Migration	~
Account	
Password	Change
L	OK Cancel Apply

Migration Type

- Quick Migration Performs quick migration.
- Live Migration Performs live migration.

Account

Enter the name of the user account to be registered. Enter "domain_name\account_name."

Password

Enter the password for the user account to be registered.

3.11.17 JVM monitor tab

Configure detailed parameters for the JVM monitor.

Note: To display the **JVM monitor** tab on the online version Builder, you need to execute **Update Server Info** from the **File** menu after the license for Java Resource Agent is registered.

📓 [duster] Cluster Properties
Alert Log Delay Warning Disk Mirror Disk Account RIP(Legacy) Migration JVM Monitor Extension Info Interconnect NP Resolution Timeout Port No. Monitor Recovery Alert Service WebManager
Java Installation Path
Maximum Java Heap Size16 MB
Java VM Additional Option
Log Output Setting
Resource Measurement Setting Setting
Connection Setting Setting
Load Balancer Linkage Settings No linkage Settings
Actign Timeout 60 sec
OK Cancel Apply

Java Installation Path(up to 255 bytes)

Set the Java VM install path used by the JVM monitor. Specify an absolute path using ASCII characters. Do not add "\" to the end of the path. This setting becomes common for all servers in the cluster. Specification example: C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_102

Maximum Java Heap Size(7 to 4096)

Set, in megabytes, the maximum Java VM heap size used by the JVM monitor (equivalent to -Xmx of the Java VM startup option). This setting becomes common for all servers in the cluster.

Java VM Additional Option (up to 1024 bytes)

Set the Java VM startup option used by the JVM monitor. However, specify -Xmx for **Maximum Java Heap Size**. This setting becomes common for all the servers in the cluster.

Specification example: -XX:+UseSerialGC

Log Output Setting

Click the Setting button to open the Log Output Setting dialog box.

Resource Measurement Setting

Click the Setting button to open the Resource Measurement Setting dialog box.

Connection Setting

Click the Setting button to open the Connection Setting dialog box.

Load Balancer Linkage Settings

Select the load balancer type and then click the **Settings** button. The **Load Balancer Linkage Settings** dialog box appears.

Select the load balancer type from the list. To perform load balancer linkage, select the load balancer you are using. To cancel the load balancer linkage, select **No linkage**.

Action Timeout (30 to 300)

Set a timeout value for the **Command** that has been specified on each window of the JVM monitor. This setting becomes common for all of the **Command**.

Log Output Setting

Clicking Setting displays the Log Output Setting dialog box.

Log Output Settin	ng		
Log Level			INFO 💌
Generation			10
Rotation Type			
	● <u>F</u> ile Capacity	<u>M</u> ax Size	3072 KB
	Period	<u>S</u> tart Time	
		I <u>n</u> terval	24 hours
			Initialize
			OK Cancel Apply

Log Level

Select the log level of the log output by the JVM monitor.

Generation (2 to 100)

Set the number of generations to be retained for the log output by the JVM monitor. When **Period** is selected for **Rotation Type**, the rotation count is reset when cluster is suspended. Therefore, note that log files under the <*EXPRESSCLUSTER_install_path*>\log\ha\jra increase per cluster suspend.

Rotation Type

Select a rotation type for the log output by the JVM monitor. If you select **File Capacity** as the rotation type, set the maximum size (200 to 2097151), in kilobytes, for each log file such as the JVM operation log. If you select **Period** as the rotation type, set the log rotation start time in "hh:mm" format (hh: 0 to 23, mm: 0 to 59) and the rotation interval (1 to 8784) in hours.

Initialize

Clicking **Initialize** returns the log level, generation, and rotation type items to their default values.

Resource Measurement Setting [Common]

Clicking **Setting** displays the **Resource Measurement Setting** dialog box. For details on the scheme for error judgment by the JVM monitor, see "Monitor resource details." in the "Reference Guide".

lesource Measurement Setting	
Common WebLogic	
Retry Count	10
Error Threshold	5
Interval	
Memory Usage, Active Threads	60 sec.
The time and count in Full <u>G</u> C	120 sec.
	Initialize
	OK Cancel Apply

Retry Count (1 to 1440)

Set the resource measurement retry count to be applied if the JVM monitor fails in resource measurement.

Error Threshold (1 to 10)

Set the number of times abnormal judgment is performed when the usage of the Java VM or the application server resources collected by the JVM monitor via resource measurement continuously exceed the customer-defined threshold.

Memory Usage, Active Threads (15 to 600)

Set the interval at which the JVM monitor measures the memory usage and active thread count.

The time and count in Full GC (15 to 600)

Set the interval at which the JVM monitor measures the time and count in Full GC execution.

Initialize

Clicking Initialize returns the retry count, error threshold, and interval items to their default values.

Resource Measurement Setting [WebLogic]

Clicking **Setting** displays the **Resource Measurement Setting** dialog box. For details on the scheme for error judgment by the JVM monitor, see "Monitor resource details." in the "Reference Guide".

🛃 Resource Measurement Setting	
Common WebLogic	
Retry Count	3
Error Threshold	5
Interval	
The <u>n</u> umber of request	60 sec
The average number of the request	300 sec
	Initialize
OK	Cancel Apply

Retry Count (1 to 5)

Set the resource measurement retry count to be applied if the JVM monitor fails in resource measurement.

Error Threshold (1 to 10)

Set the number of times abnormal judgment is performed when the usage of the Java VM or the application server resources collected by the JVM monitor via resource measurement continuously exceed the customer-defined threshold.

The number of request (15 to 600)

Set the interval at which the JVM monitor measures the number of work manager or thread pool requests during WebLogic monitor.

The average number of the request (15 to 600)

Set the interval at which the JVM monitor measures the average number of work manager or thread pool requests during WebLogic monitor. Set a value that is an integer multiple of the value set in **Interval: The number of request**.

Initialize

Clicking Initialize returns the retry count, error threshold, and interval items to their default values.

Connection Setting

Clicking Setting displays the Connection Setting dialog box.

Connection Setting	
Management <u>P</u> ort	25500
Retry Count	3
Waiting time for reconnection	60 sec
	Initialize
	imuanze
	OK Cancel Apply

Management Port (10000 to 65535)

Sets the port number internally used by the JVM monitor resource. Make sure not to set the port number that has been used by other functions or programs. This setting becomes common for all the servers in the cluster. Do not set 42424 to 61000.

Retry Count (1 to 5)

Set the retry count to be applied if connection to the monitor target Java VM fails.

Waiting time for reconnection (15 to 60)

Set the interval at which the JVM monitor retries connection if it fails in Java VM connection.

Initialize

Clicking **Initialize** sets the management port, retry count, and waiting time for reconnection items to their default values.

Load Balancer Linkage Settings

If you select other than **BIG-IP LTM** as the load balancer type and then click the **Settings** button, the **Load Balancer Linkage Settings** dialog box appears.

Load Balancer Linkage Settings			×
Management Port for Load Balance	er Linkage	25550	D
Health Check Linkage Function			
Directory containing HTML files			
HTML <u>File Name</u>			
HTML Renamed File Name			
Retry count for renaming			Times
Wait time for retry			Seconds
			Initialize
		OK Cance	Apply

Management Port for Load Balancer Linkage (10000 to 65535)

Set the port number used by the load balancer linkage function. This setting becomes common to all the servers in the cluster. Do not set 42424 to 61000.

Health Check Linkage Function

Set whether to use the load balancer health check function if the monitor target Java VM detects a failure.

Directory containing HTML files(up to 255 bytes)

Set the directory in which the HTML file used by the load balancer health check function is stored.

HTML File Name(up to 255 bytes)

Set the HTML file name used by the load balancer health check function.

HTML Renamed File Name(up to 255 bytes)

Set the HTML renamed file name used by the load balancer health check function.

Retry Count for renaming (0 to 5)

Set the number of times HTML file renaming is retried if it fails.

Wait time for retry (1 to 60)

Set the interval at which HTML file renaming is retried if it fails.

Initialize

Clicking **Initialize** returns the management port for load balancer linkage, health check linkage function, directory containing HTML files, HTML file name, HTML renamed file name, retry count for renaming, and wait time for retry interval items to their default values.

Load Balancer Linkage Settings

Select **BIG-IP LTM** as the load balancer type and then click the **Settings** button. The **Load Balancer Linkage Settings** dialog box appears.

Load Balancer Linkage Set	tings	
Management <u>P</u> ort fi	or Load Balancer Linkage	25550
mgmt IP address		
<u>U</u> ser Name		admin
Password		Change
C <u>o</u> mmunications F	fort	443
List of IP address of distri	buted nodes IP address	Add Remove
		Initialize OK Cancel Apply

Management Port for Load Balancer Linkage (10000 to 65535)

Set the port number used by the load balancer linkage function. This setting becomes common to all the servers in the cluster. Do not set 42424 to 61000.

mgmt IP address

Set the BIG-IP LTM IP address.

User Name (up to 255 bytes)

Set the BIG-IP LTM management user name.

Password (up to 255 bytes)

Set the BIG-IP LTM management user password.

Communications Port (10000 to 65535)

Set the communication port number for BIG-IP LTM.

Add

Add the server name and IP address for the distributed node. For the server name, specify the computer name. For the IP address, specify the value set to **Members** in **LocalTrafic** - **Pools:PoolList** - **Relevant pool** - **Members** of BIG-IP Configuration Utility.

To change the value, select the line and directly edit the description.

Remove

Remove the server name and IP address for the distributed node. Select the line to be removed and then click **Remove**. The selected server is removed.

Initialize

Clicking Initialize returns the management port for load balancer linkage, management user name, and communication port number to the default settings.

3.11.18 Extension Tab

Other cluster functions are set.

-		_
🕌 [cluster] Cluster Properties		X
Alert Log Delay Warning Disk Mirror I		
	neout Port No. Monitor Recovery	Alert Service WebManager
Reboot Limitation Max Reboot Count		0 time
Max Reboot Count Reset Time		0 min
Use Forced Stop		
Forced Stop Action	BMC Power Off	-
Forced Stop Timeo <u>u</u> t		3 sec
Virtual Machine Forced Stop Setting		Settin <u>a</u> s
Execute Script for Forced Stop		Scri <u>p</u> t Settings
Use CPU Frequency Control		
Auto Return		
• <u>o</u> n	\odot of	
Failover Count Method		
Server	🔾 Cluster	
		Initialize
L		OK Cancel Apply

Reboot Limitation

You can specify the **Reboot OS** or **Shut down OS** as the final action at abnormality detection for group resources and monitor resources. If either of them is selected, reboot may be repeated infinitely. By setting the reboot limit, you can prevent repeated reboots.

• Max Reboot Count (0 to 99)

Specify how many times the operating system can reboot. The number specified here is separately counted for group resource and monitor resource.

However, the number of reboots may not be counted with **Generate an intentional stop error** selected.

• Max Reboot Count Reset Time (0 to 999)

When the max reboot count is specified, if the operation from the cluster startup keeps running normally for the time specified here, the reboot count is reset. The time specified here is separately counted for group resource and monitor resource.

Note: If **Max Reboot Count** is set to 1 or greater, usually set **Max Reboot Count Reset Time** to 1 or greater (default: 0). If **Max Reboot Count Reset Time** is set to zero (0), the reboot count is not reset. To reset the reboot count, use the clpregctrl command.

Use Forced Stop

Use this to select whether or not to enable the forced stop.

• On

If selected, the forced stop function is enabled.

For a physical machine, configure the settings on the **BMC** tab of the server properties. For a virtual machine (guest OS), configure the **Virtual Machine** setting on the **Info** tab of the server properties.

• Off

If selected, the forced stop function is disabled.

Forced Stop Action

Specify an action of the forced stop.

• BMC Reset

Use this to perform a hardware reset of the server by using the hwreset command or the ireset command.

• BMC Power Off

Use this to power off the server by using the hwreset or ireset command. The OS may be shut down depending on how the **Power Options** of OS is configured. For details, see "Forced stop function Notes on forced stop" in "Other settings" in the "Reference Guide".

• BMC Power Cycle

Use this to perform the Power Cycle (powering on/off) by using the hwreset or ireset command. The OS may be shut down depending on how the ACPI of OS is configured. For details, see "Forced stop function Notes on forced stop" in "Other settings" in the "Reference Guide".

• BMC NMI

Use this to generate NMI by using the hwreset or ireset command. The behavior after NMI is generated depends on the OS settings.

Forced Stop Timeout (0 to 999)

Configure the timeout value when performing Forced Stop. After the above commands are executed, activating failover groups starts when the time specified elapses.

Virtual Machine Forced Stop Setting

Configure forced stop for the virtual machine (guest OS). Click **Setting** to display the **Virtual Machine Forced Stop Setting** dialog box.

Virtual Machine Forced Stop Settin	9
Parameter	
Virtual Machine Management Tool	vCenter 🗸
Forced Stop	
Actio <u>n</u>	poweroff
Timeout	30 Sec
Co <u>m</u> mand	WMwareWMware vSphere CLIVPerl\apps\vm\vmcontrol.pl 💌
VCenter / SCVMM	
<u>H</u> ost Name	
<u>U</u> ser Name	
Password	Change
	OK Cancel Apply

Virtual Machine Management Tool

• vCenter

Specify this option when using vCenter for virtual machine control.

• SCVMM

Specify this option when using SCVMM for virtual machine control.

Forced Stop

• Action

Specify the action performed upon a forced stop.

- power off

Use this to power off the server by using the command specified in Command.

• Timeout (0 to 99)

Set the timeout value to be used when performing a forced stop. After the above command is executed, the activation of failover groups starts when the time specified here elapses.

• Command (Within 1023 bytes) Specify the command for forced stop.

vCenter / SCVMM

- Host name (Within 45 bytes) Specify the host name of the virtual machine management tool.
- User Name (Within 255 bytes) Specify the user name of the virtual machine management tool.
- Password

Specify the password for the virtual machine management tool.

Note: Do not use a double quotation mark (") in the password.

Execute Script for Forced Stop

Use this to select whether or not to execute a script for the forced stop.

- On
- If selected, the script is executed for the forced stop.
- Off

If selected, the script is not executed.

Script Settings

Make settings on the script for the forced stop. Click Script Setting play the Edit Script dialog box.

Edit Script		×
Script		
⊖ <u>U</u> ser Applicatio	n	
Script created :	with this product	
<u>F</u> ile	forcestop.bat	
	View Edit Replace	
The sout	10 sec	
Time <u>o</u> ut	10 sec	
	Viewer/Editor tool can be changed	
	OK Cancel Ap	ply

• User Application

Use an executable file (executable batch file or execution file) on the server as a script. For the file name, specify an absolute path or name of the executable file of the local disk on the server. If you specify only the name of the executable file, you must configure the path with environment variable in advance. If there is any blank in the absolute path or the file name, put them in double quotation marks ("") as follows.

Example:

C:\Program Files\script.bat

Each executable file is not included in the cluster configuration information of the Builder. They must be prepared on each server because they cannot be edited or uploaded by the Builder.

• Script created with this product

Use a script file which is prepared by the Builder as a script. You can edit the script file with the Builder if you need. The script file is included in the cluster configuration information.

• File (Within 1023 bytes)

Specify a script to be executed (executable batch file or execution file) when you select **User Application**.

• View

Click here to display the script file with the editor when you select **Script created with this product**. The information edited and stored with the editor is not applied. You cannot display the script file if it is currently displayed or edited.

• Edit

Click here to edit the script file with the editor when you select **Script created with this product**. Overwrite the script file to apply the change. You cannot edit the script file if it is currently displayed or edited. You cannot modify the name of the script file.

Replace

Click here to replace the contents of a script file with the contents of the script file which you selected in the file selection dialog box when you select **Script created with this product**. You cannot replace the script file if it is currently displayed or edited. Select a script file only. Do not select binary files (applications), and so on.

• Timeout (1 to 999)

Specify the maximum time to wait for completion of script to be executed. The default value is set as 10.

• Change

Click here to display the **Change Script Editor** dialog. You can change editor for displaying or editing a script to an arbitrary editor.

🕌 Change Script Editor	×
Select a script editor:	
Standard Editor	
○ <u>E</u> xternal Editor	
notepad.exe	<u>B</u> rowse
ОК	Cancel

• Standard Editor

Select here to use a standard editor (Notepad (notepad.exe)) as a script editor.

• External Editor

Select here to specify an arbitrary script editor. Click Browse to specify the editor to be used.

Use CPU Frequency Control

Configure whether or not to use the function to turn it to power-saving mode by controlling the CPU frequency of the standby server.

Select the check box when you use CPU frequency control. If you uncheck the check box, CPU frequency control is disabled.

See also:

When CPU frequency control is used, the CPU frequency of the server where a failover group is activated is set to high, and that of the server where a failover group is stopped is set to low. When CPU frequency control is performed by a command or WebManager, the settings changed by the command or WebManager are given higher priority regardless of whether the failover group is started or stopped. Note that the settings changed by the command or WebManager is discarded after the cluster is stopped/started or suspended/resumed, so that CPU frequency is controlled by the cluster.

Note: For using CPU frequency control, it is required that the frequency is changeable in BIOS settings and the CPU supports the frequency control by Windows OS power management function.

Note:

If you disable CPU frequency control function with CPU frequency changed, the CPU frequency does not return to the state before changing.

In this case, return the CPU frequency to the defined value by the following way.

Select Balanced in Power Options -> Choose or customize a power plan in Control Panel.

Auto Return

Configure whether to perform "Auto Recovery" when a cluster server is restarted after server failure has occurred.

• On

Select this to perform the auto recovery.

• Off Select this not to perform the auto recovery.

Failover Count Method

Select the method to count the number of failovers from Server or Cluster.

• Server

Count the number of failovers by server.

• Cluster

Count the number of failovers by cluster.

Initialize

This operation is used to return the value to the default value. Click **Initialize** to set all items to their default values.

3.12 Servers Properties

Configure setting information of all servers in Servers Properties.

3.12.1 Master Server tab

Configure the priority order of the servers and the server group. All the registered servers are displayed. Master server is the server to keep the master of cluster configuration information. And also, it is the server of the highest priority order.

🕌 Server Common F	roperties		X
Master Server			
Server Definition L	ist		
Order	Name		Up
Master Server	server1		Op
1	server2		D <u>o</u> wn
Server Group			
Server Group De	finition		Settings
		ОК	Cancel Apply

Up, Down

Used when changing the priority order of the servers. Select the server to be changed from the server definition list, and select **Up** or **Down**. The selected row moves.

Settings

Used when configuring the server group. Select Settings and the Server Group dialog box is displayed.

🛓 Server Group		X
Server Group Definitions		
Name	Servers	Add
svg1 svg2	server1 server2	Remove
		Kennove
		Rena <u>m</u> e
		<u>P</u> roperties
I		J
		Close

• Add

Add server groups. The wizard windows for adding the server group is displayed.

• Remove

The confirmation dialog box is displayed. When removing, select **Yes**. Then the selected server group is removed. When not removing, select **No**.

When the selected server group is used for the settings of the startup server of the failover group, the server group cannot be removed.

• Rename

The change server group name dialog box of the selected server group is displayed.

[svg1] Change Server Group Name		
	Enter a new server group name	
<u>N</u> ew Name	svg1	
	OK Cancel	

There are the following naming rules.

- There are naming rules that are the same as the host name of TCP/IP that can be set by the OS.
- Up to 31 characters (31 bytes).
- Names cannot start or end with a hyphen (-) or a space.
- A name consisting of only numbers is not allowed.

Names should be unique (case-insensitive) in the server group.

• Properties

Display the properties of the selected server group.

• Name

Display the server group name.

• Servers

Display the server names which belong to the server group.

3.13 Server Properties

Configure individual settings on each server constructing the cluster in Server Properties.

3.13.1 Info tab

You can display the server name, and register and make a change to a comment on this tab.

🍝 [server1] Server Prope	rties	
Info Warning Light	BMC HBA	
Na <u>m</u> e	server1	
Comment		
	1	
✓ Virtual Machine		
Type	vSphere	
Forced Stop Setting	Setting	
L		OK Cancel Apply

Name

The selected server name is displayed. You cannot change the name here.

Comment

You can specify a comment for the server. Only alphanumeric characters are allowed.

Virtual Machine

Specify whether this server is a virtual machine (guest OS).

- When the check box is selected
 - The server is a virtual machine (guest OS). You can configure this virtual machine.
- When the check box is not selected
 - The server is a physical machine. You cannot configure a virtual machine.

Туре

Specify the type of virtual infrastructure.

• vSphere

Virtual infrastructure provided by VMware, Inc.

• KVM

Linux kernel virtual infrastructure.

• XenServer

Virtual infrastructure provided by Citrix Systems, Inc.

Container

Virtual infrastructure provided by Oracle, Inc.

• Hyper-V

Virtual infrastructure provided by Microsoft Corporation.

• other

Specify this option to use any other virtual infrastructure.

Forced Stop Setting

Set the information about the virtual machine (guest OS). Click **Setting** to display the **Input for Virtual Machine name** dialog box.

put for Virtual Machine Name			_
Virtual Machine			
Virtual Machine Management	Tool vCenter		<u>S</u> etting
⊻irtual Machine Name			
<u>D</u> ata Center			
		ОКСа	ancel Apply

Virtual Machine Management Tool

Set the virtual machine management tool that manages the virtual machine (guest OS). Click **Setting** to display the **Virtual Machine Forced Stop Setting** dialog box.

For details on Virtual Machine Forced Stop Setting, refer to the Extension Tab.

Virtual Machine name (Within 80 bytes)

Set the virtual machine (guest OS) name.

Note: Do not use a double quotation mark (") or percent sign (%) in the virtual machine name.

Data Center (Within 80 bytes)

Set the name of the data center that manages the virtual machine (guest OS).

Note: Do not use a double quotation mark (") or percent sign (%) in the virtual machine name.

3.13.2 Warning Light tab

🕌 [server]] Server Properties		×	
Info V	Info Warning Light BMC HBA			
	Register items you want to use			
Warning	<u>L</u> ight			
No	IP Address	Warning Light	Add	
			Remove	
			Edit	
			Up	
			Down	
		ОК	Cancel Apply	

Set an IP address of warning light (specified by NEC) controlled by network.

Add

Use this button to add an IP address of warning light. Click Add to open the Warning Light Settings dialog box.

Remove

Use this button to remove an IP address of warning light. Select the target setting, and then, click Remove.

Up

It can't be used because only 1 warning light can be registered at present.

Down

It can't be used because only 1 warning light can be registered at present.

Enter Alert Lamp	
Interface	
Warning Light	DN-1000S / DN-1000R / DN-13000L
JP Address	
<u>U</u> ser Name	
Password	Change
🔜 Set [sh Command	File Path
File Path	
Aert When Server	Starts
Voice Eile No.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Bert When Server	Stops
⊻oice File Na.	Ψ
	OK Cancel

• Warning Light

Select the product number of the warning light you use. The products corresponding to each number are as follows.

Product Number	Product Name
DN-1000S/DN-1000R/DN-1300GL	DN-1000S/DN-1000R/DN-1300GL
DN-1500GL	DN-1500GL
NH-FB series/NH-FB1 series	NH-FB series/NH-FB1 series
NH-FV1 series	NH-FV1 series

• IP Address (within 80 bytes)

Enter an IP address of the warning light.

Note: One warning light is required per one server. Do not set an IP address of the same warning light to multiple servers.

• User Name

Enter the user name of the execution account on the server used for controlling the warning light. Also, the user name specified here is used as the remote user name for the rsh command.

Password

Enter the password of the execution account on the server used for controlling the warning light.

Note: Enter Administrator for user name, Administrator for password.

- Specify rsh command execution file path
- When the check box is selected The rsh command execution file path can be specified.
- When the check box is not selected The rsh command execution file path cannot be specified.
- File path

Enter the full path of the rsh command to be used for controlling the warning light. Specification example: C:\WINDOWS\system32\rsh.exe

• Playback of an audio file

Playback of an audio file is enabled when DN1500GL or NH-FV1 series is selected as the warning light type.

If you change the warning light type to other than DN1500GL or NH-FV1 series after playback of an audio file was enabled, playback of an audio file will be disabled.

- Alert When Server Starts
 - When the check box is selected
 Reproduces the audio file at server start. The audio file is reproduced only once.
 - When the check box is not selected
 Does not reproduce the audio file at server start.
- Voice File No. (DN1500GL: 01 to 20, NH-FV1 series: 01 to 70) Set the number of the voice file to be reproduced at server start.

- Alert When Server Stops
 - When the check box is selected Reproduces the audio file at server stop. The audio file is continuously reproduced until it is stopped manually.
 - When the check box is not selected
 Does not reproduce the audio file at server stop.
- Voice File No. (DN1500GL: 01 to 20, NH-FV1 series: 01 to 70) Set the number of the voice file to be reproduced at server stop.
- Edit Use **Edit** to edit the warning light setting.

Note: To play the audio file, it must be registered in the network warning light.

For more information on audio file registration, refer to the instruction manual of the network warning light to be used.

Set the audio file number corresponding to the audio file that is registered for the network warning light.

3.13.3 BMC tab

Configure a LAN port for managing BMC when using the forced stop and the chassis identify. Configure one for each server.

Info Warning Light BMC HBA Register items you want to use BMC Add BMC IP Address User Name Add Edit Edit Edit Up Down OK Carcet Apply	🍰 [server1] Ser				×
BMC No. IP Address User Name Add Remove Edt Ub Down	Info Warni	Info Warning Light BMC HBA			
No. IP Address User Name Add Bemove Edit Edit Dgwn	PMC	Register items you want to use			
Eenove Edt		IP Address	User Name	Add	
				Remove	
Dgwn				Edit	
Dgwn					
Down					
Dgwn					
Down					
Down					
				Up	
OK Cancel Apply				D <u>o</u> wn	
	L			OK Cancel A	pply

Add

Use this button to newly configure new settings. Click Add to open the BMC Settings dialog box.

Enter BMC	×
Interface	
IP Address User Name Password	
	OK Cancel

• IP Address (within 80 bytes)

Enter the IP address set for the LAN port for managing BMC.

• User Name (within 255 bytes)

Enter the name of a user with administrator privilege from the user names configured in BMC. If you do not enter anything, do not configure the user name argument when executing the hwreset, alarms, ireset, or ialarms command.

The length of the actually valid user name depends on the hwreset command, alarms command, ireset command, ialarms command, and the BMC specifications of the server.

• Password (within 255 bytes)

Enter the password of user configured above.

The length of the actually valid user name depends on the hwreset command, alarms command, ireset command, ialarms command, and the BMC specifications of the server.

For information on user name of BMC and how to configure the password, refer to the manual of the server.

Remove

Use this button to remove the settings. Select the target setting, and then, click Remove.

Edit

Use this button to modify the settings. Select the target setting, and then, click **Edit**. The **BMC Settings** dialog box is displayed.

3.13.4 HBA tab

🍰 [server1] Server Properties Info Warning Light BMC HBA Register items you want to use HBAs to be managed by the cluster system Port Name
 Name
 Device ID

 IDE
 PCIIDEVDEChannel

 LSI Logic PCI-X Ultra320 SCSI Host Ada.
 PCIVEN_1000&BDEV_0030&...

 RootSCSIADAPTER
 Connect 80 0000 Partition excluded from cluster management Volume Disk No. Partition No. Size GUID Add Remove OK Cancel Apply

Set the HBA to which the shared disk is connected.

List of HBAs to be managed by the cluster system

Set the access to the shared disk. If the check box is selected, access to all disks connected to the HBA is controlled when starting the OS next time. To protect data, it is required to select the check box of the HBA to which the shared disk is connected.

If the HBA list is not displayed, it can be displayed by clicking the Connect button.

Important:

- Do not connect the shared disk to any HBA whose check box is not selected. Even though the check box is selected, do not connect to the shared disk when the OS is not started again after configuring the settings. Data on the shared disk may be corrupted.
- Do not select the check boxes other than those of HBAs to which the shared disk is connected. If access to the system partition on which the OS has been installed is restricted, the OS may not be started.
- Do not select the check boxes of HBA that connects the mirroring target internal disk if you use mirror disk resource. Starting mirror disk resource fails.

Partitions excluded from cluster management

When a disk other than the shared disk is connected to the HBA set in **HBAs to be managed by the cluster system**, register the partitions on the disk. The access to the partitions registered with this list is not restricted.

Important: In principle, do not register the partitions on the shared disk that can be accessed from multiple servers. Data on the shared disk may be corrupted.

Connect

Select this to get the HBA data by connecting to the server.

Add

Add a partition that should not be restricted in its access in **Partition excluded from cluster management**.

Remove

Remove the selected partition from Partition excluded from cluster management.

3.14 Installing the offline version of the Builder

It is not necessary to install the Builder (offline version) to the server where configure a cluster. Install it when a PC that cannot connect to the cluster through a Web browser is used for creating and modifying the cluster configuration data. Follow the procedures below to install the Builder (offline version).

Note: Install the Builder with the administrator privilege.

- 1. Insert the Installation CD-ROM to the CD-ROM drive.
- 2. Select EXPRESSCLUSTER® for Windows.

Note: If the menu screen does not open automatically, double-click menu.exe in the root folder of the CD-ROM.

- 3. Select EXPRESSCLUSTER® Accessories.
- 4. Select EXPRESSCLUSTER® Builder.
- 5. Select where to install in the Cluster Builder self-extracting dialog box and click Extract.
- 6. Click **OK** in the ZIP self-extract dialog box. Installation is completed. Load the following file with a Web browser to start up the offline version of the Builder:

<installation path>/clptrek.htm

3.15 Uninstalling the offline version of the Builder

To uninstall the Builder, follow the procedures below:

- 1. Exit from all Web browsers (confirm that the JavaVM icon is no longer in the task tray).
- 2. Delete the Builder installation folder from Windows Explorer.

CHAPTER

FOUR

COMPATIBLE COMMAND REFERENCE

This chapter describes compatible commands.

This chapter covers:

- 4.1. Compatible command overview
- 4.2. Note on compatible commands
- 4.3. Compatible commands
- 4.4. Displaying the messages on EXPRESSCLUSTER clients (armbcast command)
- 4.5. Registering the messages on a log file or an alert log (armlog command)
- 4.6. Starting the applications or services (armload command)
- 4.7. Terminating the application or service (armkill command)
- 4.8. Waiting for the start or stop of groups (armgwait command)
- 4.9. Exclusive control between servers command (armcall command)
- 4.10. Retrieving the cluster wide variable or local variable (armgetcd command)
- 4.11. Setting the cluster wide variable or local variable (armsetcd command)
- 4.12. Monitoring errors on the connection to the shared resources (armwhshr command)
- 4.13. Controlling the applications or services started by the armload command (EXPRESSCLUSTER Task Manager)
- 4.14. Shutting down the server (armdown command)
- 4.15. Moving or failing over a group (armfover command)
- 4.16. *Starting a group (armgstrt command)*
- 4.17. *Stopping a group (armgstop command)*
- 4.18. Starting or stopping the application or service, suspending or resuming the monitoring (armloadc command)
- 4.19. Suspending the script execution until the user's direction (armpause command)
- 4.20. Suspending the script execution for the specified time (armsleep command)
- 4.21. Starting the network sharing of the directory (armnsadd command)
- 4.22. Stopping the network sharing of the directory (armnsdel command)
- 4.23. Setting the IP address returned by gethostbyname() (armwsset command)
- 4.24. Setting or displaying the start delay time (armdelay command)

- 4.25. Setting or displaying operations at the occurrence of the emergency shutdown (armem command)
- 4.26. Shutting down the whole cluster (armstdn command)
- 4.27. Returning the server with the status of "Suspension (isolated)" (armmode command)
- 4.28. Permitting an access to the mirror disk (mdopen command)
- 4.29. Prohibiting an access to the mirror disk (mdclose command)
- 4.30. Permitting an access to the shared disk (sdopen command)
- 4.31. Prohibiting an access to the shared disk (sdclose command)
- 4.32. Error messages of the compatible commands

4.1 Compatible command overview

Compatible commands have compatibility with commands used in EXPRESSCLUSTER Ver8.0 or earlier in functions. This section explains how to use compatible commands.

4.2 Note on compatible commands

The following is the note on compatible commands.

- To use a compatible command, the name of a cluster, server and group needs to be configured according to the naming rules of the conventional version.
- Compatible commands cannot be used when the server is in the suspension (isolated) status.
- Run the following compatible commands as a user with Administrator privileges.

4.3 Compatible commands

• Commands that can be used only in scripts

command	Description	Page
armbcast.exe	Displays a default or optional message on the client	4.4. Displaying the messages on
	on which the EXPRESSCLUSTER client is running.	EXPRESSCLUSTER clients (arm-
		bcast command)
armlog.exe	Registers log messages to the log file.	4.5. Registering the messages on
		a log file or an alert log (armlog
		command)
armload.exe	Starts an application. The application started by the	4.6. Starting the applications or
	armload.exe can be stopped by the armkill.exe in any	services (armload command)
	position of a script.	
armkill.exe	Stops the application started by the armload.exe.	4.7. Terminating the application
		or service (armkill command)
armgwait.exe	Waits for the start or stop of groups	4.8. Waiting for the start or stop of
		groups (armgwait command)
armcall.exe	Executes a command specified as a parameter or a	4.9. Exclusive control between
	program exclusively on nodes.	servers command (armcall com-
		mand)
armgetcd.exe	Retrieves the value specified to the desired variable	4.10. Retrieving the cluster wide
	by the armsetcd.exe command. This command can	variable or local variable (ar-
	be used for branch conditions of scripts.	mgetcd command)
armsetcd.exe	Sets the value to the desired variable. This value can	4.11. Setting the cluster wide vari-
	be referred by the armgetcd.exe command.	able or local variable (armsetcd
		command)
armwhshr.exe	Monitors errors on the connection to the shared	4.12. Monitoring errors on the
	name.	connection to the shared re-
		sources (armwhshr command)

• Commands that can be used both in and outside scripts.

command	Description	Page
armaswth.exe	Starts or stops the application or	4.13. <i>Controlling the applications</i>
	service, or suspends or resumes	or services started by the arm-
	the monitoring or the application	load command (EXPRESSCLUS-
	or service that is started by the	TER Task Manager)
	armload.exe command.	
armdown.exe	Shuts down a server when you	4.14. Shutting down the server
	want to fail over a group inten-	(armdown command)
	tionally, such as when starting or	
	stopping the application or service	
	fails.	
armfover.exe	Moves or fails over groups.	4.15. Moving or failing over a
		group (armfover command)
armgstrt.exe	Starts groups.	4.16. Starting a group (armgstrt
		command)
armgstop.exe	Stops groups.	4.17. Stopping a group (armgstop
		command)

Continued on next page

	ie 4.2 – continued from previous p	
command	Description	Page
armloadc.exe	Start or stop the application or ser-	4.18. Starting or stopping the ap-
	vice, or suspends or resumes the	plication or service, suspending
	monitoring.	or resuming the monitoring (arm-
		loadc command)
armpause.exe		4.19. Suspending the script exe-
	Suspends scripts. This command	cution until the user's direction
	can be used as a debugger.	(armpause command)
	Permit the interaction with	
	desktop. You can configure the	
	setting for the interaction with	
	desktop on the Service of	
	Administrative Tools on	
	Programs.	
armsleep.exe	Suspends the script execution for	4.20. Suspending the script execu-
	a specified time.	tion for the specified time (arm-
		sleep command)
armnsadd.exe	Starts sharing a network drive.	4.21. Starting the network sharing
	This command functions in the	of the directory (armnsadd com-
	same way as the net share	mand)
	shared_name=path_name.	
armnsdel.exe	Releases the network sharing	4.22. Stopping the network shar-
	forcibly specified by the net share	ing of the directory (armnsdel
	shared_name=path_name.	command)
armwsset.exe	Sets the IP address returned by	4.23. Setting the IP address
	executing gethostbyname() on the	returned by gethostbyname()
	local server to the specific appli-	(armwsset command)
	cation.	

Table 4.2 – continued from previous page

• Commands that can be used only outside scripts

command	Description	Page
armdelay.exe	Sets or refers to the delay time of the EX-	4.24. Setting or displaying the
	PRESSCLUSTER service startup on the NEC Ex-	start delay time (armdelay com-
	press5800/ft series or servers that have equivalent	mand)
	fault-tolerant functions.	
armem.exe	Sets or refers to the mode at emergency shutdown.	4.25. Setting or displaying op-
		erations at the occurrence of
		the emergency shutdown (armem
		command)
armstdn.exe	Shuts down a cluster.	4.26. Shutting down the whole
		cluster (armstdn command)
armmode.exe	Returns servers to a cluster.	4.27. Returning the server with
		the status of "Suspension (iso-
		lated)" (armmode command)
mdopen.exe	Permits an access to the mirror disk.	4.28. Permitting an access to the
		mirror disk (mdopen command)
mdclose.exe	Prohibits an access to the mirror disk.	4.29. Prohibiting an access to the
		mirror disk (mdclose command)
Important: The installation directory contains executable-format files and script files that are not listed in this guide. Do not execute these files other than EXPRESSCLUSTER. Any problems caused by not using EXPRESSCLUSTER will not be supported.

4.4 Displaying the messages on EXPRESSCLUSTER clients (armbcast command)

the armbcast.exe command displays the messages on EXPRESSCLUSTER clients.

Command line

Format 1

armbcast.exe /ID n /S group_name

Format 2

armbcast.exe /MSG msg_strings [/A | /S group_name]

Description

This command displays the default or optional messages on monitors of clients.

Parameter

/ID <n>

Displays a message that corresponds to the ID specified in n. You need to register this message in advance.

This parameter cannot be specified with /MSG.

```
/MSG <msg_strings>
```

Displays a character string *msg_strings* on clients. The maximum size of a string is 127 bytes. When the character string includes spaces, enclose it in double quotation marks. When you use double quotation marks in the string, describe them as \".

This parameter cannot be specified with /ID.

/A

Displays a message on all clients.

```
/S <group_name>
```

Displays a message on all clients that use the group specified in group_name.

When using a Format 1, you cannot omit this parameter.

When using a Format 2, you cannot specify this parameter with /A. You can omit /A and /S. When omitted, /A is assumed to be specified.

Return Value

0	Succe	\$\$
7	The E	XPRESSCLUSTER Server service has not been started.
9	The p	arameter is invalid.

Notes

This command cannot be used when recovering servers to a cluster (when the environment variable of start script "CLP_EVENT" is "RECOVER").

Remarks

This command can be used only in scripts.

4.5 Registering the messages on a log file or an alert log (armlog command)

The armlog exe command registers the messages on a log file or an alert log.

Command line

armlog.exe log_strings [/arm]

Description

This command registers specified messages to a log file or an alert log.

The messages are registered on the log file (arm.log) of the server on which this command is run. They are also displayed on the Alert view of the WebManager.

Parameter

<log_strings>

Specifies a message string to be registered.

The maximum size of a string is 128 bytes (when a string is displayed on the Alert view, the size is 111 bytes).

When the character string includes spaces, enclose it in double quotation marks. When you use double quotation marks in the string, describe them as \".

/arm

Displays a message on the Alert view of the WebManager.

When this parameter is omitted, a message is registered only to a log file.

Return Value

0	Success
1	Logs were not registered due to an error.
8	The EXPRESSCLUSTER Server service has not been started.
9	The parameter is invalid.

Remarks

This command can be specified only in scripts.

4.6 Starting the applications or services (armload command)

the armload.exe command starts applications or services.

Command line

Format 1: application

armload.exe watchID [[/U user-name] | [/WINDOW size]] [/WIDKEEP] [/C [CMD]] [<mode>] exec-name [parameter-1 parameter-2]

For *<mode>*, one of the following can be specified.

- /W
- /M [/FOV [/CNT *count*]]
- /R retry [/H hour] [/SCR] [/FOV [/CNT count]] [/INT time]

Format 2: service

armload.exe watchID /S [/A] [/WIDKEEP] [/WAIT time] [/C [CMD]] [<mode>] service-name [parameter-1 parameter-2]

For *<mode>*, one of the following can be specified.

- /M [/FOV [/CNT count]]
- /R retry [/H hour] [/SCR] [/FOV [/CNT count]] [/INT time]

Description

This command starts applications or services.

A failover or restart occurs when the started application or service fails (when specified as a monitoring target). Monitoring failures continues until the application or service is terminated by ARMKILL.

A failure is a loss of a process for the application, and a service stop (SERVICE_STOPPED) and abnormal termination for the service.

Parameter

<watchID>

ID for monitoring.

This ID is used for terminating the application or service by the ARMKILL command. Be aware of the following notes when using this parameter:

- The same IDs cannot be specified within a cluster.
- You cannot use IDs starting with "NEC" since those are already allocated (IDs of "NEC_*product_name*+ something extra" are used for the product programs of NEC).
- Specify the ID with alphanumeric characters of up to 255 bytes (case-sensitive).
- /U <user-name>

Specifies the user account name that runs the application. This parameter is optional. When omitted, the application is started with the local system account.

• This parameter cannot be specified in Format 2.

• When specifying this parameter, refer to (3) on Note.

/WINDOW <size>

Specifies the window size of an application. The following can be specified to *size*. maximum The application or service starts with windows of a maximum size.

normal The application or service starts with windows of a size specified by the application.

hide The application or service starts with hidden windows.

This parameter is optional. When omitted, the application or service starts with windows of a minimum size.

• This parameter cannot be specified in Format 2.

```
/C [CMD]
```

Specifies the format to pass the parameter-n to the application or service. Specify this option when the parameter-n ends with an escape character (). Refer to the following examples to specify the parameter-n.

Example 1) when the command passes $c: \setminus$ to app.exe.

```
ARMLOAD WatchID /C app.exe c:\
```

Example 2) when the command passes $c:\Program Files\$ to app.exe. Enclose $c:\Program Files\$ in double quotation marks, and add escape characters for the number of escape characters in the end.

armload WatchID /C app.exe "c:\Program Files\"

• Specify "CMD" as well when specifying this parameter and the type of application is command.

/WIDKEEP

Starts or stops the application or service with no monitoring parameter (/M, /R) specified by using the EXPRESSCLUSTER Task Manager or the ARMLOADC command.

• This option is ignored when /W, /M or /R is specified.

/W

Waits until the execution of the application is terminated. When this parameter is specified, controls are not returned from this command until the application terminates. This parameter is optional.

- This parameter cannot be specified with /M or /R.
- This parameter cannot be specified in Format 2.

/М

Monitors the application or service. This parameter is optional. When omitted, monitoring is not performed.

- This parameter cannot be specified with /W or /R.
- When you use this parameter without specifying /FOV, servers are shut down at failure.
- /R <retry>

Monitors the application or service and specifies the threshold of the restart count. This parameter is optional. When omitted, monitoring is not performed.

• The value from 1 through 9 can be specified.

• This parameter cannot be specified with /M or /W.

/H <hour>

Specifies the time to reset the restart count of the application or service to 0. The time can be specified by hours. When the application or service starts and operates normally during the time specified with the /H option, the restart count is reset to 0.

- The value from 1 through 24 can be specified.
- Restart count is not reset if this parameter is omitted with the parameter /R specified.

/SCR

When this parameter is specified, the application or service is restarted by scripts. This parameter is optional.

• The application or service is restarted by itself if this parameter is omitted with the parameter /R specified.

/FOV

Fails over groups when the restart count threshold is exceeded on the application or service monitoring. This parameter is optional.

• Servers are shut down if this parameter is omitted with the parameter /M or /R specified.

/CNT <count>

A failover is not performed when the number of failovers already performed exceeds the count specified by this option. This is to avoid servers from repeating failing over endlessly. The number of failovers is counted for each server.

The value from 1 through 255 can be specified.

When omitted, 8 is specified.

The failover count is reset to 0 on a specific server when:

- the normal status continues more than 1 hour
- the server is restarted
- the failover group is activated

<exec-name>

Specifies an executable file name.

• This parameter cannot be specified in Format 2.

<parameter-n>

Passed to an executable file. This parameter is optional.

/s

Specifies that the target to be started is a service.

• This parameter cannot be specified in Format 1.

/A

Specify this parameter when you want to specify the service as a monitoring target even though it is already started.

This parameter is optional.

• This parameter cannot be specified in Format 1.

/WAIT <time>

Specifies the time to wait for the completion of a service startup by the second. When this parameter is specified, this command does not return controls while waiting for the service to complete startup (SER-VICE_RUNNING) or within the wait time. This parameter is optional. When omitted, the command does not wait for the completion of a startup.

- This parameter cannot be specified in Format 1.
- The value from 0 through 3600 can be specified. When 0 is specified, the command waits for the completion of a startup endlessly.

/INT <time>

Specifies restart interval of the application or service, or scripts by the second. This parameter is optional When omitted, 0 (second) is specified to the restart interval.

- This parameter is valid when /R or /SCR option is specified.
- The value from 0 through 3600 can be specified.

<service-name>

Specifies the service name.

• This parameter cannot be specified in Format 1.

For service-name, specify one of the following:

- (1) Specify the service name that is displayed on the Services on the Administrative Tools.
- (2) Specify *xxxx* that matches with the service name displaying "DisplayName", the key of *xxxx* of the following registry in **Services** on **Administrative Tools**.

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Services\xxxx

Example) For FTP service of IIS

Name displayed on the Service window

FTP Publishing Service

Name displayed on the registry

```
...\Services\MSFTPSVC
DisplayName:REG_SZ: FTP Publishing Service
```

Format:

armload WatchID /S "FTP Publishing Service"

or

armload WatchID /S MSFTPSVC

Return Value

0	Success (the target application or service has started)
1	Cannot start the target application or service
2	Cannot perform process monitoring
3	The specified watchID is already used.
4	Time-out occurred while waiting for the service to complete startup (the service is starting up).
8	The EXPRESSCLUSTER Server service is not started.
9	The parameter is invalid.

Remarks

- (1) This command can be used only in scripts.
- (2) Multiple parameters can be specified for a command that is passed to an executable file.
- (3) The figure below indicates operations performed when the application or service started by ARMLOAD fails.
 - 1. The application or service is started by ARMLOAD
 - 2. A failure occurs
 - 3. Threshold check
 - 4. When the threshold is not exceeded, the application or service is restarted by scripts.

4-1: Stop script execution 4-2: Start script execution

- 5. When the threshold is exceeded, a failover occurs or a server shuts down
 - 5-1: Stop script execution 5-2: Fails over to another EXPRESSCLUSTER server



5. Failover or server shutdown

Notes

- (1) This command can be specified only in scripts.
- (2) When you start the application with GUIs without specifying an account, select Allow service to interact with desktop on the EXPRESSCLUSTER Server service. When not selected, GUIs of the application are not displayed.
- (3) When you specify a user account, it should have "local logon" permission. For information on the user permissions, see the help of the domain user administrator.

When you specify the domain of an account explicitly, specify the following. Note that the domain name and the user name should be within 15 characters.

• When the account is a local administrator

armload watchid /u administrator ap.exe

• When the account is a domainadministrator

armload watchid /u domain\administrator ap.exe

- (4) When you use the monitoring function (/M option) of the ARMLOAD command, make the setting so that the debugger is not automatically started, nor monitoring processing is prevented.
- (5) Applications not suitable for ARMLOAD monitoring function

The applications whose processes do not stay resident persistently are not suitable for the process monitoring (*). Since the process monitoring is assumed to monitor processes that stay persistently and do not terminate by themselves, it determines that an error occurs on an application when the started process is terminated.

(*) The following applications are examples:

An application whose process started by ARMLOAD does not stay resident persistently An application whose process started by ARMLOAD starts its child process, and the process started first does not stay resident persistently (ARMLOAD only monitors the process it started)

- (6) The application that requires GUIs may be terminated when it is started by the ARMLOAD command and logged off. To prevent the application from being terminated, start it with an account (/U option).
- (7) If you use this command with the [/U] option and any account other than built-in Administrator, the command might fail.
- (8) If you use this command with the [/S] option, it is recommended to set the recovery operation not to be performed by the service control manager so that applications other than EXPRESSCLUSTER will not control services.

If a service is set to restart upon the recovery operation by the service control manager, an unexpected action might be performed due to duplication with the recovery operation by EXPRESSCLUSTER.

Limitations

- (1) The ARMLOAD command with an account cannot be used in a batch program that is run with an account.
- (2) The application that is run with an account (including a child process) cannot use the LogonUser() function.
- (3) Do not execute a 16-bits application since it cannot be terminated by the ARMKILL command.
- (4) When including spaces in a parameter, enclose it in quotation marks.Example) ARMLOAD Wid1 "\Program Files\Application.exe"
- (5) Only the process that is started by the ARMLOAD command can be terminated by the ARMKILL command.
- (6) Do not run the applications (XXXX.EXE) that EXPRESSCLUSTER provide.

The ARMLOAD command may terminate abnormally (return value 1: Cannot start the target application or service) if the application with an account is started while it cannot access the domain controller (due to a failed server or network disconnection, etc.).

4.7 Terminating the application or service (armkill command)

the armkill exe command terminates the application or service.

Command line

armkill.exe watchID [/C | /T time]

Description

This command terminates the application or service that was started up by the ARMLOAD command. When one service is operated (monitoring target) with several ARMLOAD commands (when several ARMLOAD commands with /A option operate one service), the service is not terminated until ARMKILL is run for all *watchID*.

Parameter

<watchID>

Specifies the monitoring ID of the application or service you want to terminate. Use the ID specified when the application or service was started up by the ARMLOAD command.

/C

Cancels the monitoring of the application or service but does not terminate the application or service. This parameter is optional. When omitted, the application or service is terminated. This parameter cannot be specified with the /T parameter.

Do not use this option when stopping an application that was started by specifying the /U option of the ARMLOAD command.

/T <time>

Sets the termination wait time of the application or service.

The range that can be specified is from 0 to 3600 seconds. If 0 is specified, the command waits for the completion of termination of the application or service endlessly. This parameter is optional. When omitted, the wait time is set to 40 seconds. This parameter cannot be specified with the /C parameter.

Return Value

0	Success (the target application or service was termi- nated).
1	The application or service has already been termi- nated.
2	The application or service was not terminated. (The application or service is being termi- nated.)
8	The EXPRESSCLUSTER Server service has not been started.
9	The parameter is invalid.

Remarks

- (1) This command can be specified only in scripts.
- (2) To terminate the application, this command sends the WM_CLOSE message to it. If the application does not terminate within the specified time (/T *time*), this command executes the TerminateProcess() for the target application to forcibly terminate the application process.
- (3) To terminate the service, the requirement to stop the service is sent to the service control manager (SCM). When terminating the service has not been completed within the specified time (/T *time*), the return value of 2 is returned.
- (4) If /C is specified on this command, the application or service cannot be terminated by ARMKILL.

4.8 Waiting for the start or stop of groups (armgwait command)

the armgwait.exe command waits for the start or stop of groups.

Command line

armgwait.exe group_name [time-out] [/stop]

Description

This command waits for the start or stop of groups.

This command waits until the status of a group becomes active (when waiting for activation) or inactive (when waiting for termination), or until the specified time is exceeded.

Parameter

<group_name>

Specifies a name of the group whose completion of start or stop the command waits for.

<time-out>

Specifies the time-out by the second.

When this parameter is omitted, the time-out value is set to default (120 seconds).

/stop

Waits until the group is terminated. When this parameter is omitted, this command waits for the startup of the group.

Return Value

0	The status of the failover group is active or inactive.
1	The time-out has elapsed.
7	The EXPRESSCLUSTER Server service has not been started.
8	The specified group does not exist.
9	The parameter is invalid.

Notes

Do not run this command directly from the start or stop script. When using this command from those scripts, prepare the batch file on which the command is described, and then run the batch file on the start or stop script by writing "START *batch_file_name*" on it.

Remarks

This command can be run only in scripts. Follow the process on Note when using this command on the start or stop script.

4.9 Exclusive control between servers command (armcall command)

the armcall.exe command runs commands or programs exclusively on nodes.

Command line

armcall.exe [/L lockname] exec_name [parameter ...]

Description

This command executes a program from a script without terminating it, and returns the control to the script that is invoked again. This program is executed exclusively between nodes.

Parameter

/L <lockname>

Specifies the lock name. When this option is omitted, "Default" is specified for the name. The commands are run exclusively for each lock name specified by this parameter.

<exec_name>

Specifies the command or program to be run.

```
<parameter...>
```

Specifies the command line information required to run the program specified in *exec_name*.

Return Value

0	Success
8	The program was not run due to an error.
9	The parameter is invalid.

Remarks

This command can be run only in scripts.

Examples

When the process <A> must be run on all nodes, and the running of process <A> must be exclusive between nodes:

When the process $\langle A \rangle$ should be run only on one node and the process $\langle B \rangle$ should be run at all nodes, and the process $\langle B \rangle$ must be started after the completion of the process $\langle A \rangle$.

4.10 Retrieving the cluster wide variable or local variable (armgetcd command)

the armgetcd.exe command retrieves the cluster wide variable or local variable.

Command line

armgetcd.exe [/C] variable

Description

This command retrieves the setting value of the cluster wide variable or local variable specified by the armseted command.

Parameter

/C

Retrieves the setting value of the cluster wide variable. When this parameter is omitted, the value of the local variable is retrieved.

<variable>

Specifies the variable name set by the armsetcd command.

Return Value

Γ	0	The value could not be retrieved due to an error.
Γ	1-255	The value set by the armsetcd command is returned.

Remarks

This command can be specified only in scripts.

If you specify the variable name which is not set by the armseted command, 0 is returned.

4.11 Setting the cluster wide variable or local variable (armsetcd command)

The armsetcd.exe sets the cluster wide variable or local wide variable.

Command line

armsetcd.exe [/C] variable value

Description

This command sets the cluster wide variable or the local variable.

The setting value of the variable set by this command can be referred by using the armgeted command on the same or other scripts.

The cluster wide variable is shared between servers in a cluster. The variable set by the armseted command on one server can be referred or changed on another server.

The local variable is valid only on the server on which the armseted command is run.

Parameter

/C

Sets the variable as a cluster wide variable.

When this parameter is omitted, the variable is set as a local variable.

<variable>

Specifies the name of the variable to be set. Specify the name with up to 127 alphanumeric characters. (The name is case-sensitive.)

<value>

Specifies the value to be set to the variable on *variable* in integers from 1 through 255.

Return Value

0	Success
8	The variable was not set due to an error.
9	The parameter is invalid.

Remarks

This command can be run only in scripts.

Variable names are controlled separately for the cluster wide variable and the local variable. Thus, you can set both variables with one variable name. In this case, those are operated as two different variables.

The local variable is valid until the EXPRESSCLUSTER Server service of the server on which this command was run is terminated.

The cluster wide variable is valid until the EXPRESSCLUSTER Server services of all servers in a cluster are terminated.

4.12 Monitoring errors on the connection to the shared resources (armwhshr command)

the armwhshr.exe command monitors errors on the connection to the shared name.

Command line

armwhshr.exe share-name ip-addr [/INT time] [/LOG log-strings] [/PROC exec-name parameter-1 parameter-2 ... parameter-n]

Description

This command monitors errors on the connection to the shared name.

It checks if the ping is reached to the specified shared name server or monitors the connection error to the shared name. It registers the event log (ID:3514) when the ping is reached normally and an error occurred while connecting to the shared name.

However, the event log is not registered when the connection error is already detected. It is registered when the status of connection changes from normal to error.

With options, this command sends messages to the WebManager and starts specified executable files.

Parameter

<share-name>

Specifies a shared name (UNC name).

<ip-addr>

Specifies the IP address of a server that possesses shared name.

/INT <time>

Specifies monitoring interval (by the second).

The range which can be specified is from 30 through 86400. This parameter is optional. When omitted, 180 (sec) is set for the interval.

/LOG <log-strings>

Specifies the character string to be reported to the WebManager when an error occurs on the connection to a shared name. It is reported to the WebManager every time an error on the connection to the shared name is detected. Maximum of 111 bytes can be specified for the string. If the string includes spaces, enclose it in double quotation marks. When you use the double quotation marks in the strings, describe them with \ ("). This parameter is optional.

/PROC <exec-name>

Specifies the name of an executable file that is started when an error occurs on the connection to the shared name. The executable file is started when the status of shared name connection changes from normal to abnormal. This parameter is optional.

<parameter-n>

This parameter is passed to the executable file. This parameter is optional.

Return Value

0	Success
1	The parameter is invalid.
2	Insufficient memory
8	The EXPRESSCLUSTER Server service has not been started.

How to use

When using the ARMWHSHR command, configure the following settings.

(1) Registering the user account

Register the user account with an administrator right.

(2) Describing the ARMWHSHR command in scripts

Create a new failover group for monitoring errors on the connection to the shared name(*), and describe the ARMWHSHR command in scripts.

* Setting a failover group

Add only one server to the **Servers that can run the Group** by clicking the **Startup Server** tab on the **Group Properties**.

For example, to monitor errors on the connection to the shared name (temp) of the server (server name: server public LAN IP address: 100.100.100.1), describe the following in the start script: (Lines in the script that is run when CLP_EVENT is START)

```
ARMLOAD watchID /U Administrator
ARMWHSHR \\server\temp 100.100.100.1
```

Describe the following in the stop script (Lines in the script that is run when CLP_EVENT is START)

ARMKILL watchID

Usage example

This command is used to confirm whether the local disk of the server can be accessed from the network. On the cluster system with 2 servers, accessibility to local disks on both servers from the network can be checked by monitoring another server from both servers. The following indicates the examples of configuration and script descriptions.

Example



Server Information:

	Server1	Server2
Server name	server1	server2
Public LAN IP address	100.100.100.1	100.100.100.2
Shared name	(1)share1	(1)share2
	(2)share3	

Script example

(1) Start.bat of Server 1

```
IF "%CLP_EVENT%" == "START" GOTO NORMAL
GOTO EXIT
:NORMAL
ARMLOAD W1 /U Administrator ARMWHSHR \\server2\share2 100.100.100.2
:EXIT
EXIT
```

(2) Stop.bat of Server 1

```
ARMKILL W1
EXIT
```

(3) Start.bat of Server 2

```
IF "%ARMS_EVENT%" == "START" GOTO NORMAL
GOTO EXIT
:NORMAL
ARMLOAD W2 /U Administrator ARMWHSHR \\server1\share1 100.100.100.1
ARMLOAD W3 /U Administrator ARMWHSHR \\server1\share3 100.100.100.1
:EXIT
EXIT
```

(4) Stop.bat of Server 2

```
ARMKILL W2
ARMKILL W3
EXIT
```

Notes

This command can be specified only in scripts.

4.13 Controlling the applications or services started by the armload command (EXPRESSCLUSTER Task Manager)

the armaswth.exe command lists applications or services started by the armload command in GUI.

Command line

armaswth.exe

Description

This command lists the applications or services started by the armload command in GUI. In addition, it can start or stop the applications or services, and suspend or resume the monitoring in the same way as the armload command.

Remarks

This command can be specified both in and outside scripts.

Screen image

File Operation View Option	s Help				
re 201					
Application/Service Name	Failover Group Name	WatchID	Туре	Running	Monitoring St
S File Replication Telephony Enotepad.exe Enotepad.exe	fallover1 fallover1 fallover1 fallover1 fallover1	WatchID3 WatchID4 WatchID1 WatchID2	Service Service Application Application	Started Started Started Started	Monitoring Monitoring Monitoring Monitoring
eady					

Description

• Application/Service Name

Displays the names of applications or services started by the ARMLOAD command. Icons indicate the following status:

- A: Application that is not monitored
- Application that is being monitored
- : Application that is not a monitoring target
- S: Service that is not monitored
- Service that is being monitored
- Service that is not a monitoring target

Background colors of icons indicate the following status:

- Started / Being started
- : Stopped / Being stopped
- Failover Group Name

Displays the group names that the started applications or services belong to

• Type

Displays the types (application or service)

Running Status

Started: Application or service has started Stopped: Application or service has not started Starting: Application or service is being started Stopping: Application or service is being stopped

• Monitoring status

Monitoring: Application or service is being monitored

Not monitoring: Application or service is not being monitored

Not monitored: Application or service is not a monitoring target (is not set as a monitoring target but started by the ARMLOAD command)

```
Sort
```

Click any of **Application/Service Name**, **Failover Group Name**, **WatchID**, **Type**, **Running Status**, or **Monitoring Status** to sort the list into ascending or descending order of the clicked item.

Operation

Same as the ARMLOADC command, four operations of monitoring stop, monitoring resume, stop, start can be performed. Operations that can be performed vary depending on the status of the application or service start and the monitoring. For details, see "ARMLOADC command."

Select the application on the list (you cannot select multiple applications), and operate it by one of the following ways:

- Operation menu
- Toolbar
- Shortcut menu displayed by right-clicking the application name (shown below)

File Operation View O	ptions Help				
r 🖻 🞗 🔎 🗏 💷					
Application/Service Name	Failover Group Name	WatchID	Туре	Running	Monitoring St
5 File Replication 5 Telephony photepad.exe 0 notepad.exe	Falward Stop Monitoring Start Monitoring Stop Start	WatchID3 WatchID4 WatchID1 WatchID2	Service Service Application Application	Started Started Started Started	Monitoring Monitoring Monitoring Monitoring

Settings

To configure the settings, click Settings on the Option menu or on the toolbar.



Update Interval of Application/Service List

Specify the interval to automatically update the application or service list by the second. The value from 0 through 3600 can be specified. When 0 is set, the list is not updated automatically. The default is 10 (seconds).

Timeout to stop Application/Service

Specify the wait time to stop when stopping the application or service by the second. The value from 0 through 3600 can be specified. When 0 is set, the termination of the application or service is waited endlessly. The default is 40 (seconds). If the application or service is not stopped after the stop time is exceeded, the application is forcibly stopped. This setting is used only when the application or service is stopped by the EXPRESSCLUSTER Task Manager.

4.14 Shutting down the server (armdown command)

the armdown.exe command shuts down the server.

Command line

armdown.exe [reboot | off | stop]

Description

This command stops the EXPRESSCLUSTER service of the server on which this command is run, and shuts down the server.

Parameter

```
No parameter
```

Shuts down the server and turns off the power.

reboot

Shuts down the server and reboots it. This parameter cannot be specified with "OFF" or "stop" parameter.

off

Shuts down the server and turns off the power. This parameter cannot be specified with "reboot" or "stop" parameter.

stop

Stops the EXPRESSCLUSTER Server service without shutting down the server. This parameter cannot be specified with "reboot" or "OFF" parameter.

Return Value

[0	Success (The server shutdown has started).
	8	The EXPRESSCLUSTER Server service is not running.
	9	The parameter is invalid.

Notes

Do not run this command directly from the start or stop script. When using this command from those scripts, prepare the batch file on which the command is described, and then run the batch file on the start or stop script by writing "START *batch_file_name*" on it.

Remarks

This command can be specified both in and outside scripts. When running this command on the start or stop script, follow the steps on Notes.

To shut down whole cluster normally, run the armstdn command.

4.15 Moving or failing over a group (armfover command)

the armfover.exe command moves or fails over a group

Command line

armfover.exe [/F] group_name

Description

This command moves or fails over a group.

A group is moved or failed over to the server next to the current server, in ascending order, on which the group can be started. If a subsequent server does not exist, the group is moved or failed over to the first server.

Parameter

/F

Fails over a group.

When this parameter is omitted, a group is moved.

When a group is failed over, "FAILOVER" is set to the environment value of the start script "CLP_EVENT" on the destination server.

When a group is moved, "START" is set to the environment value of the start script "CLP_EVENT" on the destination server.

<group_name>

Specifies the name of the group to be moved or failed over.

Return Value

0	Success (the group was moved or failed over).			
7	The specified group has not been started.			
8	The EXPRESSCLUSTER Server service has not been started.			
9	The parameter is invalid.			

Notes

Do not run this command directly from the start or stop script. When using this command from those scripts, prepare the batch file on which the command is described, and then run the batch file on the start or stop script by writing "START *batch_file_name*" on it.

Remarks

This command can be specified both in and outside scripts. When running this command on the start or stop script, follow the steps on Notes.

4.16 Starting a group (armgstrt command)

the armgstrt.exe command starts a group

Command line

armgstrt.exe group_name [host_name]

Description

This command starts a group on a specified server

Parameter

<group_name>

Specifies the name of a group to be started

<host_name>

Specifies the name of a server on which a group is started. When this parameter is omitted, the server is determined according to a group failover policy.

Return Value

0	Success		
1	The status on which the specified operation is not available.		
	(checking if the shared disk is powered on or not)		
7	The specified group has already been started.		
8	The EXPRESSCLUSTER Server service has not been started.		
9	The parameter is invalid.		

Notes

Do not run this command directly from the start or stop script. When using this command from those scripts, prepare the batch file on which the command is described, and then run the batch file on the start or stop script by writing "START *batch_file_name*" on it.

Remarks

This command can be specified both in and outside scripts. When running this command on the start or stop script, follow the steps on Notes.

4.17 Stopping a group (armgstop command)

the armgstop.exe command stops a group

Command line

armgstop.exe group_name

Description

This command stops a group.

Parameter

group_name Specifies the name of a group to be stopped.

Return Value

0	Success
7	The specified group has not been started.
8	The EXPRESSCLUSTER Server service has not been started.
9	The parameter is invalid.

Notes

Do not run this command directly from the start or stop script. When using this command from those scripts, prepare the batch file on which the command is described, and then run the batch file on the start or stop script by writing "START *batch_file_name*" on it.

Remarks

This command can be specified both in and outside scripts. When running this command on the start or stop script, follow the steps on Notes.

4.18 Starting or stopping the application or service, suspending or resuming the monitoring (armloadc command)

the armloadc.exe command starts or stops the application or service, or suspends or resumes the monitoring.

Command line

armloadc.exe watchID /W mode [/T time]

Description

This command starts or stops the application or service, or suspends or resumes the monitoring. This command terminates when the operations of starting or stopping the application or service is completed.

Parameter

<watchID>

This ID is for monitoring. Specify the ID used when the application or service is started by the ARMLOAD command.

/W <mode>

Controls the monitoring.

The following values can be specified for mode.

- <mode>
 - pause

Suspends the monitoring of the application or service.

- continue

Resumes the monitoring of the application or service. When the application or service has terminated, the monitoring is resumed after a startup.

start

Starts the application or service.

- stop

Terminates the application or service. When the application or service is being monitored, it is terminated after suspending the monitoring.

/T <time>

This parameter is valid when "continue," "start" or "stop" is specified to mode of /W mode.

• When "continue" or "start" is specified to mode of /W mode:

Specifies the wait time to start the service (this parameter is invalid for the application). The value from 0 through 3600 (seconds) can be specified. When 0 is specified, the command waits for the startup of the service endlessly. This parameter is optional. When omitted, the command only starts the service and returns the control without waiting for completion of start.

• When "stop" is specified to mode of /W mode:

Specifies the wait time to stop the service. The value from 0 through 3600 (seconds) can be specified. When 0 is specified, this command waits for the termination of the application or service endlessly. This parameter is optional. When omitted, the command waits for maximum of 40 seconds.

Return Value

0	Success	
1	The status is invalid.	
2	The application or service was not stopped.	
	(The application or service is being started or stopped.)	
7	An error occurred in WIN32API.	
9	The parameter is invalid.	

Remarks

- (1) This command can be specified both in and outside scripts.
- (2) To terminate the application, send WM_CLOSE message to the application. When the application is not terminated within the specified time (/T *time*), run TerminateProcess() to forcibly terminate the application process.
- (3) To start or stop the service, send requests for start or stop of the service to the service control manager (SCM). When the start or stop has not been completed within the specified time (/T *time*), the return value of 2 is returned.
- (4) Refer to the table below for the values that can be specified in *mode*. If *mode* is invalid, the return value of 1 is returned.

Notes

Before stopping the service (mode = stop), suspend the monitoring of watchID (mode=pause) which is monitoring the same service name, if any. A service error is detected (event ID=3506 - 3510) if the service is stopped without suspending the monitoring.

Application/Service specification matrix

Status	Monitoring				Suspendi	ng		
					monitor-			
					ing			
Mode	Started	Starting	Terminatin	gTerminated	Started	Starting	Terminatin	gTerminated
pause	0	0	Х	-	Х	Х	Х	Х
continue	Х	Х	Х	-	0	0	O ¹¹	O ¹¹
start	Х	Х	Х	-	Х	Х	Х	0
stop	O ¹⁰	0	Х	-	0	0	Х	Х

O: Executable X: Not executable (Invalid status) : This combination does not exist.

¹¹ When "continue" is executed, the application and service is started, and monitoring of the application or service is resumed.

¹⁰ When "stop" is executed, monitoring of the application or service is suspended, and the application and service is stopped.

4.19 Suspending the script execution until the user's direction (armpause command)

the armpause.exe command displays a message box, and suspends the script execution until the user clicks OK.

Command line

armpause.exe msg_strings

Description

This command displays the message box and suspends the script execution. When the user clicks **OK** in the message box, script execution is resumed.

Parameter

<msg_strings>

Specifies the character string to be displayed on the message box. Maximum of 128 bytes can be specified.

Return Value

0	Displaying the message was terminated.
1	The message cannot be displayed.
9	The parameter is invalid.

Notes

To use this command in scripts, select **Allow service to interact with desktop on** the properties of the EX-PRESSCLUSTER Server service.

Remarks

This command can be specified both in and outside scripts.

4.20 Suspending the script execution for the specified time (armsleep command)

the armsleep.exe command suspends the script execution until the specified time is exceeded.

Command line

armsleep.exe seconds

Description

This command suspends the script execution until the specified time is exceeded.

Parameter

<seconds>

Specifies the time to suspend the script execution by the second.

Return Value

0Success9The parameter is invalid.

Remarks

This command can be specified both in and outside scripts.

4.21 Starting the network sharing of the directory (armnsadd command)

the armnsadd.exe command starts the network sharing of the directory.

Command line

armnsadd.exe *share_name path*

Description

This command starts the network sharing of the directory. This is the same function as "net share *shared_name=path_name*."

Parameter

<share_name>

Specifies the shared name of the network sharing to be started.

<path>

Specifies the directory to be shared by entering full path.

Return Value

0	Success		
1	The parameter is invalid.		
2	The path name cannot be found.		
3	The shared name is invalid.		
5	No access right.		
7	Insufficient memory.		
8	Already shared by the same shared name.		
9	Other error		

Remarks

This command can be specified both in and outside scripts.

When using the net share command, it waits for the entry on the console when the shared name of more than 8 characters is specified. Thus, it is not suitable to be used in scripts. In such a case, use this command instead of the net share command.

4.22 Stopping the network sharing of the directory (armnsdel command)

the armnsdel.exe command starts the network sharing of the directory.

Command line

armnsdel.exe share_name

Description

This command stops the network sharing of the directory. This is the same function as "net share *shared_name*/delete."

Parameter

<share_name>

Specifies the shared name of the network sharing to be stopped.

Return Value

0	Success
1	The parameter is invalid.
5	The access was denied.
8	Insufficient memory
2310	The shared name cannot be found.

Remarks

This command can be specified both in and outside scripts.

The net share command waits for the entry on the console depending on the status of connection to the clients when the network sharing is stopped. In such a case, use this command instead of the net share command. This command stops the network sharing regardless of the status of connection to the clients.

4.23 Setting the IP address returned by gethostbyname() (armwsset command)

the armwsset.exe command sets the IP address returned by the gethostbyname() executed on the local server.

Command line

Format1 armwsset.exe [/P] <path> [<ip_address> ...]
Format2 armwsset.exe /L
Format3 armwsset.exe /DEL

Description

This command sets the IP address returned by the gethostbyname() executed on the local server. Use this command when you want to return the virtual IP address as a local server's IP address that the application retrieves.

Parameter

/P

If this parameter is specified, settings are not deleted at system reboot. The settings are maintained after the system is restarted.

When this parameter is omitted, settings are deleted at system reboot.

<path>

Specifies the full path to the executable file of the target application.

<ip_address...>

Specifies the IP address returned by the gethostbyname().

More than one IP address can be specified by separating them by spaces.

When multiple addresses are specified, those are set in the array returned by gethostbyname() in the described order.

When this parameter is omitted, the settings of the application specified by *path* are deleted.

/L

Lists the current settings.

/DEL

Deletes all current settings.

Return Value

0	Success
1	Failed to configure the settings.

Notes

The settings by this command function only when the application downloads wsock32.dll directly as a socket library. They do not function when the application uses ws2_32.dll.

Run this command before starting the application.

To use this command, execute the following steps for each application in advance.

- (1) Copy wsock32.dll that is included with OS and stored in <code>%SystemRoot%\system32</code> to the stored directory for the application program, and change the name to "wsock_...dll."
- (2) Copy wsock32.dll stored in the **accessories** folder under the EXPRESSCLUSTER installation directory to the stored directory of the application program.
- (3) Execute the steps above on all servers that run the application.

Remarks

This command can be specified both in and outside scripts.

4.24 Setting or displaying the start delay time (armdelay command)

the armdelay.exe command sets or displays the delay time at the EXPRESSCLUSTER service startup.

Command line

armdelay.exe /N [seconds]

Description

This command sets or displays the delay time at startup of the EXPRESSCLUSTER Server service or the EXPRESSCLUSTER Disk Agent service.

Parameter

/N [seconds]

Sets or displays the delay time at startup of the EXPRESSCLUSTER Server service or the EXPRESSCLUSTER Disk Agent by the second. These services are started after the delay time is exceeded.

For seconds, the value from 0 through 3600 can be specified.

When *seconds* is omitted, the current setting values are displayed.

Return Value

0	Success		
7	An error occurred in WIN32API.		
9	The parameter is invalid.		

Remarks

This command can be specified only outside scripts.

The default value of the delay time immediately after the installation is 0 second.

The delay time specified by this command is valid until the EXPRESSCLUSTER Server is uninstalled.

The delay time must be set for each server. The setting values are valid only on the server on which this command was run.

Normally, changing the delay time is not required. Setting the delay time is needed when using the EXPRESSCLUSTER on the fault-tolerant servers such as NEC Express5800/ft series.

4.25 Setting or displaying operations at the occurrence of the emergency shutdown (armem command)

the armem.exe command sets or displays the operation mode at the occurrence of emergency shutdown.

Command line

armem.exe /M [shutdown | reboot | poweroff]

Description

This command sets or displays the operation mode at the occurrence of the emergency shutdown.

Parameter

/M <mode>

- <mode>
 - (None)

Displays the current operation mode.

- shutdown

This parameter is for compatibility. It functions in the same way as the poweroff parameter.

- reboot

Reboots the server after shutdown.

poweroff
 Powers off the server after shutdown.

Return Value

0	Success
7	An error occurred in WIN32API.
9	The parameter is invalid.

Remarks

This command can be specified only outside scripts.

The default value of the operation mode immediately after the installation is "shutdown."

The operation mode specified by this command is valid until the EXPRESSCLUSTER Server is uninstalled. The operation mode must be set for each server. The setting values are valid only on the server on which this command was run.
4.26 Shutting down the whole cluster (armstdn command)

the armstdn.exe command shuts down the whole cluster.

Command line

armstdn.exe [reboot | off | stop]

Description

This command stops the EXPRESSCLUSTER service in the whole cluster, and shuts down all servers.

Parameter

No parameter

Powers off the server after shutdown.

reboot

Reboots the server after shutdown. This parameter cannot be specified with the off or stop parameter.

off

Powers off the server after shutdown. This parameter cannot be specified with the reboot or stop parameter.

stop

Stops only the EXPRESSCLUSTER Server service without shutting down the server. This parameter cannot be specified with the reboot or off parameter.

Return Value

0	Success
8	The EXPRESSCLUSTER Server service is not running.
9	The parameter is invalid.

Notes

Servers which cannot be communicated from the server on which this command was run are not shut down. Do not run this command while activating a group. Since a group cannot be inactivated while being activated, an emergency shutdown is executed.

Remarks

This command can be specified only outside scripts.

4.27 Returning the server with the status of "Suspension (isolated)" (armmode command)

the armmode.exe command returns the server whose status is "Suspension (isolated)" to the normal status.

Command line

armmode.exe [/F]

Description

This command returns the server whose status is "suspension (isolated)" to the normal status. Run this command on the server whose status is "suspension (isolated)."

Parameter

No parameter Returns the server

/F

This parameter is for compatibility. When specified, the command functions in the same way when no parameter is specified.

Return Value

0	Success
1	The status of the server is not "Suspension (isolated)."
8	The EXPRESSCLUSTER Server service is not running.
9	The parameter is invalid.

Remarks

This command can be specified only outside scripts.

When the server did not shut down normally, the status of the server becomes "Suspension (isolated)" at the next server startup. On the server of that status, activating a group is prohibited. Activating a group becomes possible after returning the server to the normal status by this command.

4.28 Permitting an access to the mirror disk (mdopen command)

the mdopen.exe command permits an access to the mirror disk.

Command line

mdopen.exe mirrordisk_alias

Description

Normally, the mirror disk is accessible only when the resource is activated. In other cases the access is prohibited.

This command permits the access to the inactivated mirror disk.

Parameter

<mirrordisk_alias>

Specifies the mirror disk resource name to which you want to permit the access.

Return Value

0	Success	
1	The parameter is invalid.	
2	The mirroring is in progress. The access cannot be	
	permitted.	
3 or larger	Other error (possible causes are described below)	
	• The Replicator/Replicator DR is not used.	
	• There is a task accessing the target mirror disk	
	resource.	
	• Internal error	

Notes

When accessing the mirror disk is permitted by using this command, be sure to prohibit the access using the mdclose command before recovering the mirror.

Remarks

This command can be specified only outside scripts.

This command is available only when the Replicator/Replicator DR is used.

This command is for executing the snapshot backup by a batch processing. For details on the snapshot backup, see "Performing a snapshot backup" in "The system maintenance information" in the "Maintenance Guide".

4.29 Prohibiting an access to the mirror disk (mdclose command)

the mdclose.exe command prohibits an access to the mirror disk.

Command line

mdclose.exe mirrordisk_alias

Description

This command prohibits the access to the mirror disk that is permitted by the mdopen command. Do not run this command when there is no task accessing the specified mirror disk resource.

Parameter

<mirrordisk_alias>

Specifies the name of a mirror disk resource to which you want to prohibit the access.

Return Value

0	Success
1	The parameter is invalid.
2 or larger	Other error (possible causes are described below)The Replicator/Replicator DR is not used.
	• There is a task accessing the target mirror disk resource.
	Internal error

Notes

When accessing the mirror disk is permitted using the mdopen command, be sure to prohibit the access using this command before recovering the mirror.

Remarks

This command can be specified only outside scripts.

This command is available only when the Replicator/Replicator DR is used.

This command is for executing the snapshot backup by a batch processing. For details on the snapshot backup, see "Performing a snapshot backup" in "The system maintenance information" in the "Maintenance Guide".

4.30 Permitting an access to the shared disk (sdopen command)

the sdopen.exe command permits an access to the shared disk

Command line

sdopen.exe disk_resource_name

Description

In general, the shared disk is accessible only when the disk resource is activated. In other cases the access is prohibited.

This command permits the access to the inactivated disk resource.

Parameter

<disk_resource_name>

Specifies the disk resource name to which you want to permit the access.

Return Value

0	Success	
1	The parameter is invalid.	
3 or larger	Other error (possible causes are described below) Invalid HBA settings Invalid drive letter settings Internal error 	

Notes

Make sure that the disk resource is inactivated before using this command. If this command is executed in the state that the disk resource is activated, data on the shared disk may be corrupted.

When access to the shared disk is permitted by using this command, be sure to prohibit the access by using the sdclose command before activating the disk resource. If the disk resource us activated in the state where the access is not prohibited, data on the shared disk may be corrupted.

Remarks

This command can be used only outside scripts.

4.31 Prohibiting an access to the shared disk (sdclose command)

the sdclose command prohibits an access to the shared disk

Command line

sdclose.exe disk_resource_name

Description

This command prohibits accesses to the disk resource that are permitted by the sdopen command.

Parameter

<disk_resource_name>

Specifies the disk resource name to which you want to prohibit the access.

Return Value

0	Success	
1	The parameter is invalid.	
3 or larger	Other error (possible causes are described below) Invalid HBA settings Internal error 	

Notes

When accessing the disk resource is permitted by using the sdopen command, be sure to prohibit the access by using this command before activating the disk resource.

Remarks

This command can be used only outside scripts.

4.32 Error messages of the compatible commands

Message	Description	Solution
armbcast succeeded.	armbcast succeeded.	-
armbcast has received an invalid parameter.	armbcast received an invalid param- eter.	Specify the valid input parameter.
armbcast failed in the internal processes (1%03d). The error code is 0x%x.	armbcast T failed in the internal pro- cessing.	Check if the memory is sufficient and/or OS is stable.
Cannot execute armbcast.	armbcast cannot be executed.	armbcast cannot be used when the arms_event of the start script is in the recover status. This is because the server is recovering the cluster.
armcall succeeded. command name=%.16s.	armcall succeeded.	-
armcall has received an invalid parameter.	armcall received an invalid parame- ter.	Specify an valid input parameter.
armcall failed to lock the file.	armcall failed to acquire the privi- lege to write lock for exclusive ac- cess control.	Check if the memory is sufficient and/or OS is stable.
armcall received a console close signal. The server will be shut down.	The server was shut down because the armcall console window was closed by a user's request.	-
armcall failed in the internal pro- cesses ("%03d"). The error code is 0x%x.	armcall failed in the internal pro- cessing.	Check if the memory is sufficient and/or OS is stable.
armcall failed to execute the command line. The error code is 0x%x.	Execution of exec-name specified in the command line of armcall failed.	Check if the valid values are speci- fied for the path name, file name and parameter-n in the command lines.
armdown succeeded. op- tion=%s.	armdown succeeded.	-
armdown has received an invalid parameter. option=%s.	armdown received an invalid param- eter.	Specify an valid input parameter.
armdown shuts down the server. option=%s.	armdown started a server shutdown.	-
armdown cannot execute speci- fied action. option=%s	armdown cannot be executed.	The server may have failed. Check it.
armdown failed in the internal processes (%03d). The error code is 0x%x.option=%s	armdown failed in the internal pro- cessing.	Check if the memory is sufficient and/or OS is stable.
armem succeeded. mode=%.	armem succeeded.	-
armem has received an invalid parameter.	armem received an invalid parame- ter.	Specify a valid input parameter.
armdown failed in the internal processes (%04d). The error code is 0x%x.option=%s	armem failed in the internal process.	Check if the memory is sufficient and/or OS is stable.

Table 4.6 – continued from previous page			
Message	Description	Solution	
armforver succeeded. option=%s group-name=%s	armforver succeeded.	-	
armforver has received an invalid parameter. option=%s group-name=%s	armforver received an invalid pa- rameter.	Specify a valid input parameter.	
Cannot execute armfover . option=%s group-name=%s	armforver cannot be executed.	Check if the failover group is being stopped or is already stopped.	
armfover failed in the internal processes (1%03d). The error code is 0x%x.option=%s.group- name=%s.	armforver failed in the internal pro- cess.	Check if the memory is sufficient and/or OS is stable.	
armgetcd succeeded.	armgetcd succeeded.	-	
armgetcd has received an invalid	armgeted received an invalid param-	Specify a valid input parameter.	
parameter.	eter.		
armgetcd received a console close signal. The server will be shut down.	The server was shut down. This is because the console window of ar- mgetcd was closed by a user's re- quest.	-	
armgetcd failed in the internal processes ("%03d"). The error code is 0x%x.	armgetcd failed in the internal pro- cess.	Check if the memory is sufficien and/or OS is stable.	
armgstrt succeeded. group-name=%s.server- name=%s.	armgstrt succeeded.	-	
armgstrt has received an invalid parameter.group- name=%s.server-name=%s.	armgstrt received an invalid param- eter.	Specify a valid input parameter.	
armgstrt failed in the internal pro- cesses (1%03d). The error code is 0x%x.group-name=%s.server- name=%s.	armgstrt failed in the internal pro- cess.	Check if the memory is sufficient and/or OS is stable.	
armgstrt cannot execute the specified operation. group-name=%s server=%s	armgstart is not in the status to exe- cute the specified operation.	The failover group is being started or it has been started, or the server may not be operating successfully Check them.	
armgstop succeeded. group-name=%s	armgstop succeeded.	-	
	1	Continued on next page	

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Table	4.6 – continued from previous page

Message	Description	Solution
licecage	armgstop received an invalid param-	Specify a valid input parameter.
armgstop has received an invalid parameter.	eter.	speeny a valie input parameter.
group-name=%s		
armgwait succeeded.	armgwait succeeded.	-
armgwait has received an invalid	armgwait received an invalid param-	Specify a valid input parameter.
parameter.	eter.	
armgwait timed out.	armgwait timed out.	Check the target failover group
		name.
armgwait failed to run the inter- nal processes (1%03d). The er- ror code is 0x%x.	armgwait failed in the internal process.	Check if the memory is sufficient and/or OS is stable.
armkill (WID="%0.16s") suc- ceeded.	armkill succeeded.	-
armkill has received invalid WID ("%0.10s") as a parameter.	armload is not executed by the spec- ified WID.	Check the command line (watcID) of the armload.
armkill has received an invalid parameter.	armkill received an invalid parame- ter.	Specify a valid input parameter.
armkill (WID="%0.16s") force- fully terminated application.	The application was forcefully ter- minated because it did not end within a designated time period.	Examine the application to find why it did not terminate within the desig- nated time period.
armkill (WID="%0.16s") could not forcefully terminated applica- tion.	The application was forcefully ter- minated, because it did not end within a designated time period. However the forced termination failed.	Same as above
armkill (WID="%0.16s") could not stop the service.	The service did not end within the specified time period.	Examine the service to find why it did not end within the specified time period.
armkill (WID="%0.16s") has failed in the internal processes (3%03d). The error code is 0x%x.	armkill failed in the internal pro- cess.	When the "internal process" is 3060, the application is already closed. Examine the application to find why it ended. If not above, check if the memory is sufficient and/or OS is stable.
armkill (WID="%0.32s") failed to stop the service. Detailed infor- mation:%0.160s	armkill failed to stop the service.	The request to stop the service that was asked to the service control manager failed. Investigation needs to be conducted in the service.
armload (WID="%0.16s") suc- ceeded.	armload succeeded.	-
armload has received invalid WID ("%0.16s") as an invalid parameter.	WID is overlapped.	Specify a unique WID.
armload has received an invalid parameter.	armload received an invalid param- eter.	Specify an valid input parameter.

Table 4.6 – continued from previous page	Table 4	6 – continu	ed from pre	vious page
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Table 4.6 – continued from previous page				
Message	Description	Solution		
armload (WID="%0.16s") has reached the maximum number of processes that can be run simul- taneously.	An attempt to start up applica- tions/services more than executable number of applications/servers (256) was made	Create scripts to make the num- ber of running applications/ services within 256.		
armload has received WID ("%0.16s") that exceeds the maximum character count as a parameter.	The character string of WID has more than 256 characters	Make the character string of WID to have up to 255 characters.		
armload(WID="%0.16s") de- tected the service starting time-out.	The service did not end within a des- ignated time period.	Examine the service to find why it did not end within the designated time period.		
armload (WID="%0.16s") failed in the internal pro- cesses(1%03d). The error code is 0x%x.	armload failed in the internal pro- cesses.	Check if the memory is sufficient and/or OS is stable.		
armpoll has received an invalid parameter. armpoll (WID="%0.16s") de- tected extinction of the ap- plication. The stop code is %d.	Command monitoring process re- ceived an invalid parameter. Command monitor process did not detect any application.	Check if the memory is sufficient and/or OS is stable. Detected an application termination. Examine the application to find why it ended.		
armload (WID="%0.16s") couldn't log on to user ("%0.32s"). The error code is 0x%x.	Failed to log on to the user account.	Check user account registration in- formation (user ID, password), and if the domain name is indicated, also check the domain name in NEC EX- PRESSCLUSTER manager.		
armload (WID="%0.16s") failed to execute the command line. The error code is 0x%x.	Failed to start the application.	Check if the valid path name and file name are specified in the exec- name of the armload command line. Check if a valid value is specified to the parameter-n.		
armload (WID="%0.16s") could not log on to user ("%0.32s"). The error code is 0x%x.	Failed to acquire a password of a user account.	Check if the user account registra- tion is done in NEC EXPRESS- CLUSTER manager.		
armload (WID="%0.16s") could not log on to user ("%0.32s"). The error code is 0x%x.	Command monitoring process failed in internal processing.	Check if the memory is sufficient and/or OS is stable.		
Command monitor process (WID="%0.16s") detected a failure in the services. The stop code is %d & %d.	Command monitor process detected a failure of the service.	Detected service termination. Ex- amine the service to find it termi- nated.		
Command monitor process (WID="%0.16s") failed to get the environmental variable name.	Command monitor process failed in acquiring an environmental variable name.	It may have been started from outside of the scripts Start from outside of script is not supported. If not above, check if memory is sufficient, and/or OS is stable.		
		Continued on next page		

Table 4.6 – continued from previous page

Message	Description	Solution
Command monitor process (WID="%0.16s") restarted script.	Command monitor process restarted scripts.	Due to detection of applica- tion/service termination, the scripts restarted.
Command monitor process (WID="%0.16s") restarted application. Command monitor process	Command monitor process restarted the application.	Due to detection of termination of the application, the application restarted.
(WID="%0.16s") restarted Service	Command monitor process restarted the service	Due to detection of termination of the service, the restarted.
Command monitor process (WID="%0.16s") completed the failover of the group ("%0.10s").	Command monitor process per- formed a failover to the group.	Due to detection of applica- tion/service termination, the failover group failed over.
Command monitor process (WID="%0.16s") shut down the server.	Command monitor process shut down the server.	Due to detection of applica- tion/service termination, the server shut down.
armpoll (WID="%0.16s") has re- ceived an invalid service name ("%0.10s") as a parameter.	armload received an invalid service name as a parameter.	In the armload command line, check if the valid service name is specified for service-name. Check if the valid value is designated for parameter-n as well.
armload (WID=""%0.16s"") failed to get user (""%0.32s"") informa- tion. The user name may be in- correct. The error code is 0x%x.	Failed to acquire a domain name from the user name.	Check if the user name is registered in the system.
armpoll (WID="%0.16s") de- tected extinction of the applica- tion.	Command monitor process did not detect any application (Failed to acquire the application termination code of the application).	Detected termination of an applica- tion. Examine the application to find why it terminated.
armload (WID="%0.16s") failed to start the service. The error code is 0x%x.	Failed to start the service.	Examine the service to find why it failed to start.
Command monitor process (WID="%0.16s") failed to fail over the group(%s). The error code is 0x%x.	Command monitor process failed to failover the group.	Check if the failover destination server is operating successfully as a cluster.
(WID="%0.32s") failed to stop the service. Detailed informa- tion:%0.160s	stop the service.	vice control manager failed. Exam- ine the service.
Command monitor process (WID="%0.16s") forcefully termi- nated the application.	Command monitor process forced to finish the application.	The application was forcefully ter- minated by TerminateProcess() be- cause it could not end within the specified time period. Check the ap- plication.

Table	4.6 -	continued	from	previous	page
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Message Description Command monitor process (WID="%0.16s") failed to force- fully terminate the application. Command monitor process failed to finish the application.	within the specified time period due to the WM_CLOSE message. An attempt to forcefully terminate by the TerminateProcess() was made. However it did not end. Check the application.
(WID="%0.16s") failed to force- finish the application.	within the specified time period due to the WM_CLOSE message. An attempt to forcefully terminate by the TerminateProcess() was made. However it did not end. Check the application.
CommandmonitorprocessCommandmonitorprocess failed to(WID="%0.16s")failed tostopstopService.Service.	Service did not end within the speci- fied time period. Check the Service.
armloadc succeeded. armloadc succeeded. WatchID=%0.16s.mode=%s.time=%s.	-
armloadcreceivedarmloadc received an invalid param-aninvalidparameter.eter.WatchID=%0.16s.mode=%s.time=%s.	Specify a valid input parameter.
Cannot execute armloadc. armloadc cannot be executed. WatchID=%0.16s.mode=%s.time=%s.	Check "startup state" and "moni- toring state" by NEC EXPRESS- CLUSTER task manager. Check whether or not armloadc can be executed by referring to applica- tion/service specification matrix of command reference (armloadc).
armloadcdetectedtime-outApplication/servicedidnotendwhilewaitingtostart/stopwithin the designated time period.within the designated time period.theapplication/service.mode=%sstart/stopstart/stopstart/stopWatchID=%0.16smode=%sstart/stopstart/stopstart/stop	find why it did not end within the designated time period.
armloadc Win32API er- armloadc failed in the internal pro- ror.WatchID=%0.16s.mode=%s.timees%isg.	Check if the memory is sufficient and/or OS is unstable.
armmode succeeded. option=%s.	-
armloadcreceivedarmloadc received an invalid param- eter.aninvalidparameter.eter.WatchID=%0.16s.mode=%s.time=%s.%s.	Specify a valid input parameter.

Table 4.6 – continued from previous page

Message	De 4.6 – continued from previous pa	Solution
armmode cannot execute the	armmode cannot execute the speci-	
specified action (%03d). op-	fied operation.	Force-return (/F) :
tion=%s.	-	Some servers are not isolated.
		Check the servers.
		Server isolation (/I) :
		The local server is not operating
		successfully in the cluster. Or there
		are no two or more servers that are
		working successfully in the cluster.
		Check the servers.
		Server isolation (/I) :
		The local server is not operating
		successfully in the cluster. Check
		the server.
armmode failed in the inter-	armmode failed in the internal pro-	Check if the memory is sufficient
nal processes(%03d).The error	cessing.	and/or OS is stable.
code is 0x%x.option=%s.		
armnsadd succeeded	armnsadd succeeded.	-
(share=%.80s,path=%.80s).		
armnsadd has received an in-	armnsadd received an invalid pa-	Specify a valid input parameter.
valid parameter. armnsadd failed to run the inter-	rameter.	
nal processes (1%03d). The er-	armnsadd failed in the internal pro- cessing.	If the internal process is 1020, the
ror code is 0x%x.	cessing.	shared name has more than 80
		characters. Specify it within 80
		characters.
		If the internal process is 1040, the
		path name is invalid. Check the
		path name.
		If the internal process is 1050, the
		shared name is invalid. Check if
		you did not use characters that
		cannot be specified for shared
		names.
		If the internal process is 1060, you
		do not have the privilege to access
		the path name. Check the access
		privilege.
		If the internal process is 1090, the
		same name is already used. Specify
		a shared name that does not overlap
		with others.
		If not above, check if the memory is
		sufficient, and/or OS is stable.
armnsdel succeeded	armnsdel succeeded.	_
(share=%.80s).		
(0.1010-70.000).		Continued on next page

Table 4.6 – continued from previous page

Table 4.6 – continued from previous page			
Message	Description	Solution	
armnsdel has received an invalid parameter.	armnsdel received an invalid param- eter.	Specify a valid input parameter.	
armnsdel failed to run the inter- nal processes (1%03d). The er- ror code is 0x%x.	armnsdel failed in the internal pro- cessing.	If the internal process is 1030, you do not have the privilege to access the shared name. Check the access privilege. If the internal process is 1060, the shared name cannot be found. Check the name. If not above, check if the memory is sufficient, or OS is stable.	
armpause succeeded.	armpause succeeded.	-	
armpause has received an in- valid parameter.	armpause received an invalid pa- rameter.	Specify a valid input parameter.	
armpause cannot display the message.	armpause cannot display dialog messages.	Check if the memory is sufficient and/or OS is stable.	
armsetcd succeeded.	armsetcd succeeded.	-	
armsetcd has received an invalid parameter.	armsetcd received an invalid param- eter.	Specify a valid input parameter.	
armsetcd received a console close signal. The server will be shut down.	server shutdown was executed be- cause armsetcd console window was closed by user's request.	-	
armsetcd failed in the internal processes ("%03d"). The error code is 0x%x.	armsetcd failed in the internal pro- cessing.	Check if the memory is sufficient And/or OS is stable.	
armsleep succeeded.	armsleep succeeded.	-	
armsleep has received an invalid parameter.	armsleep received an invalid param- eter.	Specify a valid input parameter.	
armstdn failed in the internal pro- cesses(%03d).The error code is 0x%x.option=%s.	armstdn failed in the internal pro- cessing.	Check if the memory is sufficient and/or OS is stable.	
armstdn succeeded. cmd=%s	armstdn succeeded.	-	
Failed to shut down the cluster. The server is not operating as a cluster.	Failed to acquire a cluster name.	The server is not operating as clus- ter. Check it.	
Failed to shut down the cluster. The error code is 0x%x.	armwhshr failed in internal process- ing.	Check if the memory is sufficient and/or OS is stable.	
Failed to shut down the clus- ter. EXPRESSCLUSTER Server Service is not started.	"The EXPRESSCLUSTER Server" service is not started.	"The EXPRESSCLUSTER Server" service is not started. Check it.	
armwhshr has received an in- valid parameter.	armwhshr received an invalid pa- rameter.	Specify a valid input parameter.	
		Continued on next page	

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armwharr failed in the internal processes(1%03d). The error code is 0x%x. armwhshr failed in the internal pro- cessing. Check if the memory is sufficient and/or OS is stable. armwhshr detected connection error to share-name(%.48s). The error code is 0x%x. armwhshr detected error in connec- tion to the shared name. The shared name cannot be used. Recover devices that are associated to the shared name. armwhshr detected con- nection recovery to shared name(%.48s). The error code is 0x%x. rmwhshr detected recovery of con- nection to the shared name. - armwhshr detected con- nection recovery to shared name(%.48s). The error code is 0x%x. mdopen failed. An internal error co- curred. Check if the memory is sufficien and/or OS is stable. mdopen failed. An internal error occurred. mdopen failed. An internal error co- curred. Check if the cluster configuration to devices. mdopen failed. A network error occurred. mdopen failed. The resource is busy. The partition may be being used to stable. mdopen failed. The resource is not performed first mirror con- struction. mdopen failed. The resource is not initialized. Check if the cluster configuration data is valid. mdopen failed. The resource is not initialized. mdopen failed. The resource is not initialized. Moopen failed. The resource is not initialized. Initial mirror con- struction is not done for resources. mdopen failed. The resource is not performed first mirror con- struction. mdopen failed. The license is		ble 4.6 – continued from previous pa	8
processes(1%03d). The error code is 0x%x. and/or OS is stable. armwhshr detected connection error to share-name(%.48s). The error code is 0x%x. armwhshr detected error in connection to the shared name. The error code is 0x%x. and/or OS is stable. armwhshr detected connection error to share-name(%.48s). The error code is 0x%x. The shared name. armwhshr detected connection recovery to shared name. and/or OS is unstable. Check it. armwhshr detected connection recovery to shared name.(%.48s). The error code is 0x%x. modpen failed. An internal error occurred. mdopen failed. An internal error occurred. mdopen failed. The resource is busy. modpen failed. The resource is modpen failed. The resource is modpen failed. A network error courred. - mdopen failed. A network error occurred. mdopen failed. The resource is is invalid. Check if the cluster configuration data is valid. mdopen failed. The resource is invalid. mdopen failed. The resource is invalid. Check if the cluster configuration data is valid. mdopen failed. The resource is invalid. mdopen failed. The resource is invalid. Mirror recovery is required. mdopen failed. The resource is invalid. mdopen failed. The resource is invalid. Mirror recovery is required. mdopen failed. The resource is invalid. mdopen failed. The resource is invalid. Check if the partition is allocated , the disk is	Message	Description	Solution
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nection recovery to shared name(%.48s). The error code is 0x%x.nection to the shared name.mdopen failed. An internal error occurred.mdopen failed. An internal error curred.Check if the memory is sufficient and/or OS is stable.mdopen failed. The resource is busy.mdopen failed. The resource is busy.The partition may be being used Retry later.mdopen failed. A network error occurred.mdopen failed. A network error curred.Check how the interconnect is con- nected.mdopen failed. Cannot establish the mirror disk connection.mdopen failed. The resource name is invalid.Check if the cluster configuration data is valid.mdopen failed. The resource is not initialized.mdopen failed. The resource is not initialized.Mirror recovery is required.mdopen failed. The resource is not initialized.mdopen failed. Initial mirror con- struction.Mitter configuration data is ocreated at is not initialized.mdopen failed. The resource is not performed first mirror con- struction.mdopen failed. Initial mirror con- struction is not done for resources.Initial mirror con- struction is not done for resources.mdopen failed. The license is not registered.mdopen failed. The license is not registered.Check if the memory is sufficient and/or OS is stable.mdopen failed. The trial version has expired.mdopen failed. The trial version registered.Register the license.mdopen failed. The trial version has expired.mdopen failed. The trial version registered.Register the license.mdopen failed. The trial version has expired.mdopen fa	error to share-name(%.48s).		Recover devices that are associated to the shared name.1.OS is unstable. Check it.2. Make sure that power is supplied to the devices.3. Make sure that the devices and
occurred.curred.and/or OS is stable.mdopen failed. The resource is busy.mdopen failed. The resource is busy.mdopen failed. The resource is busy.The partition may be being used Retry later.mdopen failed. A network error oc- occurred.mdopen failed. A network error oc- curred.Check how the interconnect is con- nected.mdopen failed. Cannot establish the mirror disk connection.mdopen failed to establish the com- munication of the mirror disk.Check if the cluster configuration data is valid.mdopen failed. The resource name is invalid.mdopen failed. The resource is is invalid.mdopen failed. The resource is and initialized.Check if the partition is allocated , the disk is recognized by OS and the cluster configuration data is correct.mdopen failed. The resource is not initialized.mdopen failed. Initial mirror con- struction.Initial mirror con- struction is not done for resources.Initial mirror con- struction is not done for resources.mdopen failed. The license is not registered.mdopen failed. The license is not registered.Check if the memory is sufficient and/or OS is stable.mdopen failed. The trial version has expired.mdopen failed. The license au- mdopen failed. The trial version has expired.Register the license. Register the license.	nection recovery to shared name(%.48s). The error code is		-
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the mirror disk connection.munication of the mirror disk.data is valid.mdopen failed. The resource name is invalid.mdopen failed. The resource name is invalid.Check if the cluster configuration data is valid.mdopen failed. The status is in- valid.mdopen failed. The status is invalid.Mirror recovery is required.mdopen failed. The resource is not initialized.mdopen failed. The resource is not initialized.Mirror recovery is required.mdopen failed. The resource is not performed first mirror con- struction.mdopen failed. Initial mirror con- struction is not done for resources.Initial mirror con- struction is not done for resources.mdopen failed. The license is not registered.mdopen failed. The license is not molopen failed. The trial version has expired.Register the license.mdopen failed. The trial version has expired.mdopen failed. The trial version has expired.Register the license.	occurred.	curred.	nected.
name is invalid.is invalid.data is valid.mdopen failed. The status is invalid.mdopen failed. The status is invalid.Mirror recovery is required.mdopen failed. The resource is not initialized.mdopen failed. The resource is not initialized.Mirror recovery is required.mdopen failed. The resource is not performed first mirror con- struction.mdopen failed. Initial mirror con- struction is not done for resources.Check if the partition is allocated , the disk is recognized by OS and the cluster configuration data is correct.mdopen failed. The resource is not performed first mirror con- struction.mdopen failed. Initial mirror con- struction is not done for resources.Initial mirror construction is re- quired.mdopen failed. Cannot lock the mirror disk.mdopen failed to lock the mirror disk.Check if the memory is sufficient and/or OS is stable.mdopen failed. The license is not registered.mdopen failed. The license is not expired.Register the license.mdopen failed. The trial version has expired.mdopen failed. The trial version has expired.Register the license.mdopen failed. The license au- thentication failed.mdopen failed. The license authen- tication failed.Register the license.	the mirror disk connection.	munication of the mirror disk.	data is valid.
valid.mdopen failed. The resource is not initialized.mdopen failed. The resource is not initialized.mdopen failed. The resource is not initialized.mdopen failed. The resource is not performed first mirror con- struction.mdopen failed. Initial mirror con- struction is not done for resources.Initial mirror con- quired.mdopen failed. Cannot lock the mirror disk.mdopen failed to lock the mirror disk.Initial mirror con- struction is not done for resources.mdopen failed. The license is not registered.mdopen failed. The license is not registered.Register the license.mdopen failed. The trial version has expired.mdopen failed. The trial version mdopen failed. The license au- trication failed.Register the license.	name is invalid.	is invalid.	data is valid.
not initialized.initialized.Check if the partition is allocated , the disk is recognized by OS and the cluster configuration data is correct.mdopen failed. The resource is not performed first mirror con- struction.mdopen failed. Initial mirror con- struction is not done for resources.Initial mirror construction is re- quired.mdopen failed. Cannot lock the mirror disk.mdopen failed to lock the mirror disk.Check if the memory is sufficient and/or OS is stable.mdopen failed. The license is not registered.mdopen failed. The license is not expired.Register the license.mdopen failed. The trial version has expired.mdopen failed. The trial version has expired.Register the license.mdopen failed. The license au- thentication failed.mdopen failed. The license authen- tication failed.Register the license.	valid.		Mirror recovery is required.
not performed first mirror con- struction.struction is not done for resources.quired.mdopen failed. Cannot lock the mirror disk.mdopen failed to lock the mirror disk.Check if the memory is sufficient and/or OS is stable.mdopen failed. The license is not registered.mdopen failed. The license is not registered.Register the license.mdopen failed. The trial version has expired.mdopen failed. The trial version has expired.Register the license.mdopen failed. The license au- thentication failed.mdopen failed. The license authen- tication failed.Register the license.	not initialized.	-	the disk is recognized by OS and the cluster configuration data is
mirror disk.disk.and/or OS is stable.mdopen failed. The license is not registered.mdopen failed. The license is not registered.Register the license.mdopen failed. The trial version has expired.mdopen failed. The trial version has 	not performed first mirror con-		Initial mirror construction is re- quired.
registered.registered.mdopen failed. The trial version has expired.mdopen failed. The trial version has expired.Register the license.mdopen failed. The license au- thentication failed.mdopen failed. The license authen- 	mirror disk.	disk.	
has expired.expired.mdopen failed. The license au- thentication failed.mdopen failed. The license authen- tication failed.Register the license.	registered.	registered.	_
thentication failed. tication failed.	has expired.	expired.	_
mdopen tailed. Cannot find the mdopen failed. The history folder Check if the cluster configuration	thentication failed.	tication failed.	_
history folder. cannot be found. data is correct.			Check if the cluster configuration data is correct.

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Table4.6 – continued from previous page			
Message	Description	Solution	
mdopen failed. The mirror con- nect is not initialized.	mdopen failed. The mirror connect is not initialized.	Check the connection status of the mirror connect. Check if the cluster configuration data is correct.	
mdopen failed. Cannot find the partition specified for the cluster partition.	mdopen failed. The partition spec- ified for the cluster partition cannot be found.	Check if the partition is allocated and the disk is recognized by OS.	
mdopen failed. Cannot find the partition specified for the data partition.	mdopen failed. The partition speci- fied for the data partition cannot be found.	Check if the partition is allocated and the disk is recognized by OS.	
mdopen failed. Cannot change the drive letter for the cluster par- tition.	mdopen failed. The drive letter for the cluster partition could not be changed.	Check the specification of the drive letter of the cluster configuration data. Make sure that the drive letter is not used by any other partitions.	
mdopen failed. Cannot change the drive letter for the data parti- tion.	mdopen failed. The drive letter for the data partition could not be changed.	Check the specification of the drive letter of the cluster configuration data. Make sure that the drive letter is not used by any other partitions.	
mdopen failed. The server name is invalid. mdopen has received an invalid	mdopen failed. The server name is invalid. mdopen received an invalid parame-	Check if the cluster configuration data is correct. Specify a valid input parameter.	
parameter.	ter.		
mdopen failed in the internal pro- cesses(%2). The error code is %3.	mdopen failed in the internal pro- cessing.	Check if the memory is sufficient and/or OS is stable.	
mdopen succeeded. The mirror disk resource is %2.	mdopen succeeded.	-	
mdclose failed. An internal error occurred.	mdclose failed. An internal error oc- curred.	Check if the memory is sufficient and/or OS is stable.	
mdclose failed. The resource is busy.	mdclose failed. The resource is busy.	Retry it later.	
mdclose failed. A network error occurred.	mdclose failed. A network error oc- curred.	Check the connection status of the interconnect.	
mdclose failed. Cannot establish the mirror disk connection.	mdclose failed to establish the mir- ror disk connection.	Check if the cluster configuration data is correct.	
mdclose failed. The resource name is invalid.	mdclose failed. The resource name is invalid.	Check if the cluster configuration data is correct.	
mdclose failed. The status is invalid.	mdclose failed. The status is invalid.	Mirror recovery is required.	
mdclose failed. The resource is not initialized.	mdclose failed. The resource is not initialized.	Check if the partition is allocated, if the disk is identified by OS and if the cluster configuration data is cor- rect.	
mdclose failed. The resource has not performed initial mirror construction.	mdclose failed. The initial mirror construction has not been done for the resource.	Initial mirror construction is re- quired.	
mdclose failed. Cannot lock the mirror disk.	mdclose failed to lock the mirror disk.	Check if the memory is sufficient and/or OS is stable.	
mdclose failed. The license is not registered.	mdclose failed. The license is not registered.	Register the license.	

Table 4.6 – continued from previous page

	ble 4.6 – continued from previous pa	•
Message	Description	Solution
mdclose failed. The trial version	mdclose failed. The trial version has	Register the license.
has expired.	expired.	
mdclose failed. The license au-	mdclose failed. The license authen-	Register the license.
thentication failed.	tication failed.	
mdclose failed. Cannot find the	mdclose failed to find the history	Check if the cluster configuration
history folder.	folder.	data is correct.
mdclose failed. The mirror con-	mdclose failed. The mirror connect	Check the connection status of the
nect is not initialized.	is not initialized.	mirror connect. Check if the cluster
neer is not initialized.	is not initialized.	configuration data is correct.
mdclose failed. Cannot find the	mdalage failed to find the partition	
	mdclose failed to find the partition	Check if the partition is allocated
partition specified for the cluster	specified for the cluster partition.	and if the disk is identified by OS.
partition.		
mdclose failed. Cannot find the	mdclose failed to find the partition	Check if the partition is allocated
partition specified for the data	specified for the data partition.	and if the disk is identified by OS.
partition.		
mdclose has received an invalid	mdclose received an invalid param-	Specify a valid input parameter.
parameter.	eter.	
mdclose failed in the internal pro-	mdclose failed in the internal pro-	Check if the memory is sufficient
cesses(%2). The error code is	cessing.	and OS is stable.
%3.	8.	
mdclose succeeded. The mirror	mdclose succeeded.	_
disk resource is %2.	inderose succeded.	
sdopen succeeded. (%2)	sdopen succeeded	
	sdopen succeeded.	- Chaolaif the management of the state
sdopen failed. Internal error oc-	sdopen failed. Internal error oc-	Check if the memory and/or the re-
curred. (%1)	curred.	source of OS are sufficient.
sdopen failed. Failed to load	sdopen failed to load cluster config-	Check if the cluster configuration
cluster configuration data. (%1)	uration data.	data exists in the place it should be.
sdopen failed. Failed to unload	sdopen failed to unload cluster con-	Check if the cluster configuration
cluster configuration data. (%1)	figuration data.	data exists in the place it should be.
sdopen failed. Failed to get clus-	sdopen failed to acquire the cluster	Check if the cluster configuration
ter configuration data. (%1)	configuration data.	data is correct.
sdopen failed. Failed to allocate	sdopen failed to allocate memory.	Check if the memory and/or the re-
memory. (%1)		source of OS are sufficient.
sdopen failed. Failed to activate	sdopen failed to activate resource.	Check if the setting of HBA is cor-
resource. (%1)		rect. The partition may be being
		used. Check it.
sdopen failed. Failed to create	sdopen failed to create thread.	Check if the memory and/or the re-
thread. (%1)		source of OS are sufficient.
	adopan foiled Times and a survey 1	
sdopen failed. Timeout occurred	sdopen failed. Timeout occurred on	Check if the memory and/or the re-
on thread. (%1)	thread.	source of OS are sufficient.
sdopen failed. Failed to dis-	sdopen failed to dismount the parti-	The partition may be being used.
mount the partition specified by	tion specified by the resource.	Check it.
the resource. (%1)		
sdopen failed. Failed to lock		The partition may be being used.
•	sdopen failed to lock the partition	
the partition specified by the re-	specified by the resource	Check it.
•		
the partition specified by the re-		
the partition specified by the re- source. (%1) sdopen failed. Server does	specified by the resource sdopen failed. The server does not	Check it. Check if the server exists in the clus-
the partition specified by the re- source. (%1)	specified by the resource	Check it.

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Table 4.6 – continued from previous page			
Message	Description	Solution	
sdopen failed. Resource does	sdopen failed. The resource does	Check if the resource exists in the	
not exist in cluster configuration	not exist in cluster configuration	cluster configuration data.	
data. (%1)	data.		
sdopen failed. Cannot find the	sdopen failed to find the specified	Check if the specified partition is	
specified partition. (%1)	partition.	recognized by OS.	
sdopen failed. Cannot change	sdopen failed to change the drive	Check if the specified drive letter is	
the drive letter. (%1)	letter.	not used in other partitions.	
sdclose succeeded. (%2)	sdclose succeeded.	-	
sdclose failed. Internal error oc-	sdclose failed. Internal error oc-	Check if the memory and/or the re-	
curred. (%1)	curred.	source of OS are sufficient.	
sdclose failed. Failed to load	sdclose failed to load cluster config-	Check if the cluster configuration	
cluster configuration data. (%1)	uration data.	data exists in the place it should be.	
sdclose failed. Failed to unload	sdclose failed to unload cluster con-	Check if the cluster configuration	
cluster configuration data. (%1)	figuration data.	data exists in the place it should be.	
sdclose failed. Failed to get clus-	sdclose failed to acquire the cluster	Check if the cluster configuration	
ter configuration data. (%1)	configuration data.	data is correct.	
sdclose failed. Failed to allocate	sdclose failed to allocate memory.	Check if the memory and/or the re-	
memory. (%1)		source of OS are sufficient.	
sdclose failed. Failed to deacti-	sdclose failed to deactivate resource.	Check if the setting of HBA is cor-	
vate resource. (%1)		rect.	
sdclose failed. Failed to create	sdclose failed to create thread.	Check if the memory and/or the re-	
thread. (%1)		source of OS are sufficient.	
sdclose failed. Timeout occurred	sdclose failed. Timeout occurred on	Check if the memory and/or the re-	
on thread. (%1)	thread.	source of OS are sufficient.	
sdclose failed. Failed to dis-	sdclose failed to dismount the parti-	The partition may be being used.	
mount the partition specified by	tion specified by the resource.	Check it.	
the resource. (%1)			
sdclose failed. Failed to lock	sdclose failed to lock the partition	The partition may be being used.	
the partition specified by the re-	specified by the resource.	Check it.	
source. (%1)			
sdclose failed. Server does	sdclose failed. Server does not exist	Check if the server exists in the clus-	
not exist in cluster configuration	in cluster configuration data.	ter configuration.	
data. (%1))			
sdclose failed. Resource does	sdclose failed. The resource does	Check if the resource exists in the	
not exist in cluster configuration	not exist in cluster configuration	cluster configuration.	
data. (%1)	data.		
sdclose failed. Cannot find the	sdclose failed to find the specified	Check if the specified partition is	
specified partition. (%1)	partition.	recognized by OS.	

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CHAPTER

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CHAPTER

SIX

REVISION HISTORY

Edition	Revised Date	Description
1st	Apr 10, 2019	New manual
2nd	Apr 09, 2021	Corrected the appearance.
3rd	Oct 15, 2021	Corrected typographical errors.

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